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Daily and weekly indicators for the US economy

Torsten Slok, Rajvi Shah, and Shruti Galwankar tslok@apollo.com

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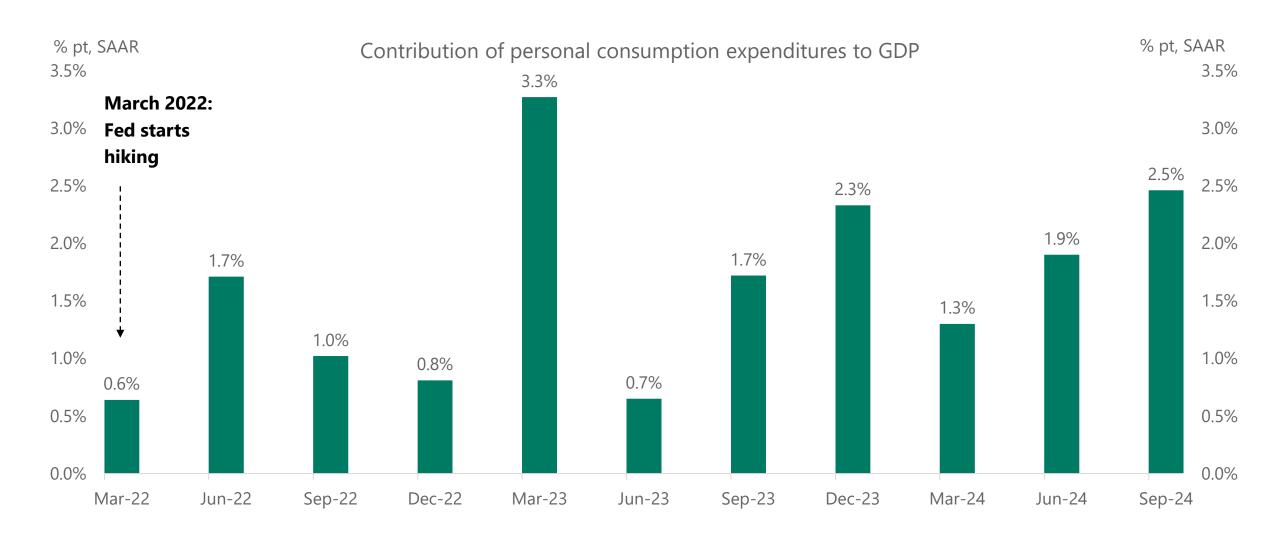
Overview

The Fed started raising interest rates in March 2022: What happened to long and variable lags?

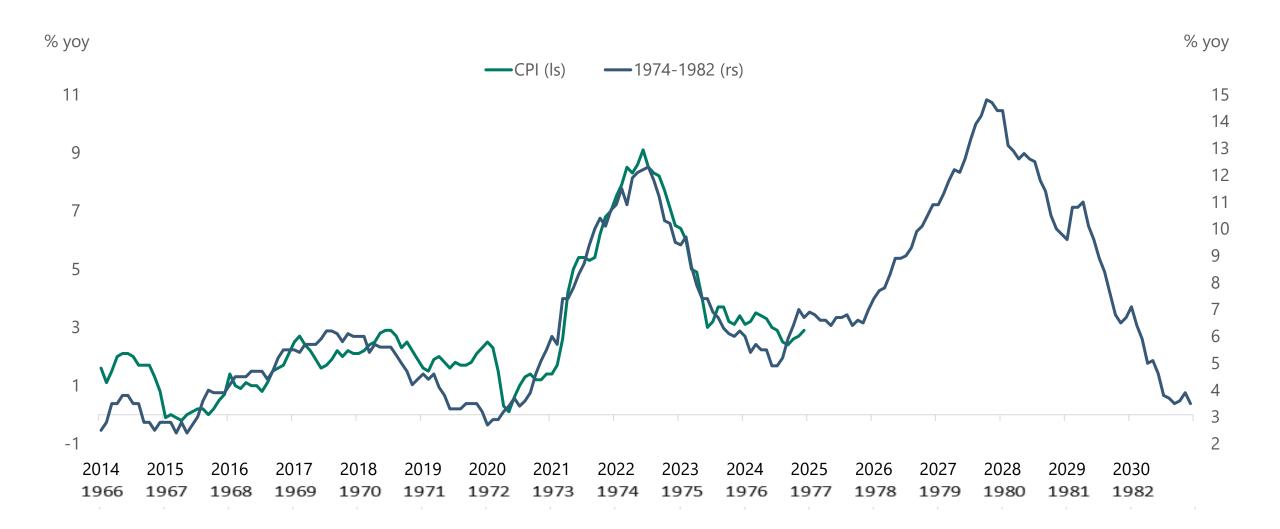


Source: BEA, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

Fed hikes have not slowed down the US consumer

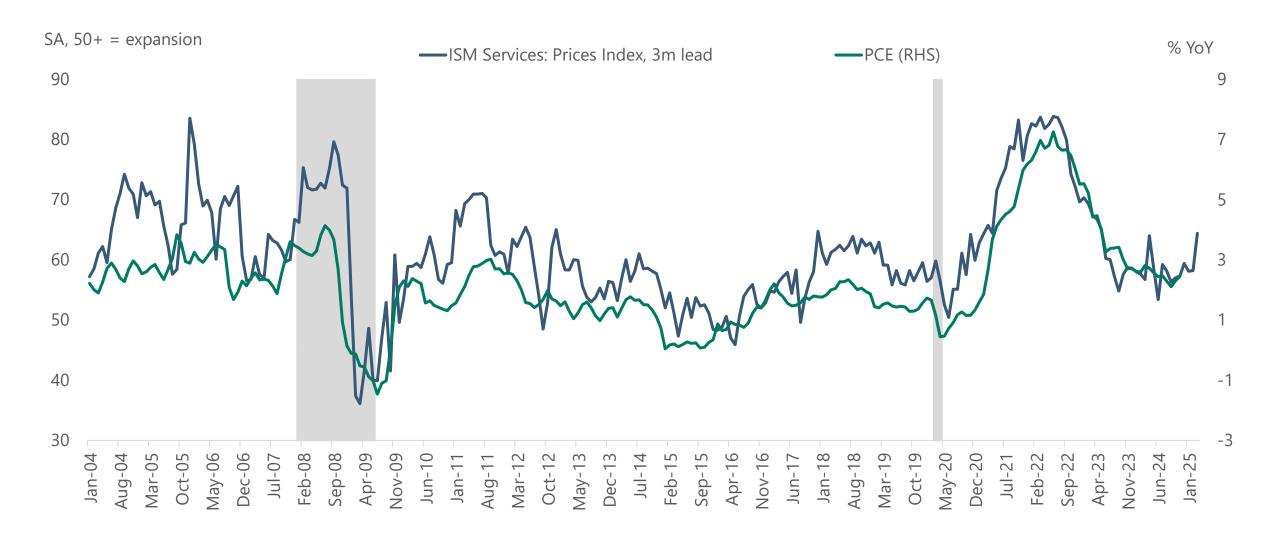


Is inflation coming back?

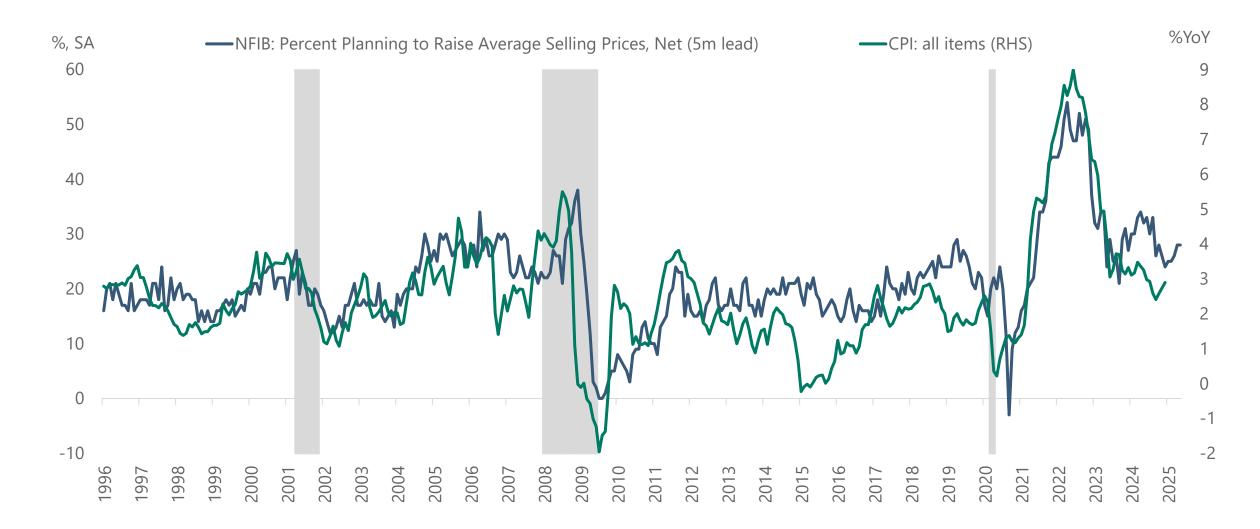


Source: BLS, Apollo Chief Economist

ISM Services Price Paid index is a leading indicator for PCE

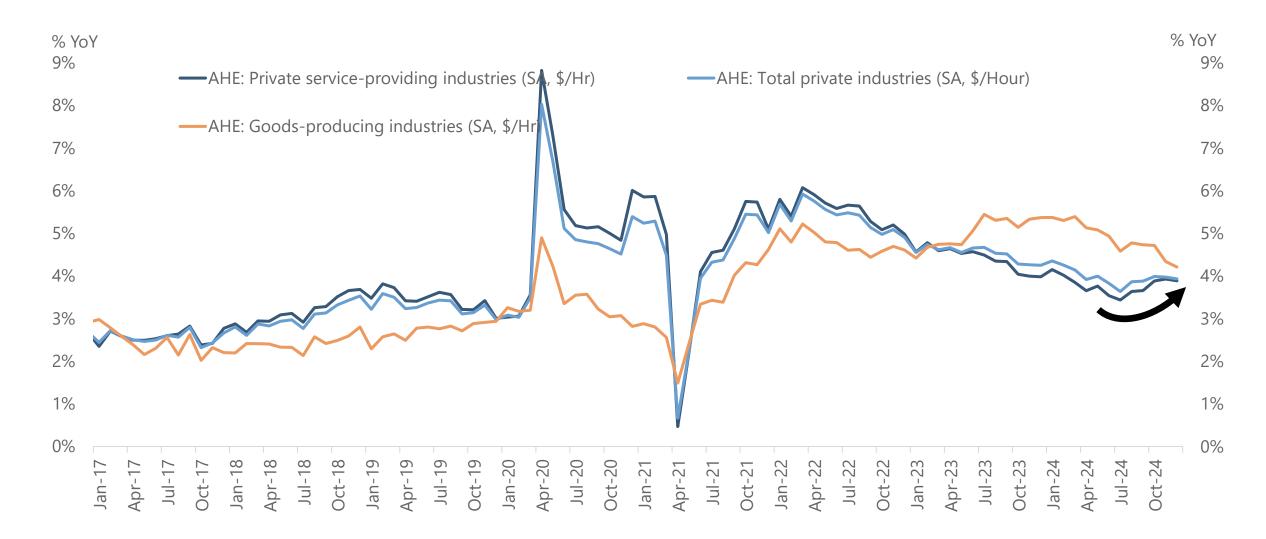


Upside risks to inflation



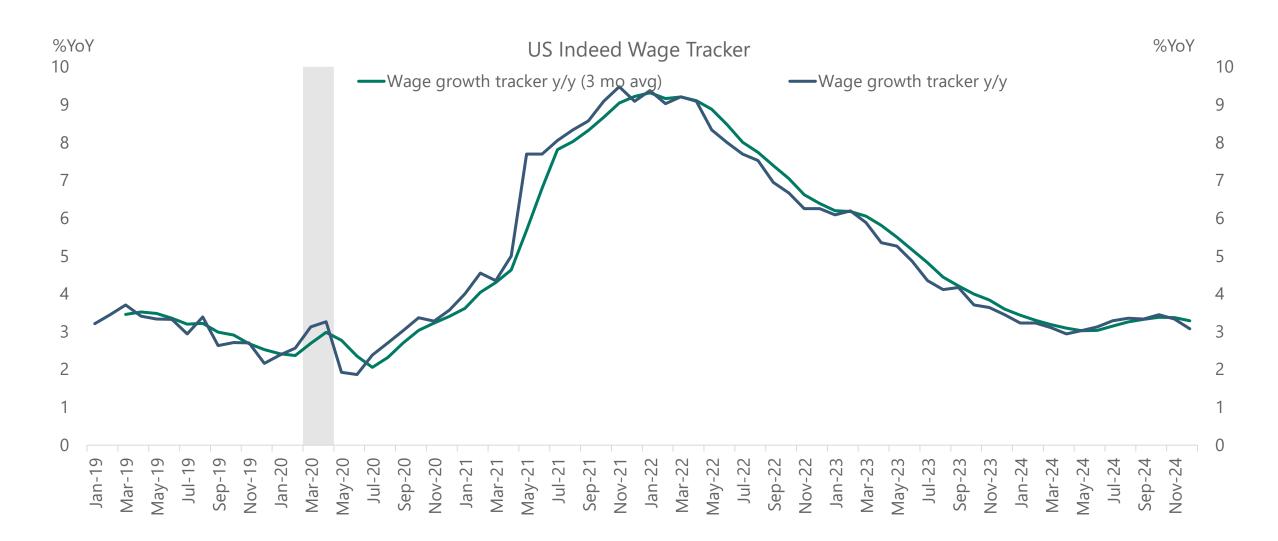
Source: NFIB, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

Is wage growth rebounding?



