#### APOLLO

# Daily and weekly indicators for the US economy

Torsten Slok, Rajvi Shah, and Shruti Galwankar tslok@apollo.com

December 7, 2024

#### Legal Disclaimer

Unless otherwise noted, information included herein is presented as of the dates indicated. Apollo Global Management, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, "Apollo") makes no representation or warranty, expressed or implied, with respect to the accuracy, reasonableness, or completeness of any of the information contained herein, including, but not limited to, information obtained from third parties. Opinions, estimates and projections constitute the current judgment of the author as of the date indicated. They do not necessarily reflect the views and opinions of Apollo and are subject to change at any time without notice. Apollo does not have any responsibility to update the information to account for such changes. Hyperlinks to third-party websites in these materials are provided for reader convenience only. There can be no assurance that any trends discussed herein will continue.

The information contained herein is not intended to provide, and should not be relied upon for, accounting, legal or tax advice and does not constitute an investment recommendation or investment advice. Investors should make an independent investigation of the information contained herein, including consulting their tax, legal, accounting or other advisors about such information. Apollo does not act for you and is not responsible for providing you with the protections afforded to its clients.

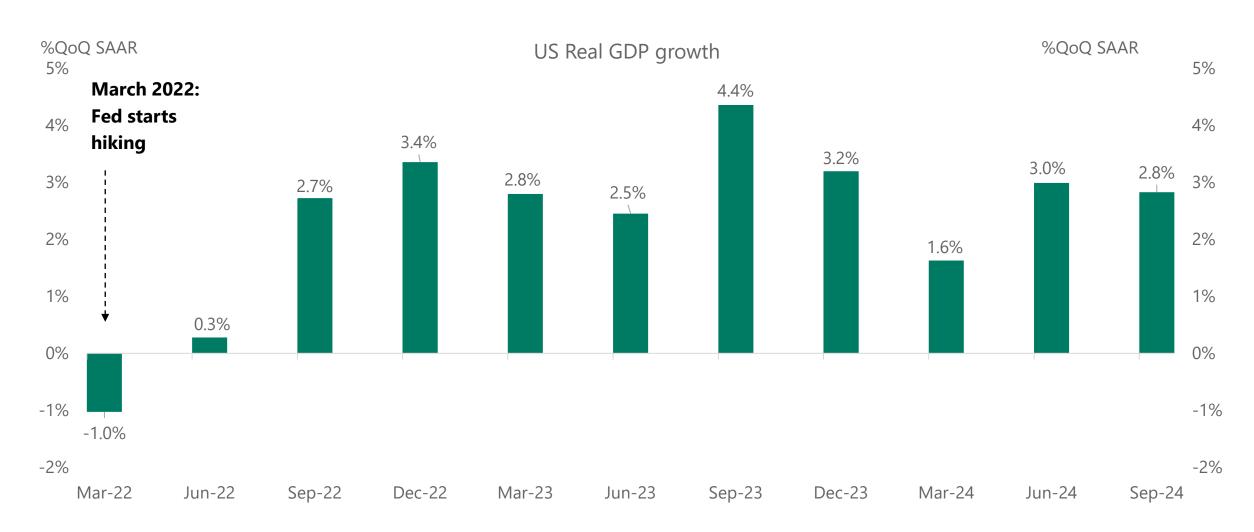
Certain information contained herein may be "forward-looking" in nature. Due to various risks and uncertainties, actual events or results may differ materially from those reflected or contemplated in such forward-looking information. As such, undue reliance should not be placed on such information. Forward-looking statements may be identified by the use of terminology including, but not limited to, "may", "will", "should", "expect", "anticipate", "target", "project", "estimate", "intend", "continue" or "believe" or the negatives thereof or other variations thereon or comparable terminology.



#### APOLLO

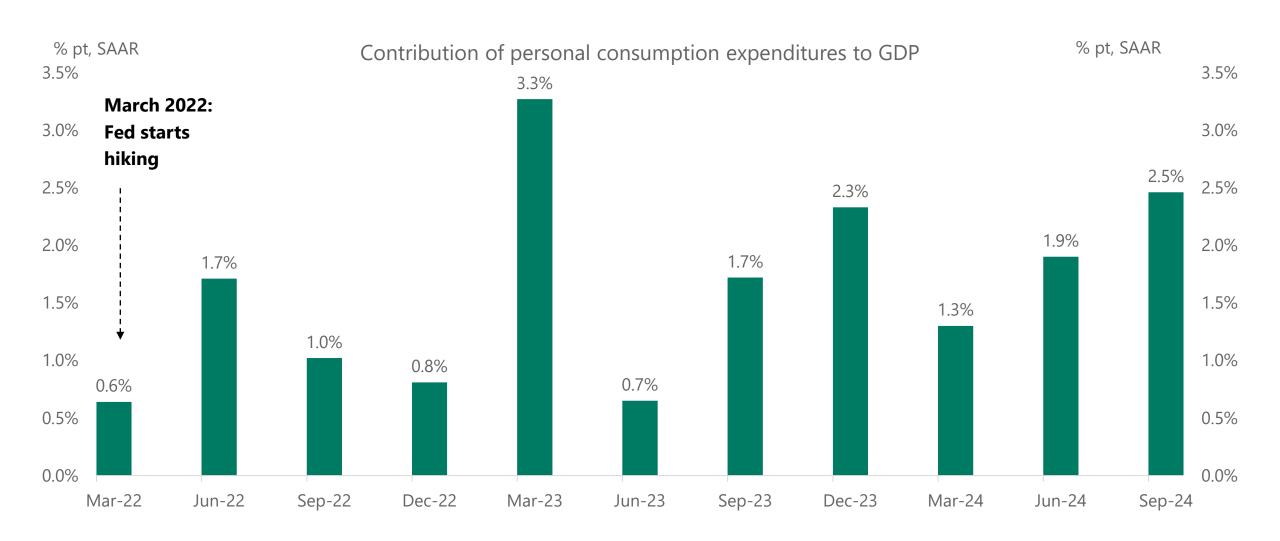
# Overview

#### The Fed started raising interest rates in March 2022: What happened to long and variable lags?