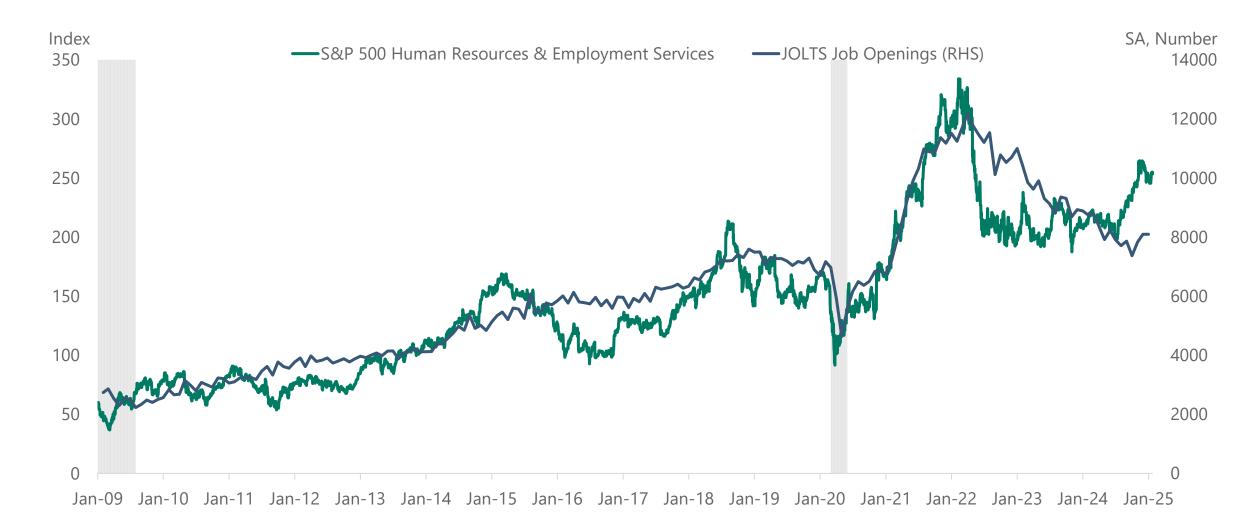
Source: BLS, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

Wage growth tracker rebounding?



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The stock price of staffing firms points to a rebound in job openings



Source: Bloomberg, BLS, Apollo Chief Economist

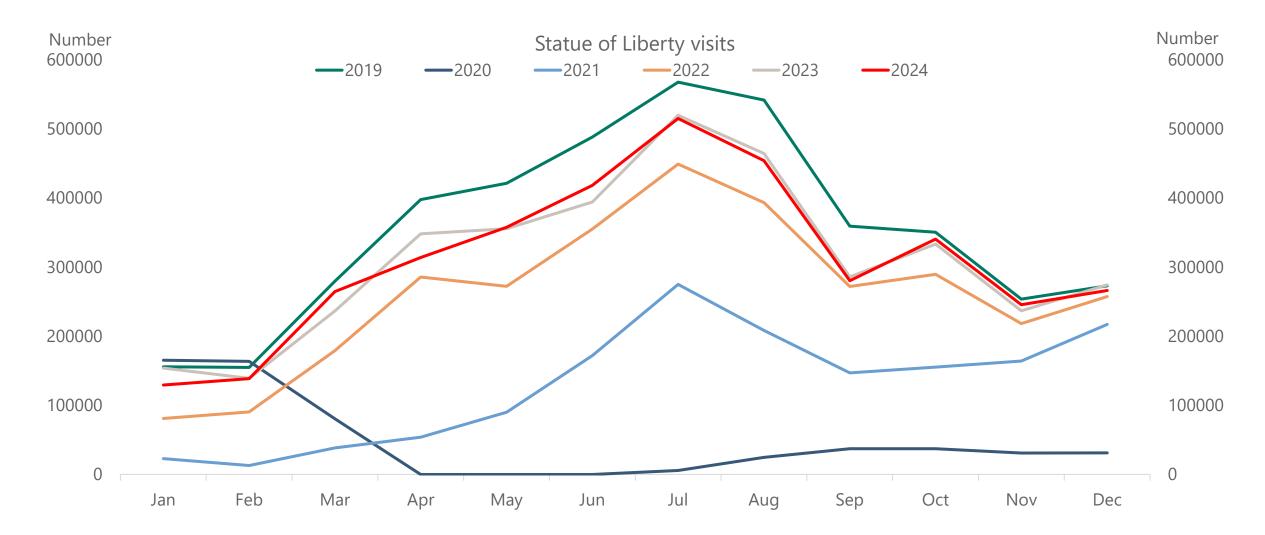
Consumer spending remains strong and broad-based

December retail sales by category (% MoM)

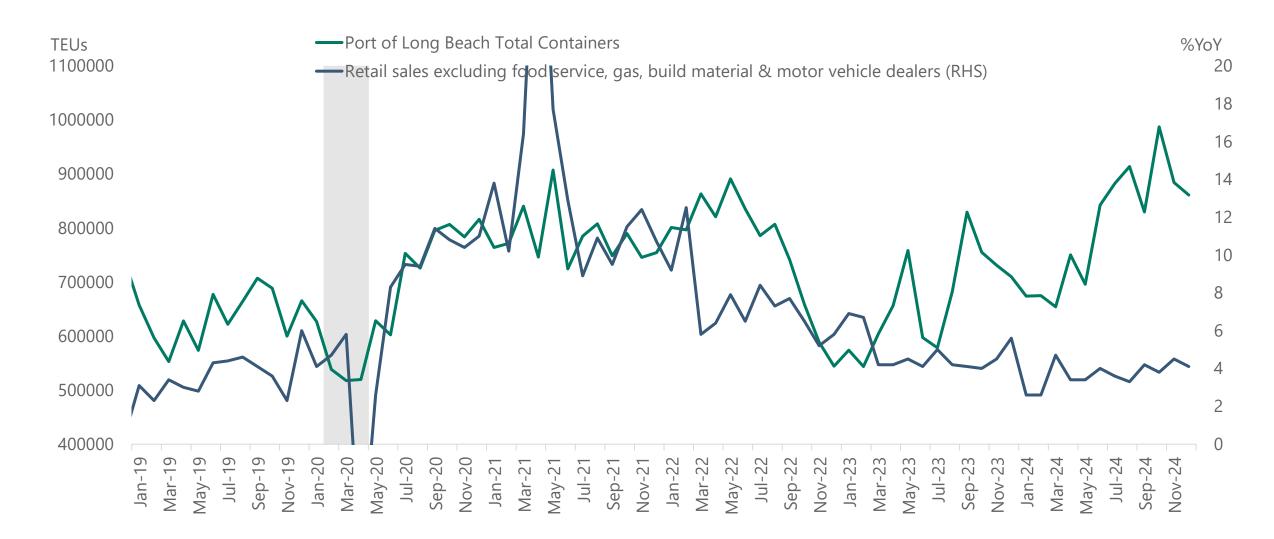


Source: Census Bureau, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

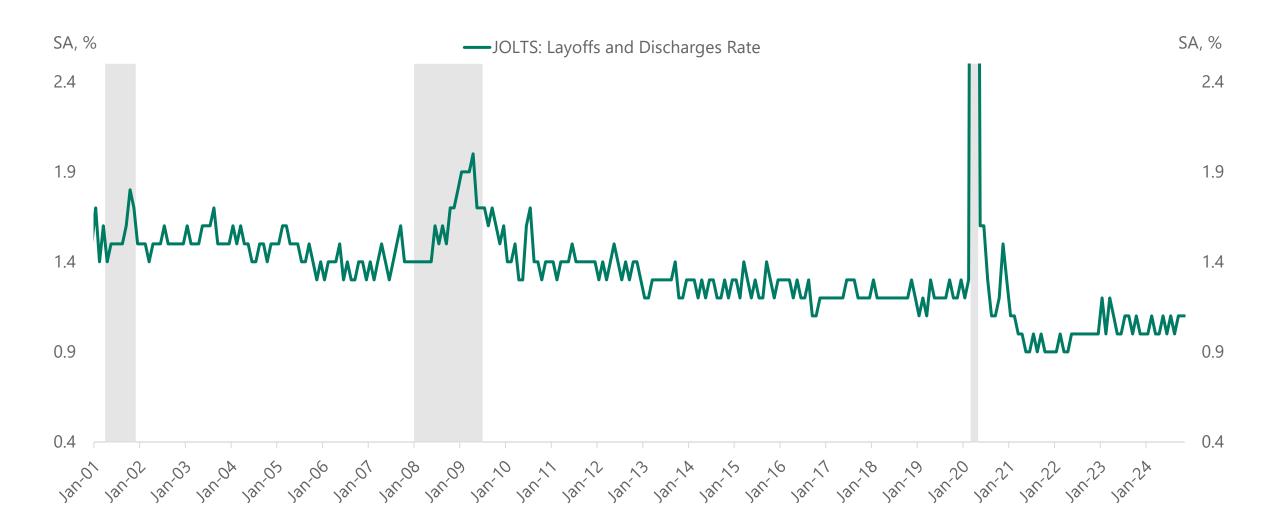
Visits to the Statue of Liberty continue at high levels, no signs of a slowdown



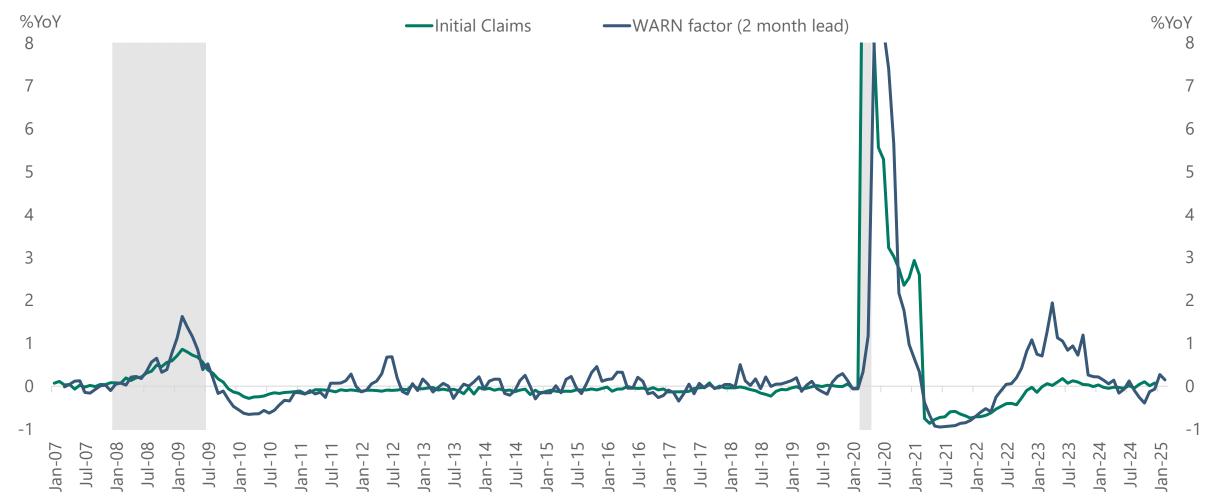
Total containers coming through LA high. Bodes well for retail sales



Very low levels of layoffs

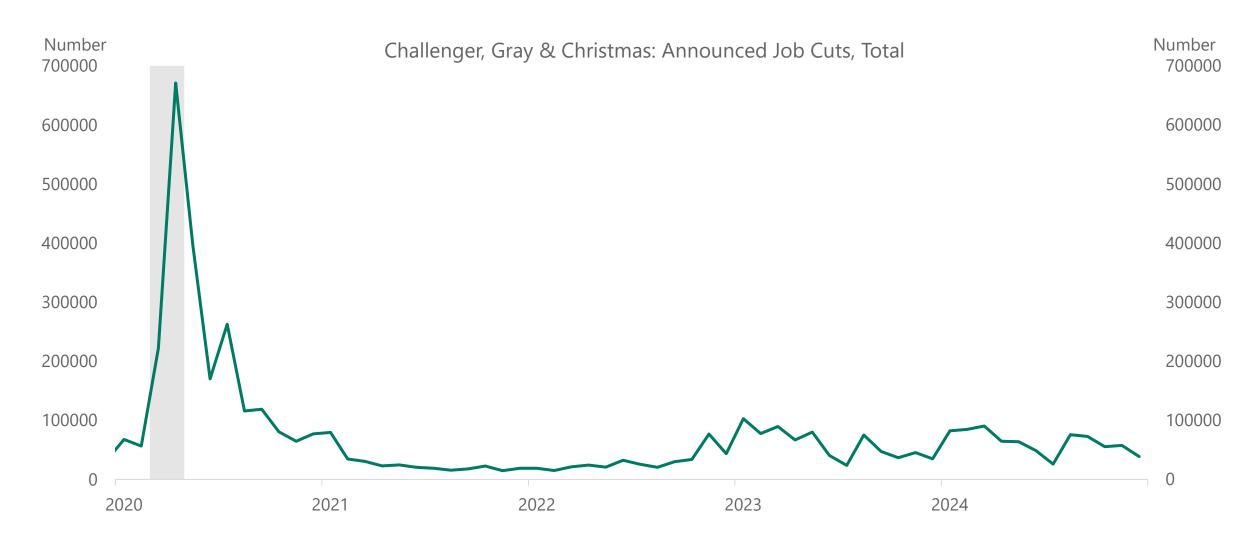


WARN data points to steady claims in coming months

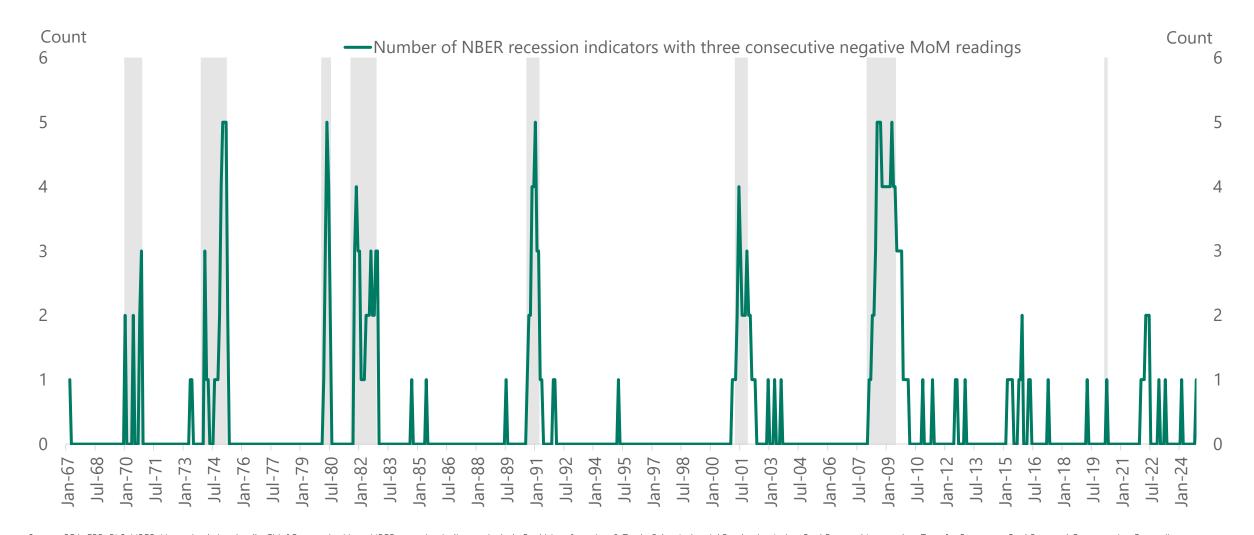


Note: The Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification (WARN) Act helps ensure 60 to 90 days advance notice in cases of qualified plant closings and mass layoffs. WARN factor is the Cleveland Fed estimate for WARN notices (https://www.clevelandfed.org/publications/working-paper/wp-2003r-advance-layoff-notices-and-aggregate-job-loss). Source: Department of Labor, Haver Analytics, Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland, Apollo Chief Economist

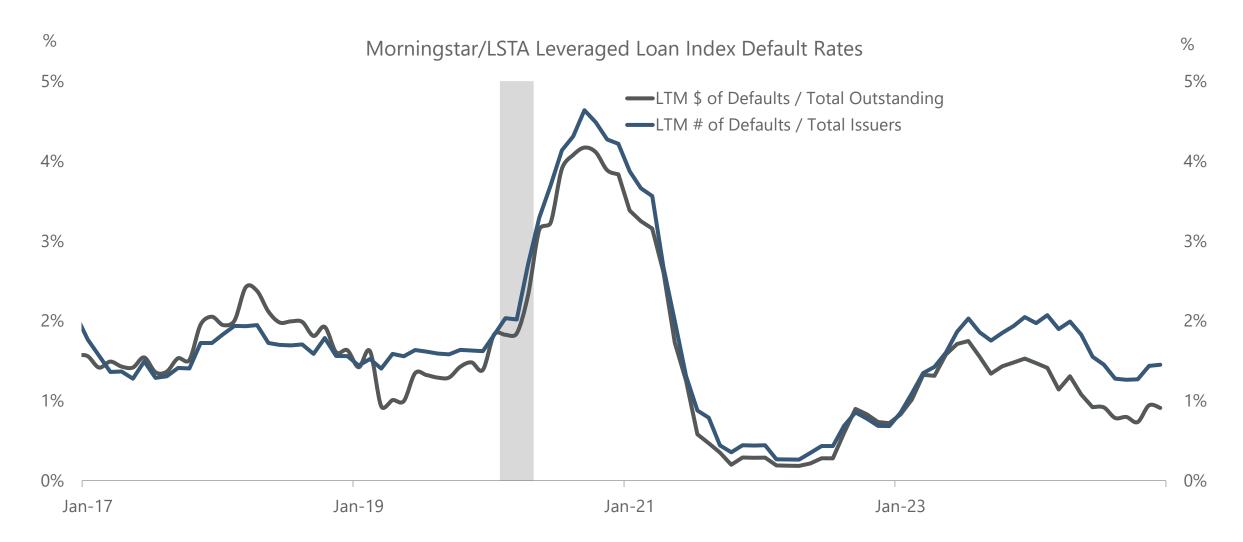
Announced job cuts remain low



NBER recession indicators show that the US economy is not in a recession

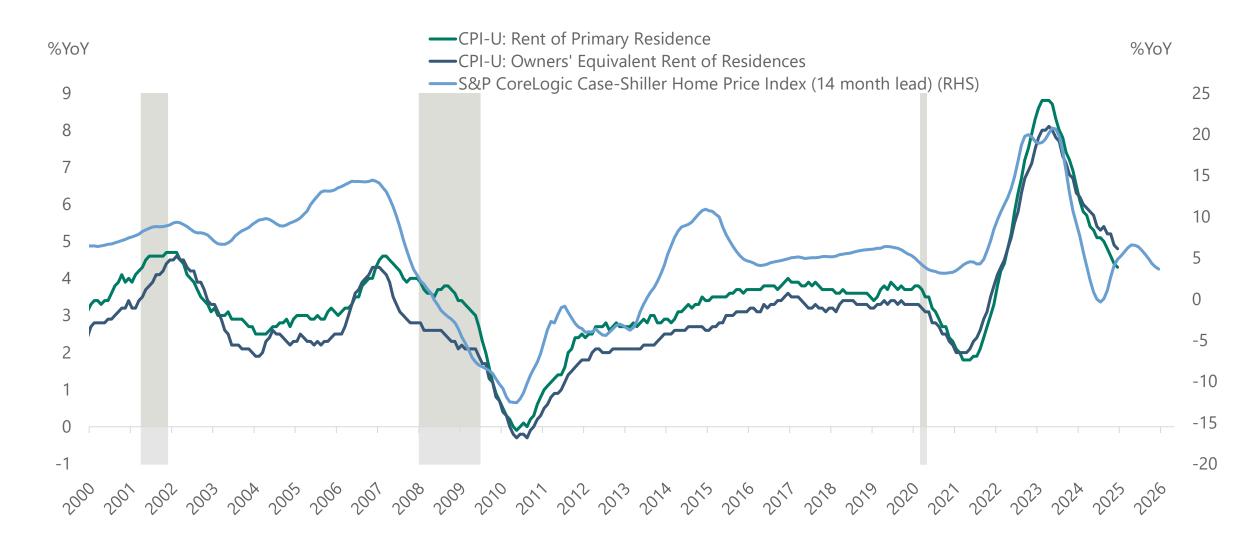


Default rates for loans



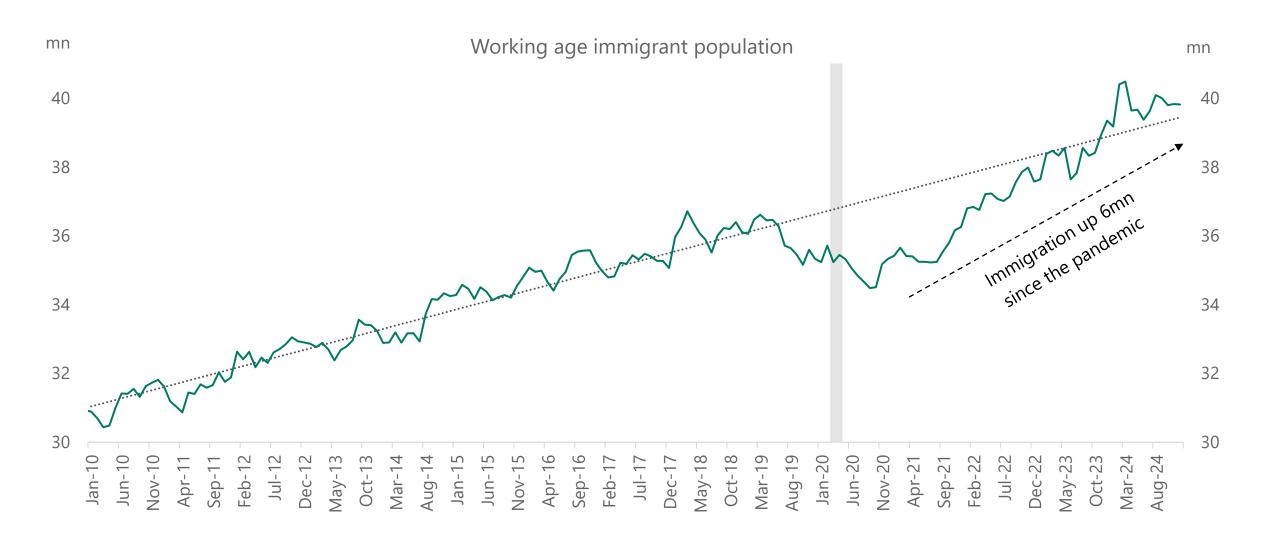
Source: PitchBook LCD, Apollo Chief Economist

Rebound coming in housing inflation?



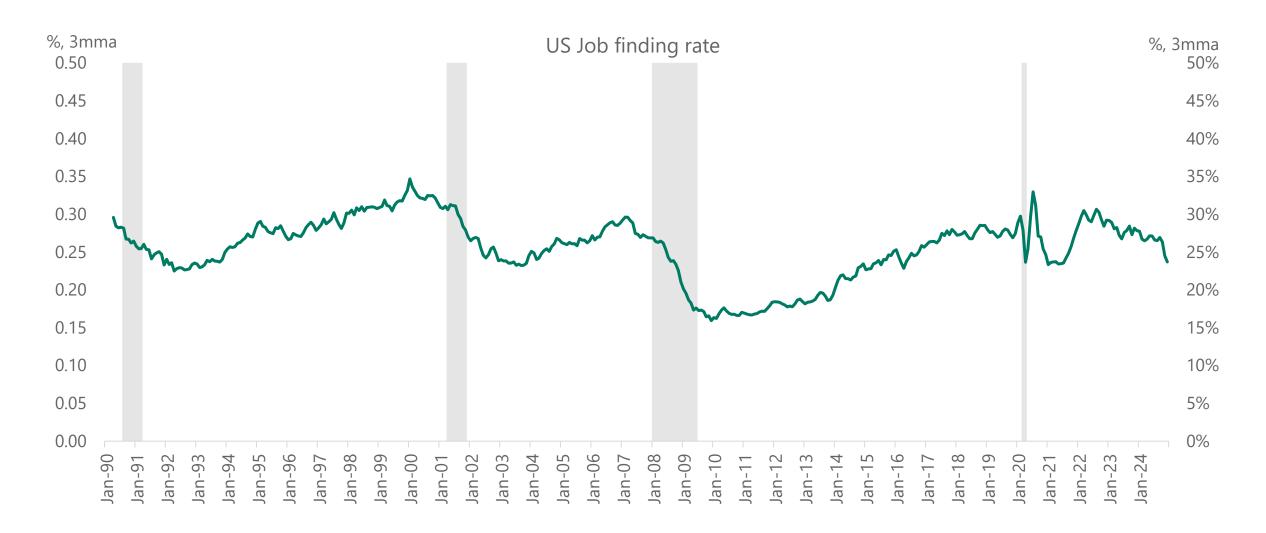
Source: Haver Analytics, BLS, S&P, Apollo Chief Economist

Immigration strong

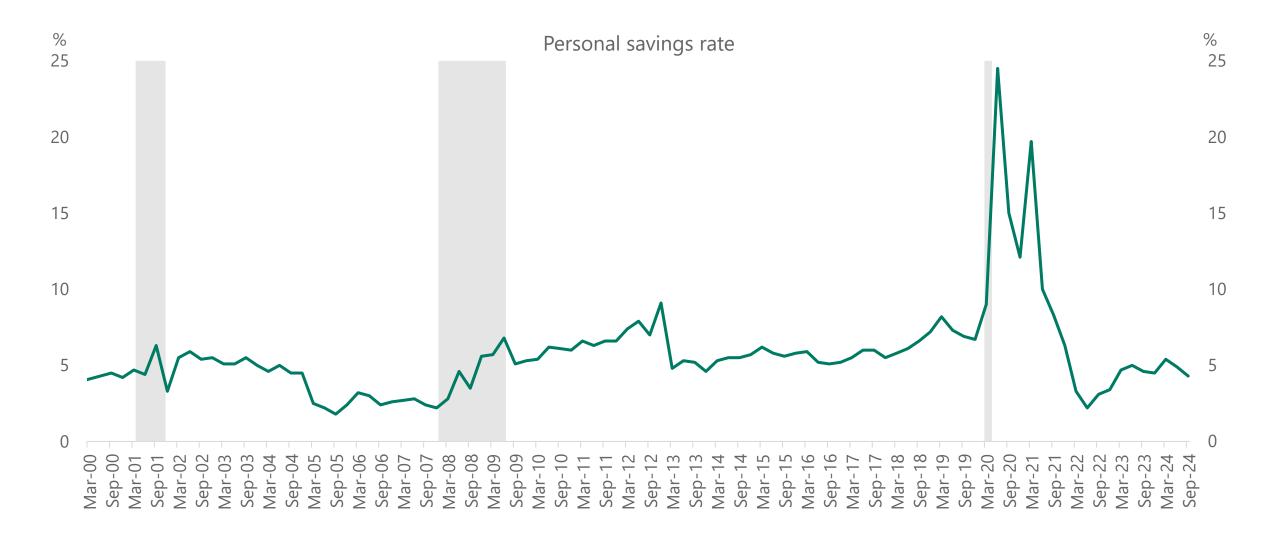


Source: BLS, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

Job finding rate still solid

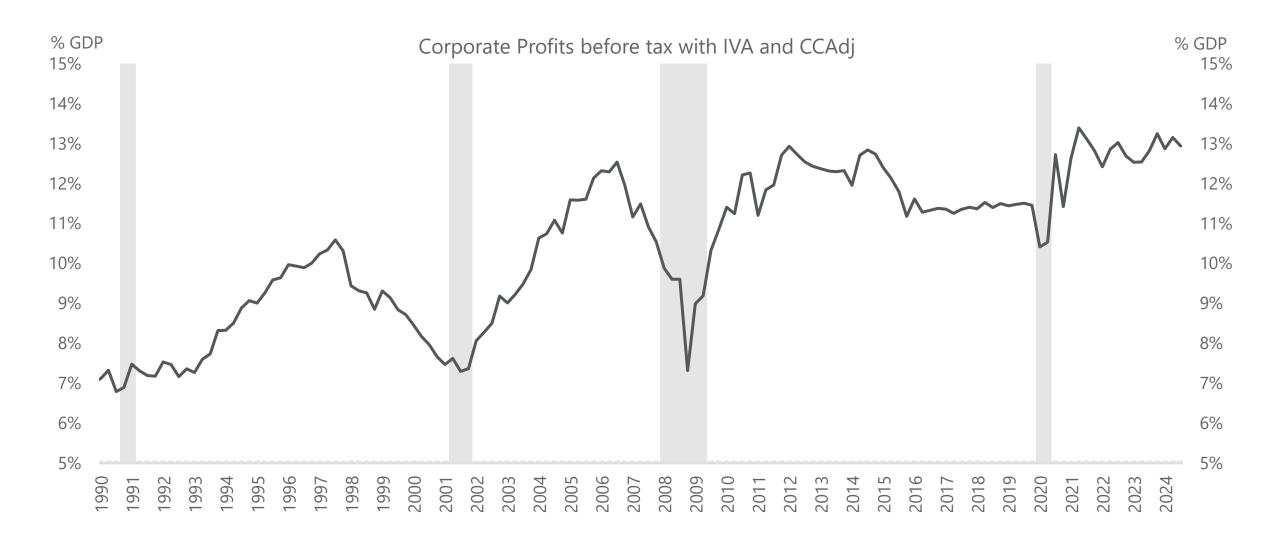


US consumers in good shape



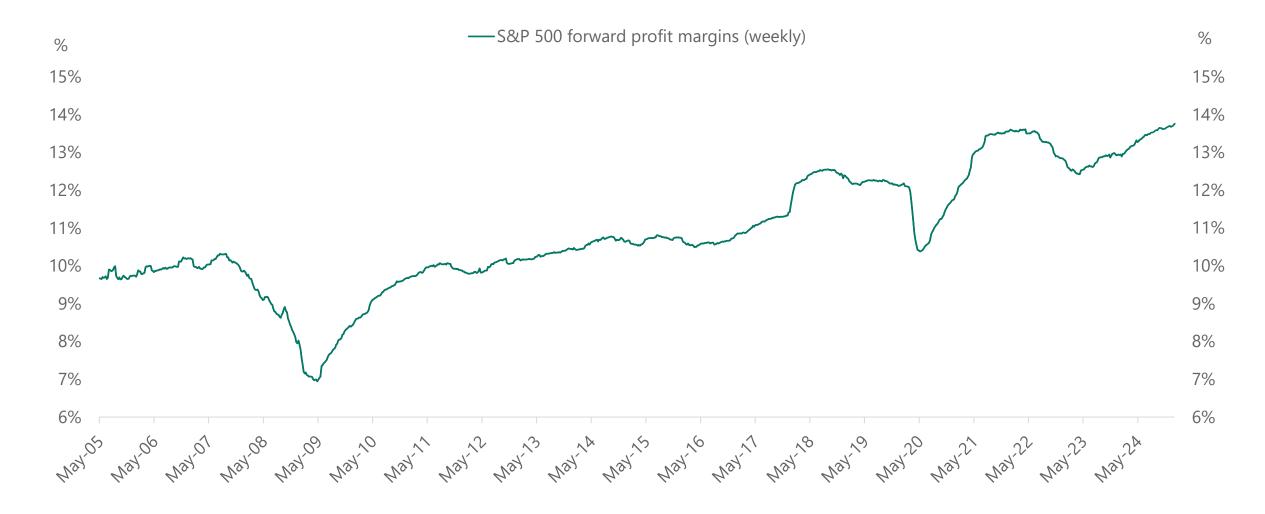
Source: BEA, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

Corporate profits near all-time highs as a share of GDP

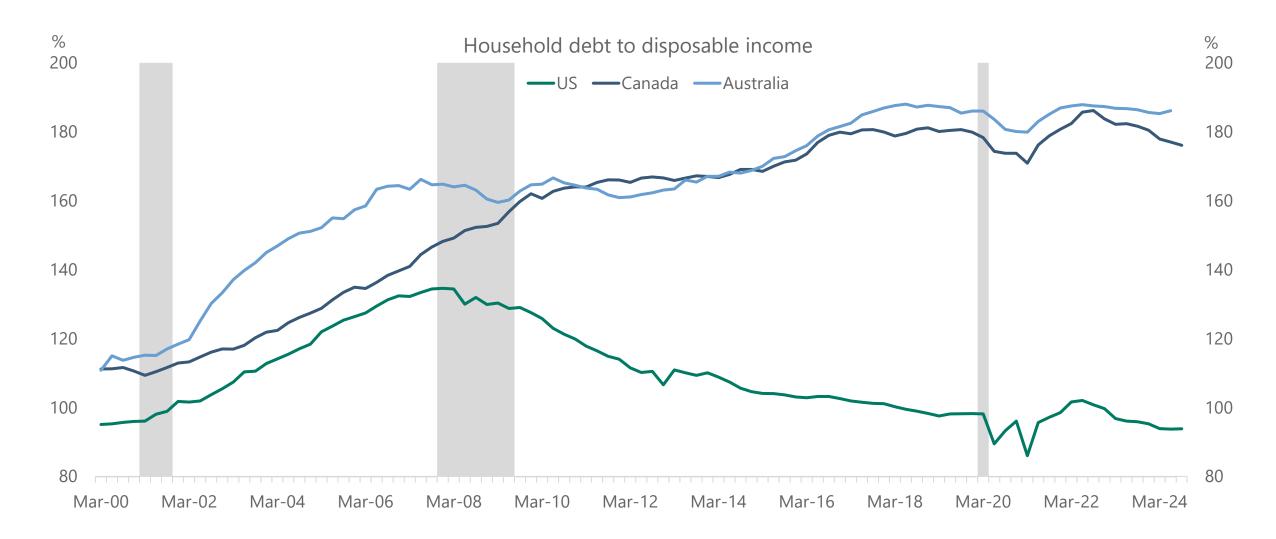


Source: BEA, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

S&P 500 weekly forward profit margins at record high levels



US household balance sheets are in excellent shape



Daily data

What are daily and weekly indicators telling us about the US economy?

Daily data:

Restaurant bookings: Strong

TSA air travel data: Strong

Daily debit card data: Solid

Weekly data:

Atlanta Fed GDPNow: 3.0% Credit and debit card data: Solid

Fed's weekly GDP index: 2.8% Gasoline demand: Strong

Retail sales: Strong

Broadway show attendance: Strong

Jobless claims: Solid Box office weekly grosses: Strong

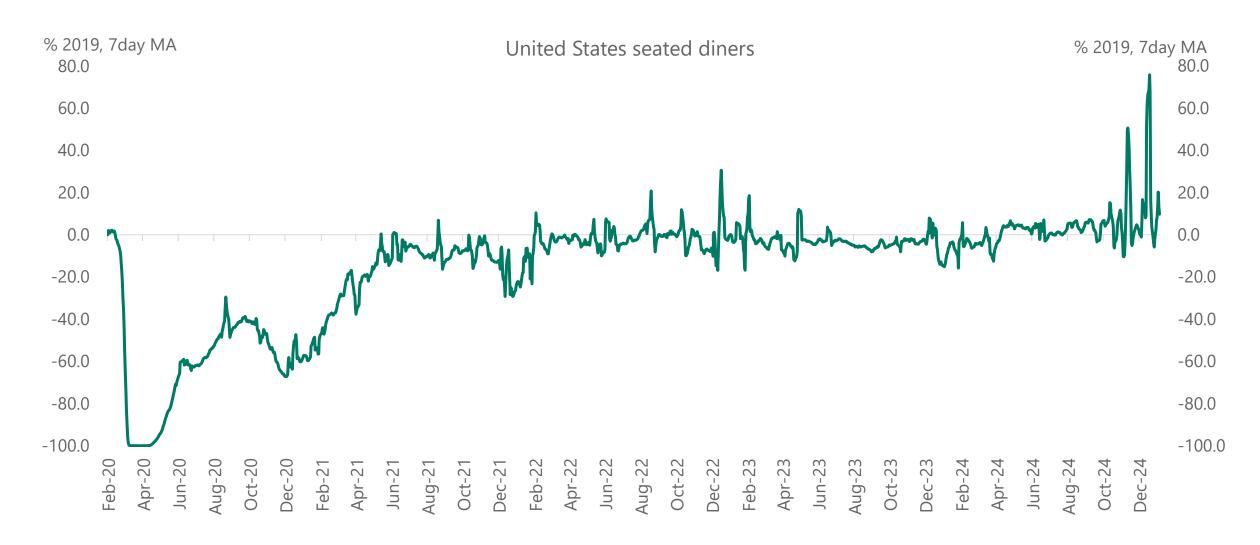
Hotel occupancy rate, daily rate, and RevPAR: Strong

S&P 500 forward profit margins: At record highs

Bank lending to firms and consumers: Sideways Business formation: Weak

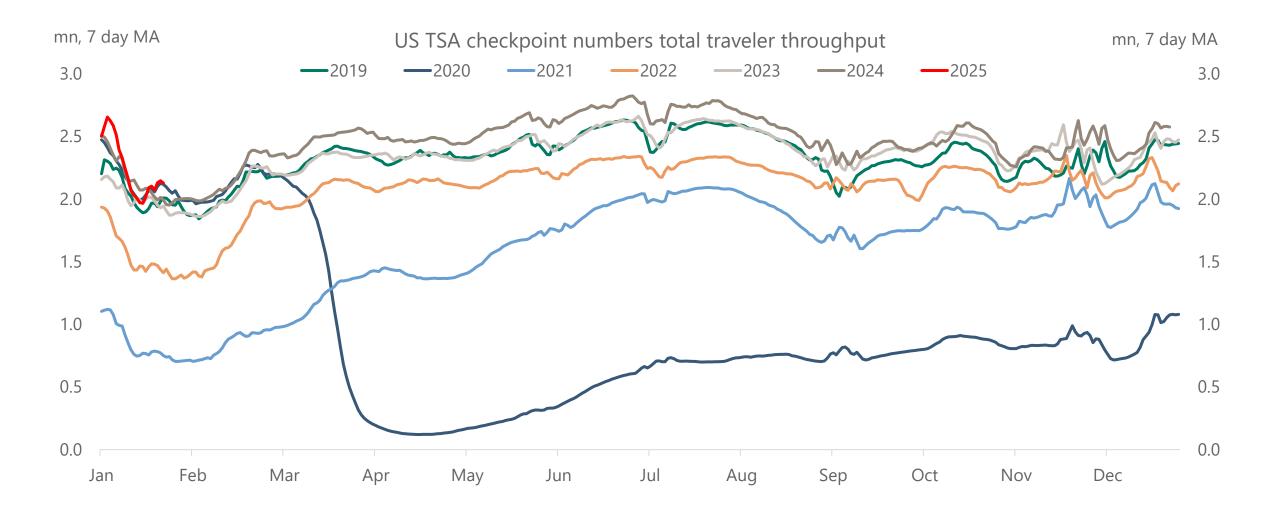
Bankruptcy filings: Sideways ASA temp worker staffing index: Weak

Daily data for restaurant bookings



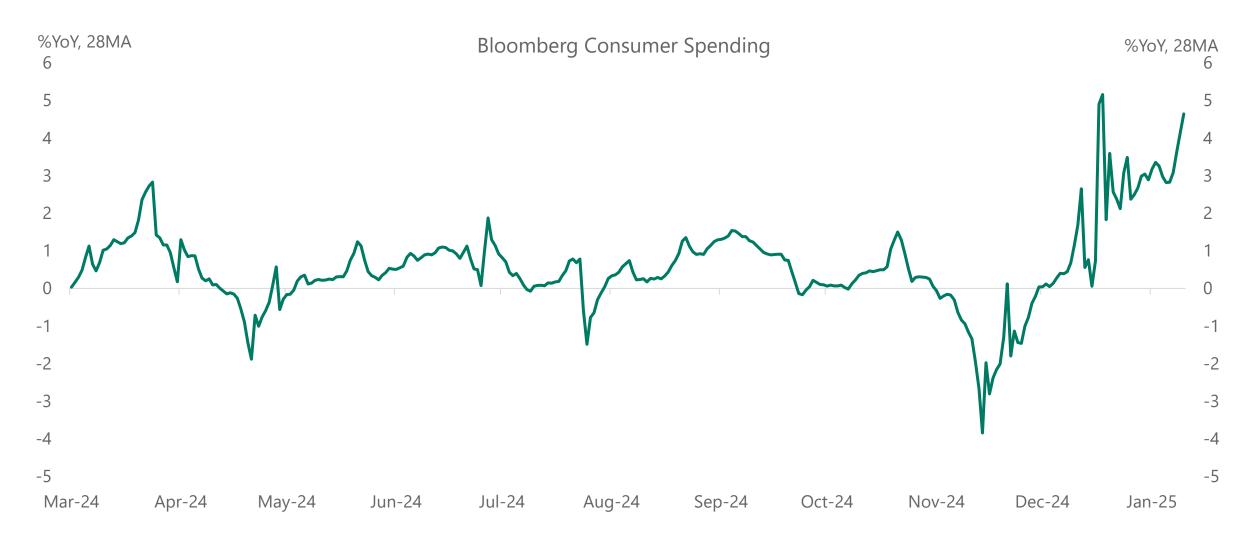
Source: OpenTable, Apollo Chief Economist

Daily data for US air travel

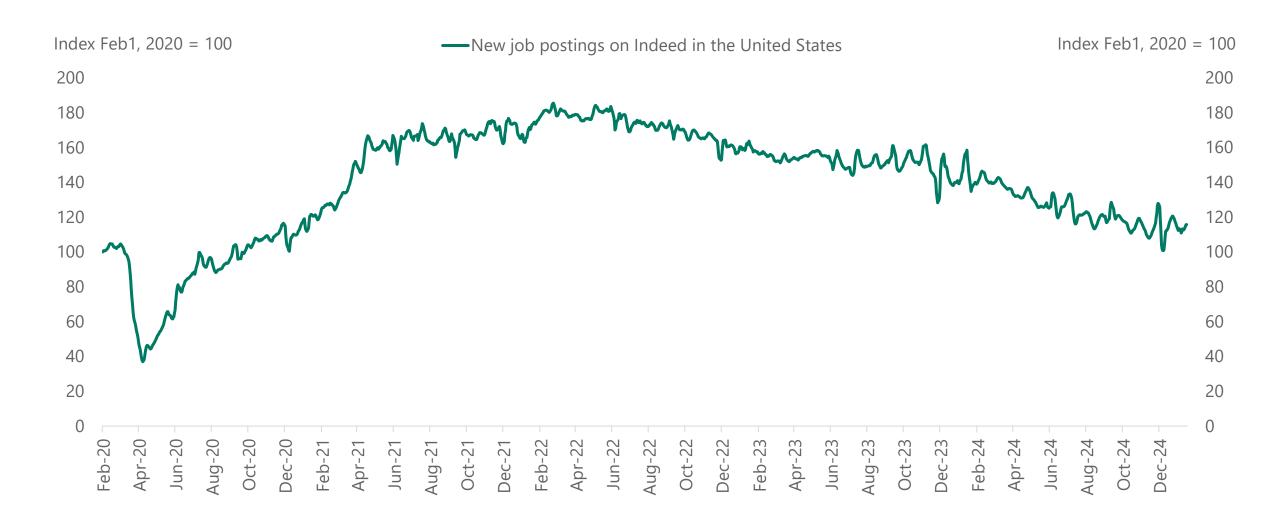


Source: TSA, Bloomberg, Apollo Chief Economist

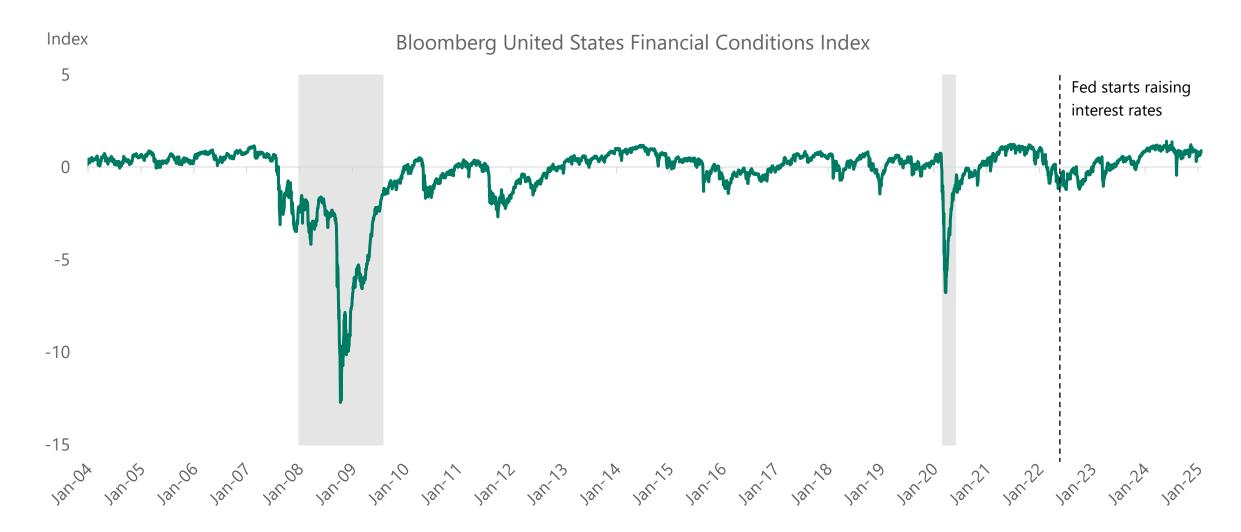
Daily data for debit card transactions



Daily jobs postings

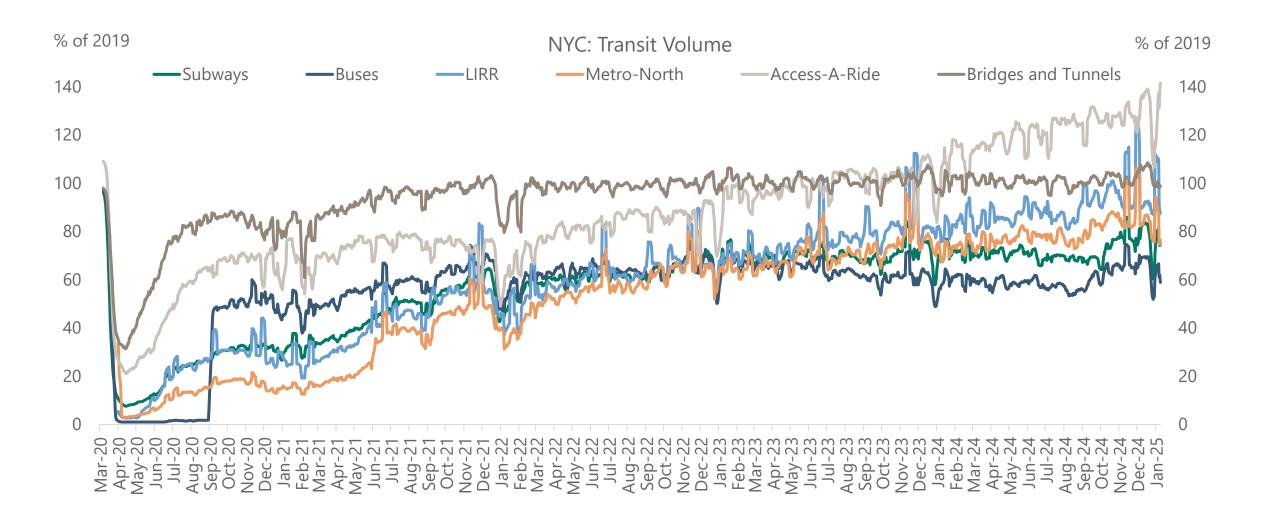


Financial conditions today are easier than when the Fed started raising interest rates



Source: Bloomberg, Apollo Chief Economist

Daily NYC mobility indicators

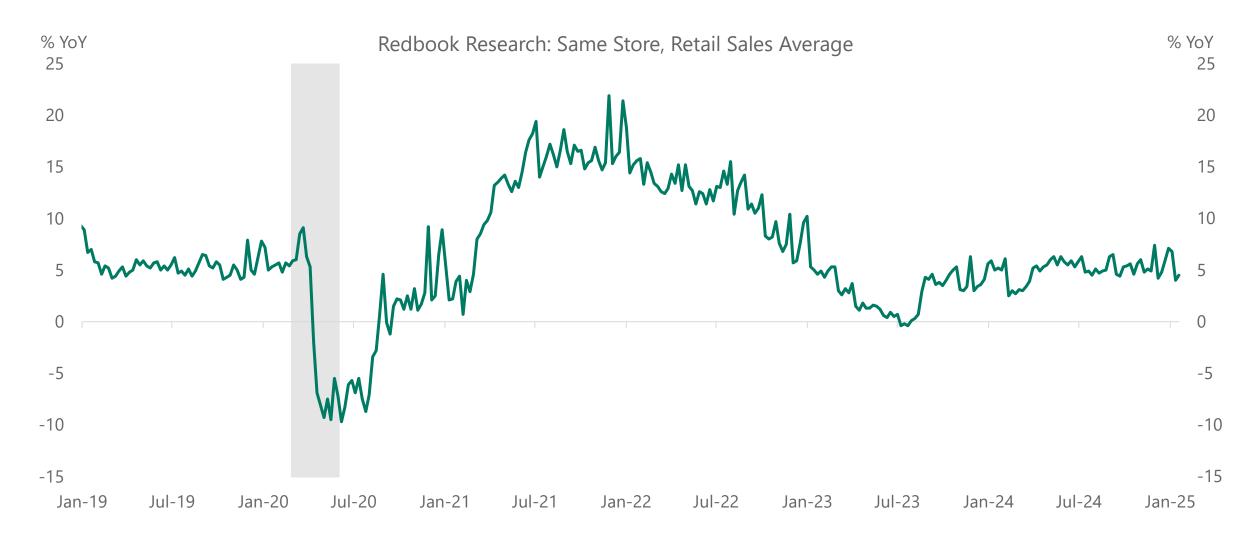


Source: MTA, Apollo Chief Economist

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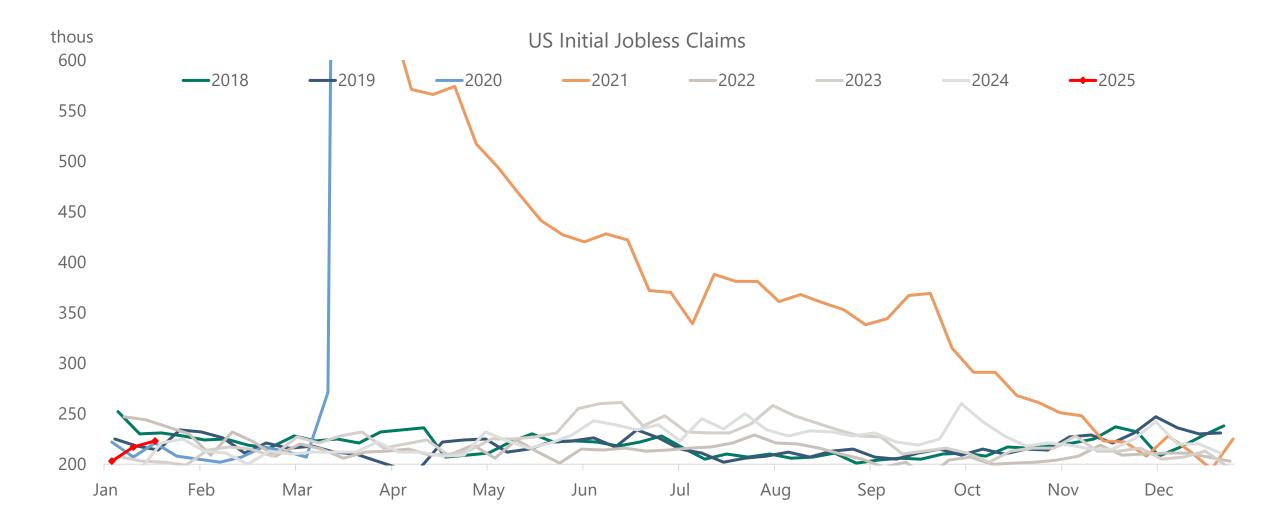
Weekly data

Weekly data for same-store retail sales

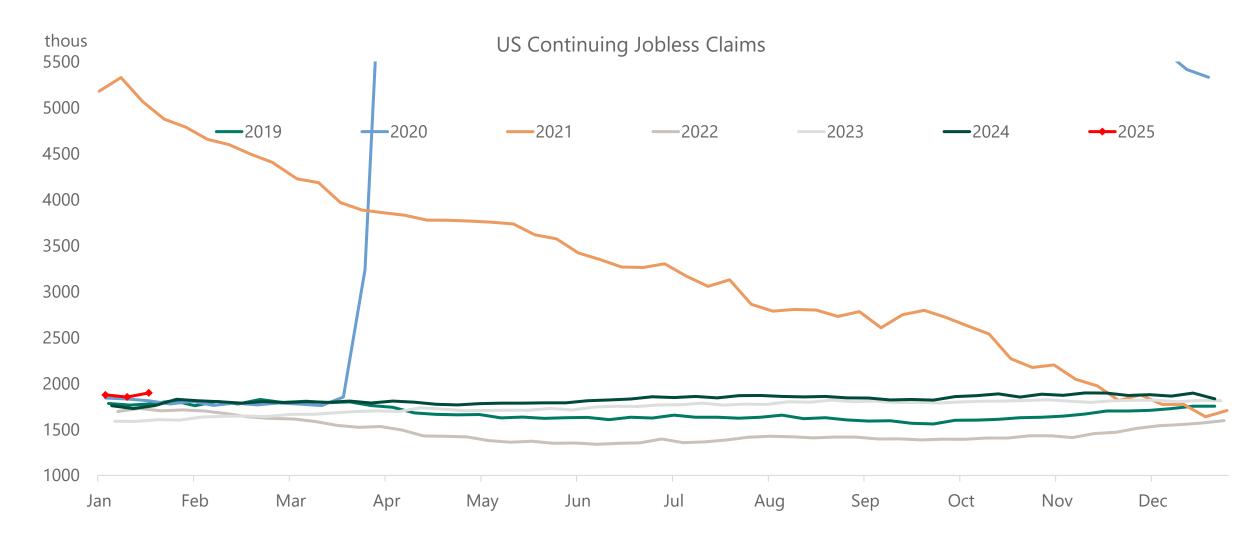


Source: Redbook, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

Weekly initial jobless claims

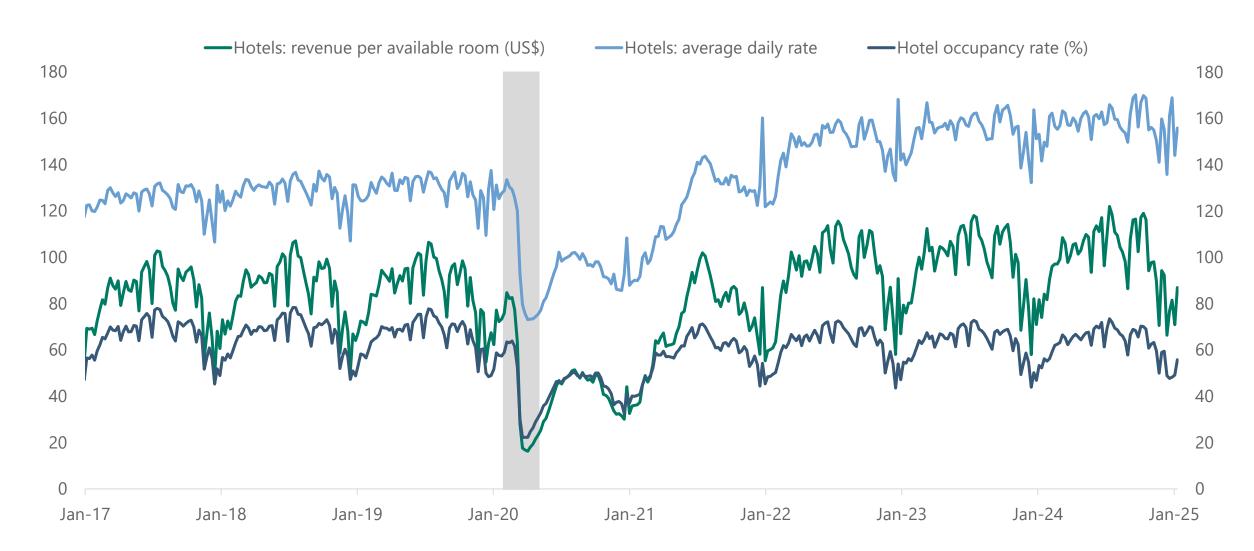


Weekly continuing jobless claims



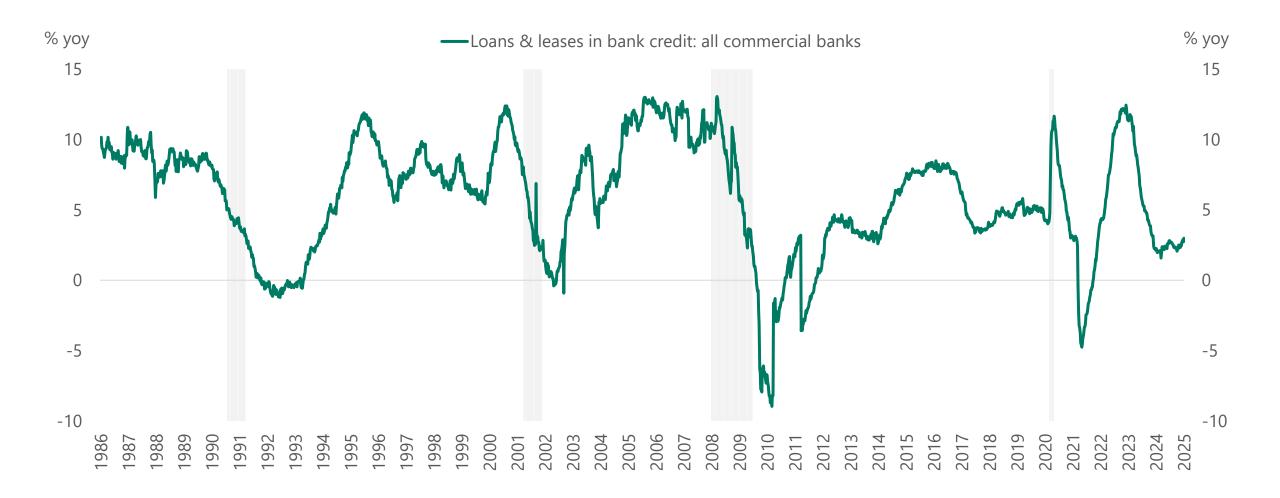
39

Weekly data for hotel demand



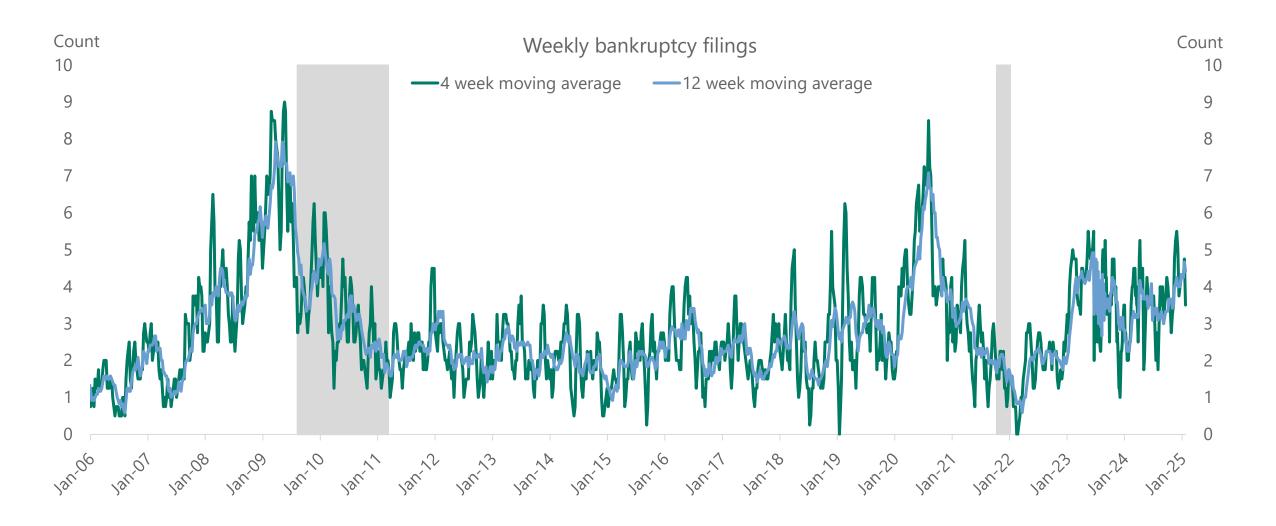
Source: STR, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

Weekly loan growth for banks

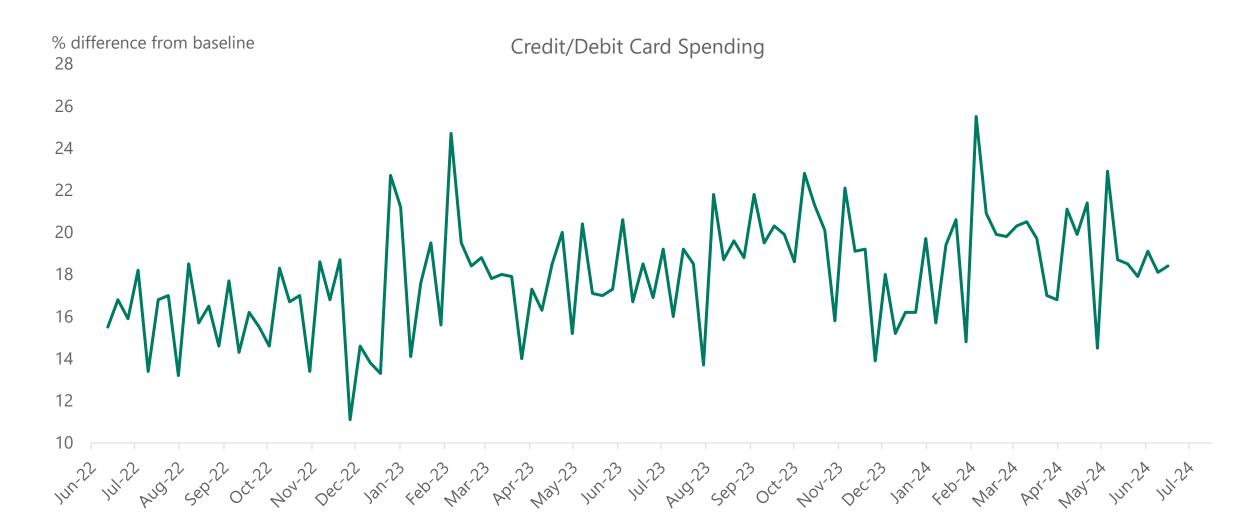


Source: FRB, Haver, Apollo Chief Economist

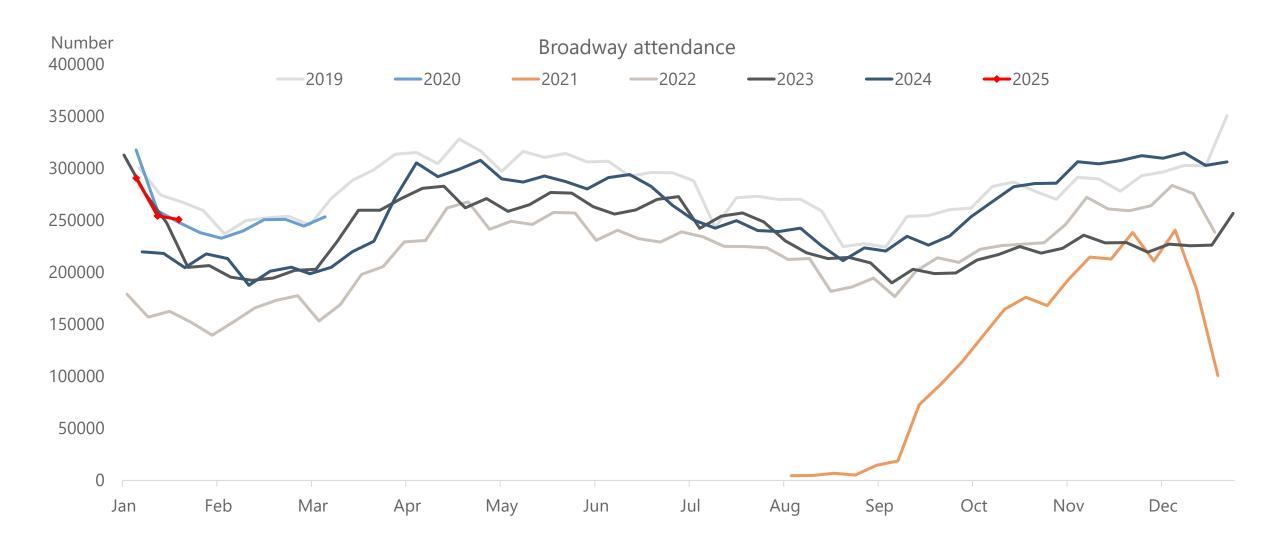
Weekly bankruptcy filings



Weekly credit and debit card spending

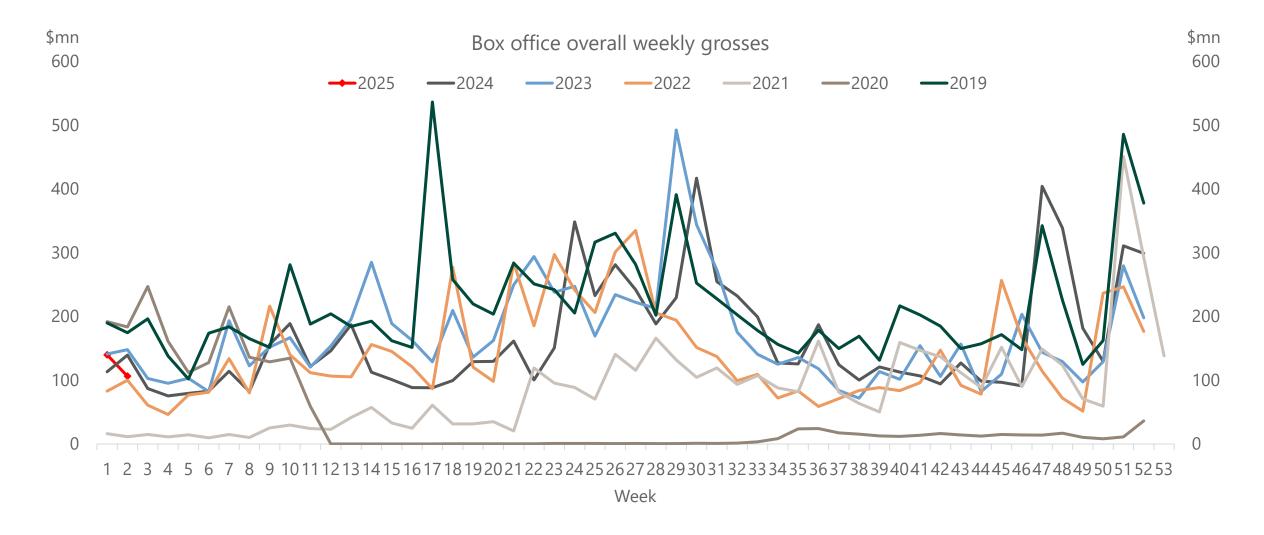


Weekly Broadway show attendance



Source: Internet Broadway Database, Apollo Chief Economist

Weekly movie theatre visits



Source: Boxofficemojo.com, Apollo Chief Economist

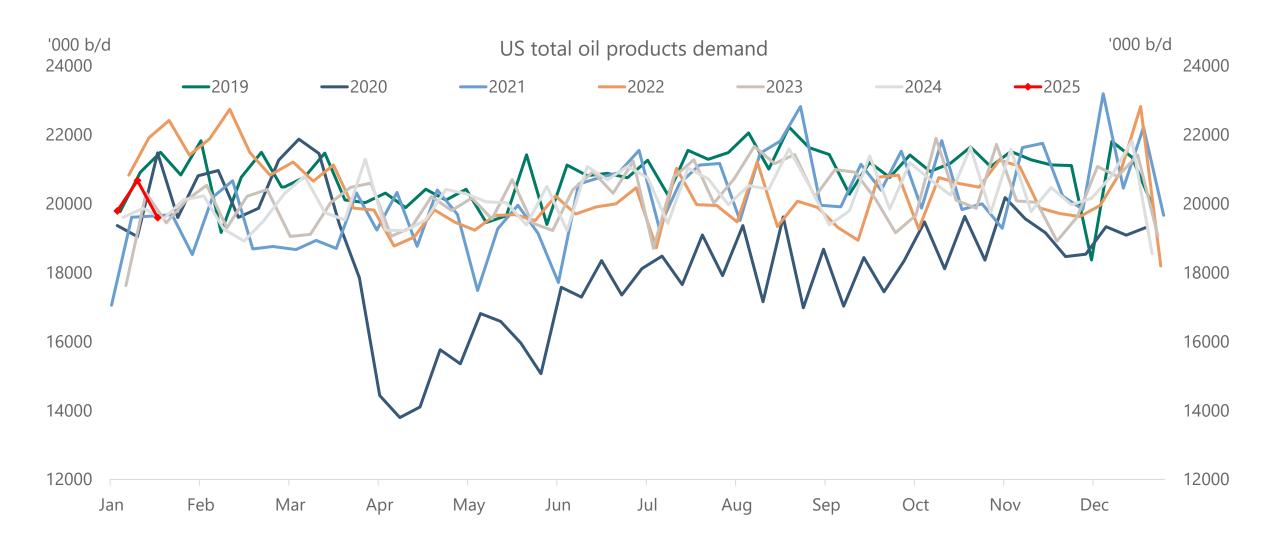
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Rail traffic volumes



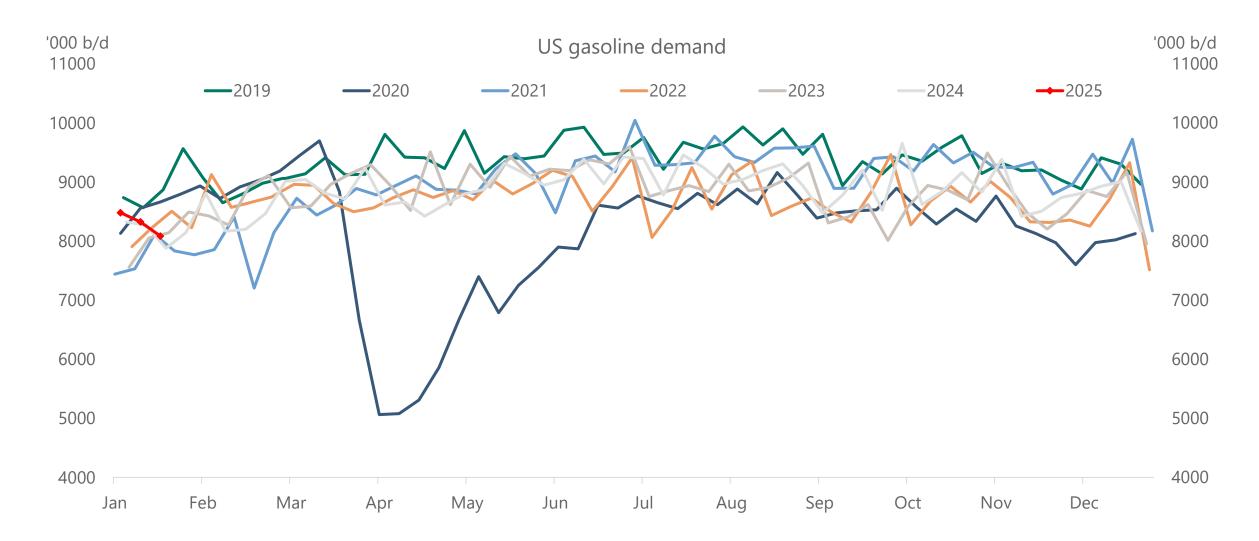
Source: AAR, Bloomberg, Apollo Chief Economist

Weekly oil demand



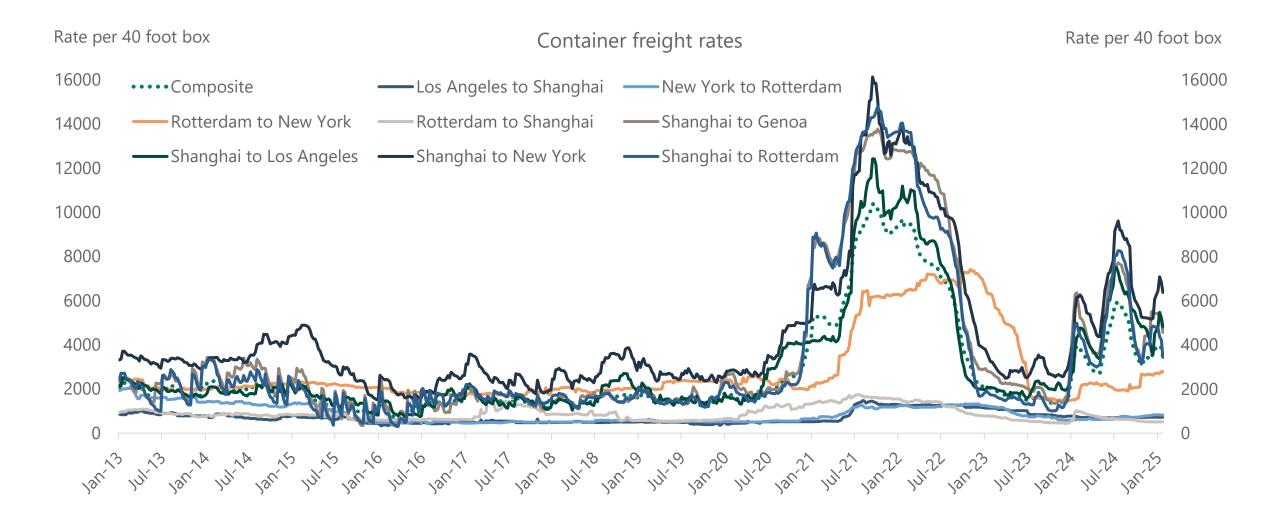
Source: Department of Energy, Bloomberg, Apollo Chief Economist

Weekly gasoline demand



Source: Department of Energy, Bloomberg, Apollo Chief Economist

Weekly container freight rates

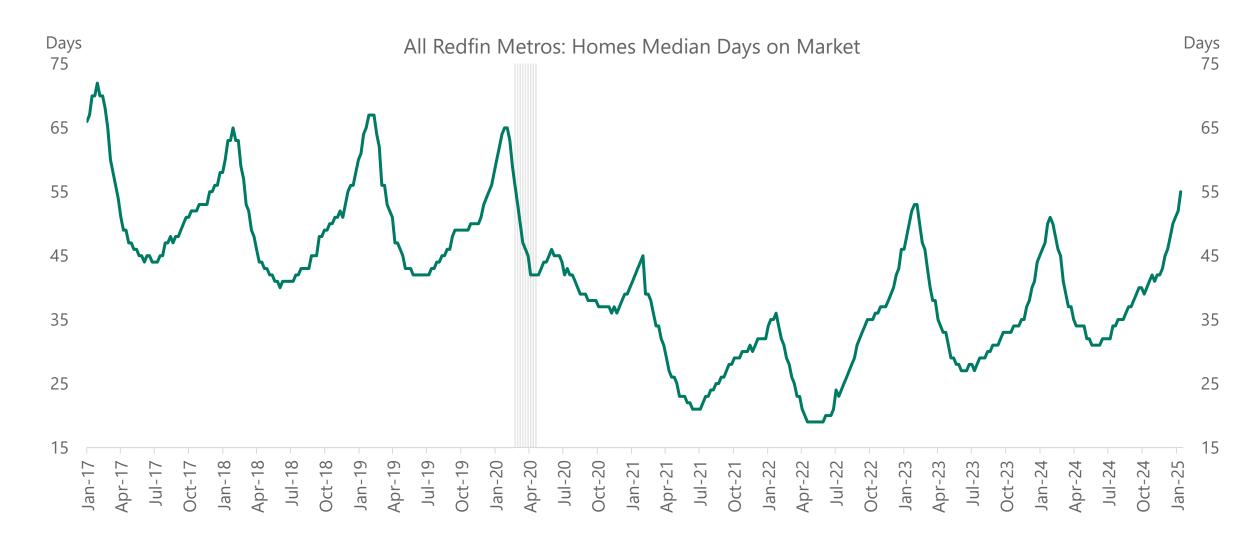


Source: WCI, Bloomberg, Apollo Chief Economist

China: Containerized freight index

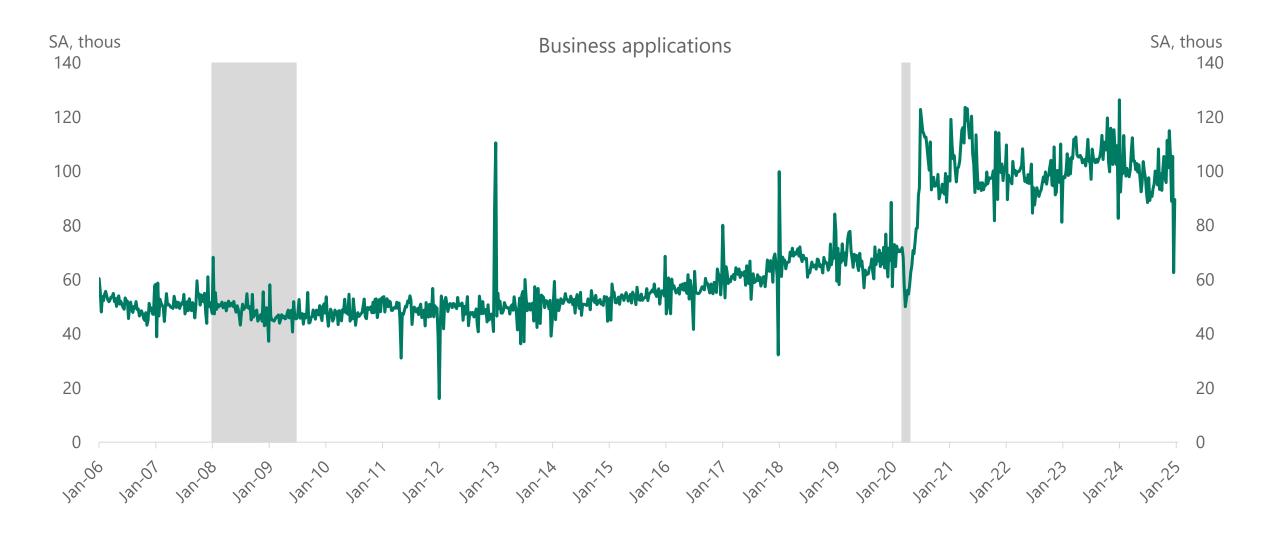


Homes for sale: Median days on the market



Source: Redfin, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

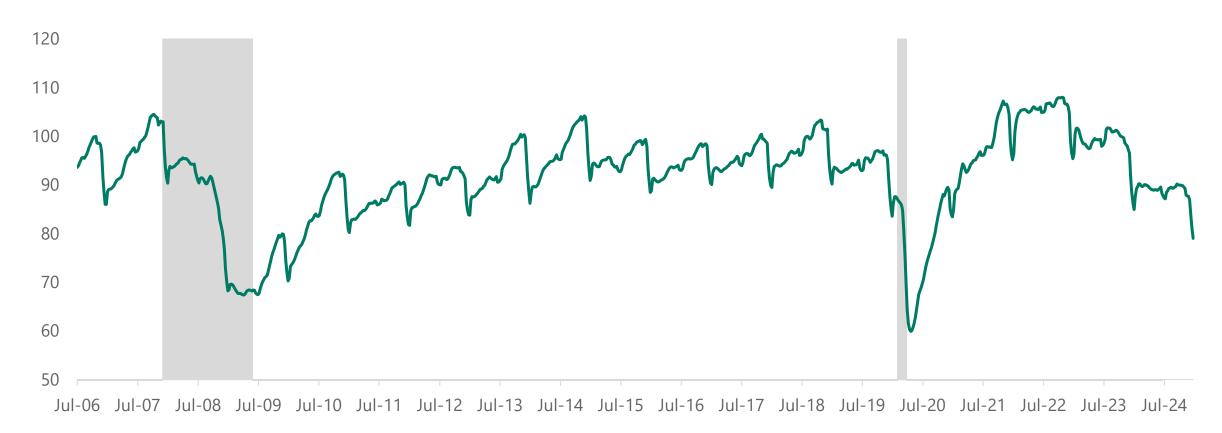
Weekly business formation statistics



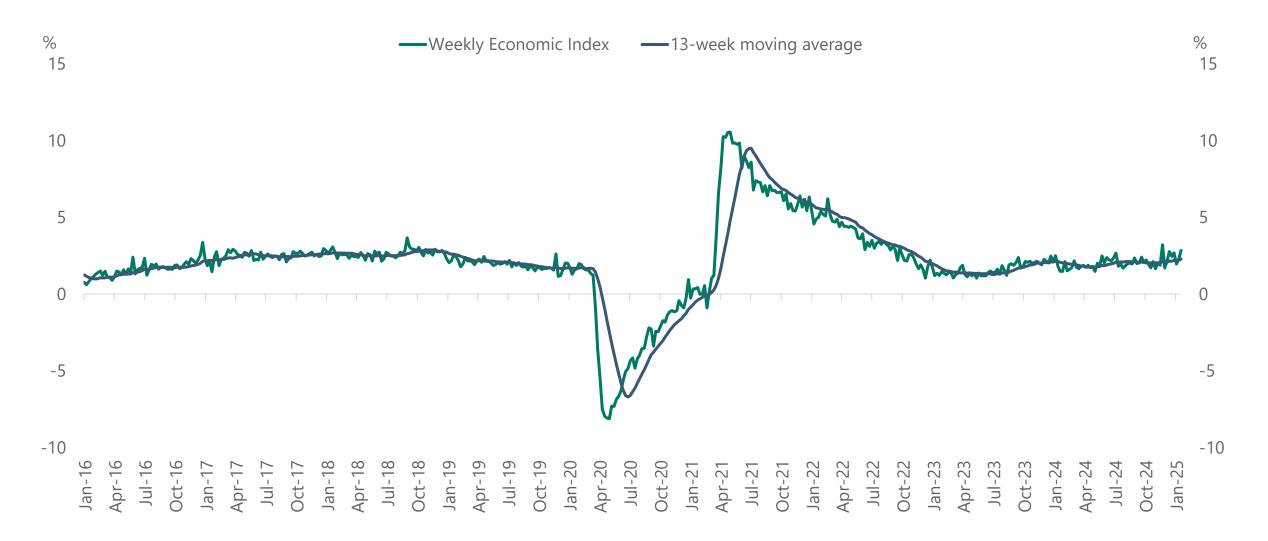
Source: Census, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

Weekly ASA temp worker staffing index

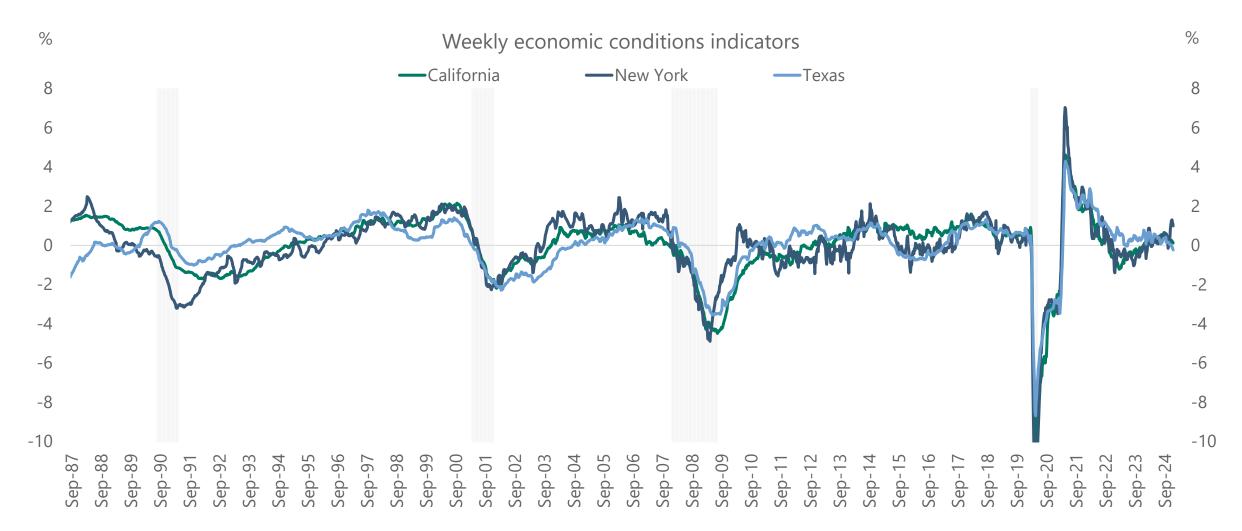




The Fed's Weekly Economic Index, measured in GDP units

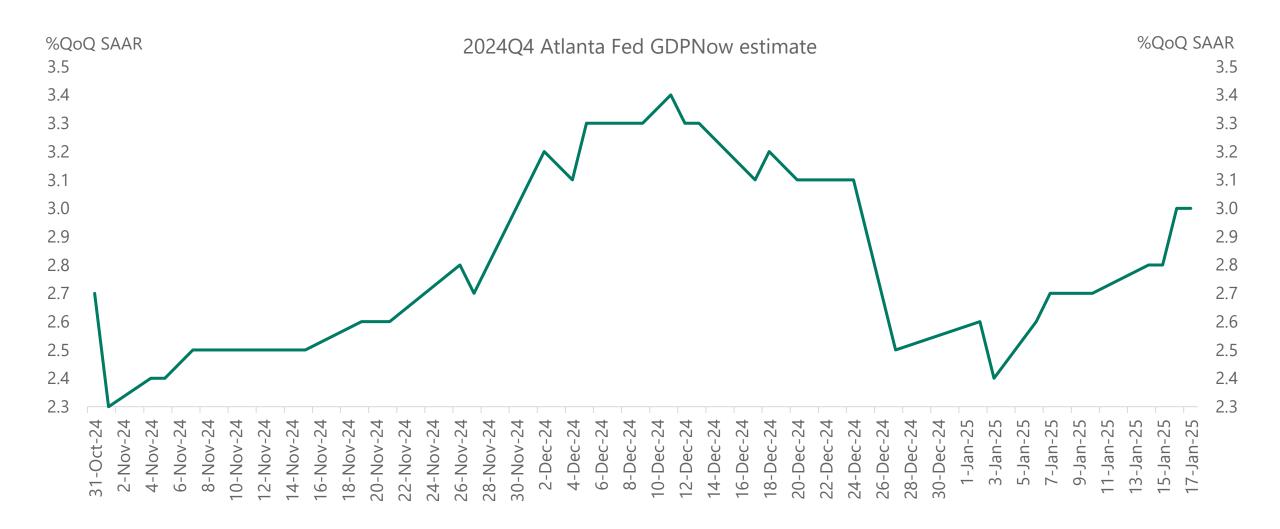


Weekly economic indicators for New York, California, and Texas trending higher

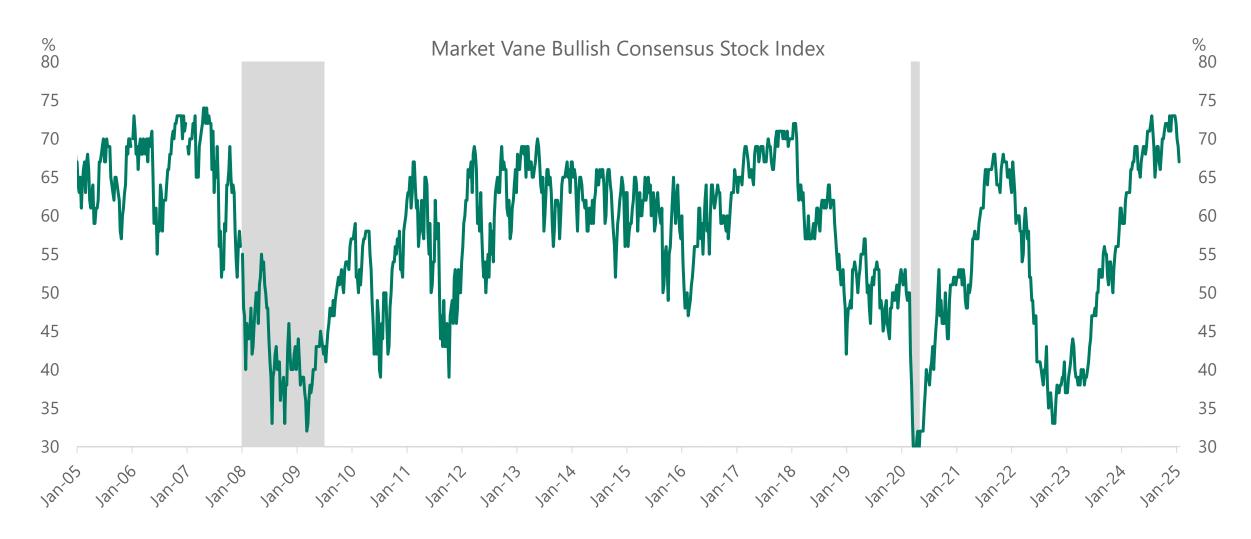


Source:Baumeister, Christiane, Danilo Leiva-Leon, and Eric Sims (2024), "Tracking Weekly State-Level Economic Conditions, "Review of Economics and Statistics, 106(2), 483-504., Apollo Chief Economist. Note: The economic conditions indices are computed with mixed-frequency dynamic factor models with weekly, monthly, and quarterly variables that cover multiple dimensions of state economies. The indices are scaled to 4-quarter growth rates of U.S. real GDP and normalized such that a value of zero indicates national long-run growth.

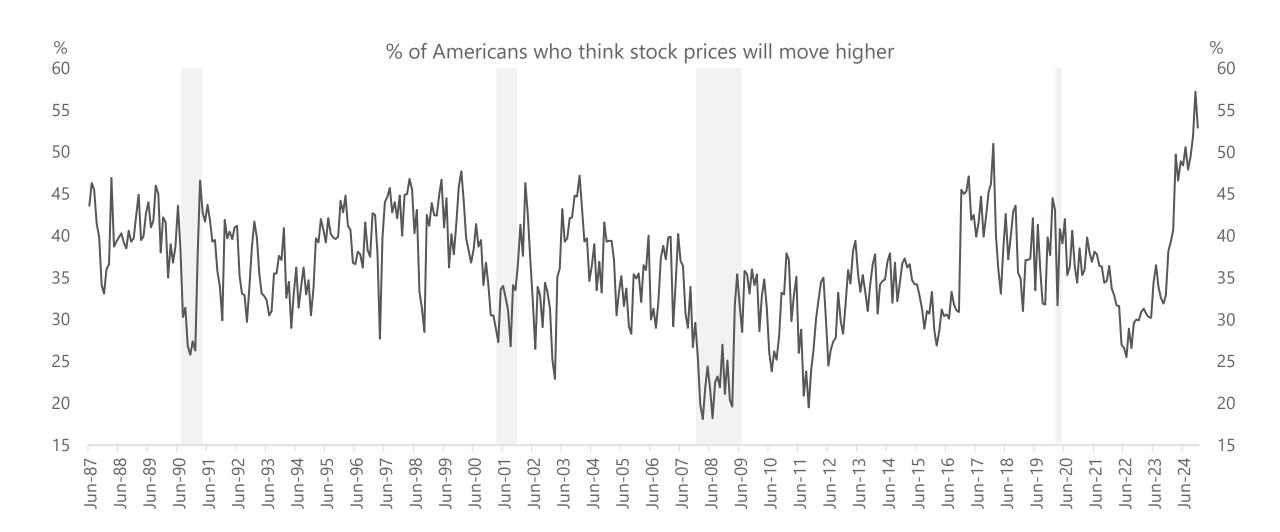
2024 Q4 GDP estimate from Atlanta Fed: 3.0%



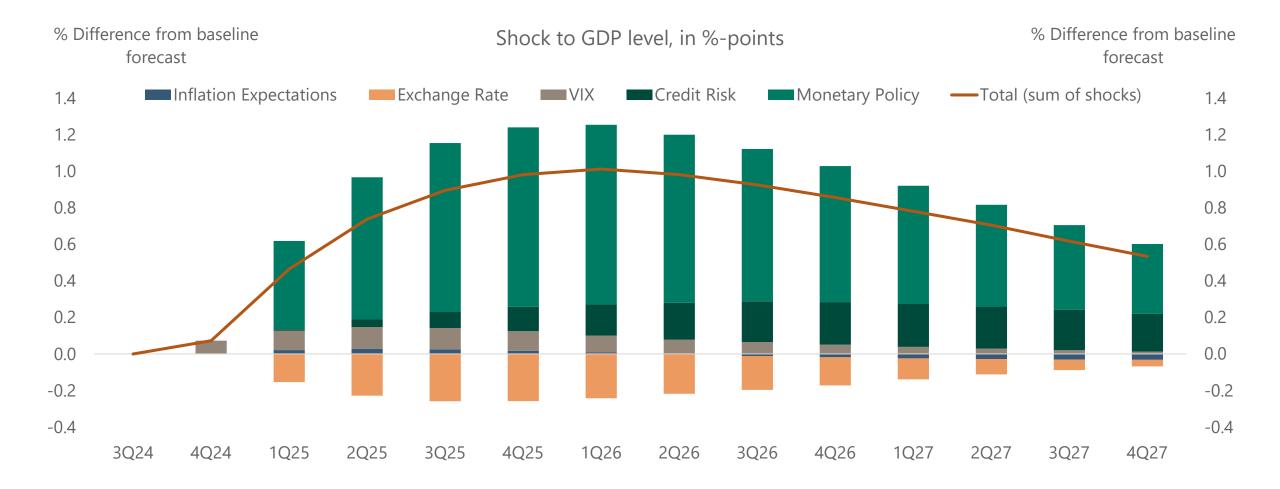
Weekly bullish consensus stock index



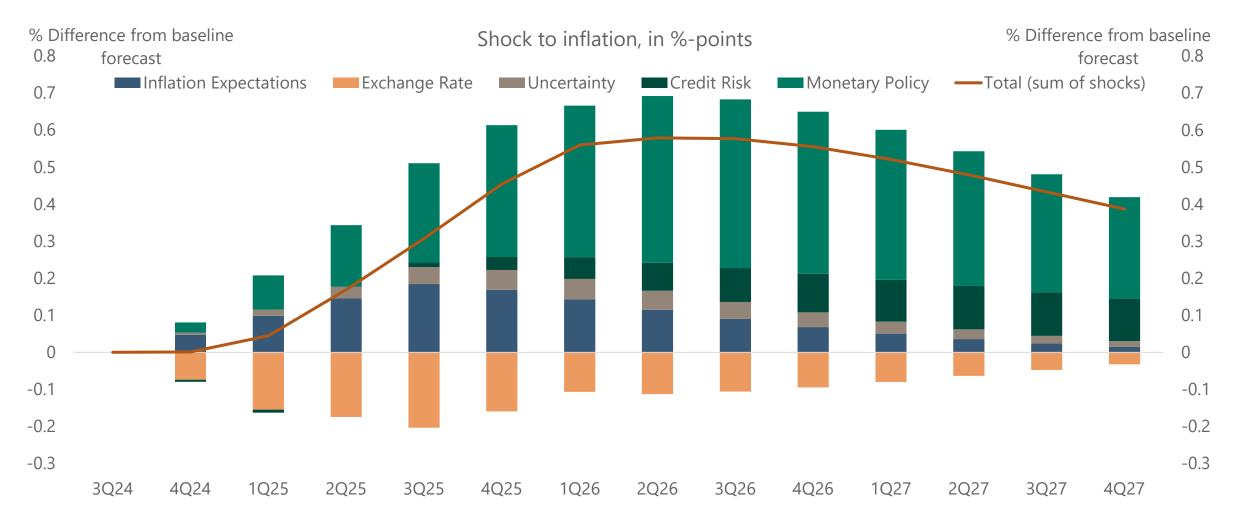
53% of Americans think stock prices will move higher



Impact on GDP of Fed cuts and changes in financial conditions since the Fed started cutting interest rates in September 2024



Impact on inflation of Fed cuts and changes in financial conditions since the Fed started cutting interest rates in September 2024





Torsten Slok, Ph.D.

Chief Economist

Apollo Global Management
tslok@apollo.com

Torsten Slok joined Apollo in August 2020 as Chief Economist and he leads Apollo's macroeconomic and market analysis across the platform.

Prior to joining, Mr. Slok worked for 15 years as Chief Economist at Deutsche Bank where his team was top ranked in the annual Institutional Investor survey for a decade. Prior to joining Deutsche Bank Mr. Slok worked at the IMF in Washington, DC and at the OECD in Paris.

Mr. Slok has a Ph.D in Economics and has studied at the University of Copenhagen and Princeton University.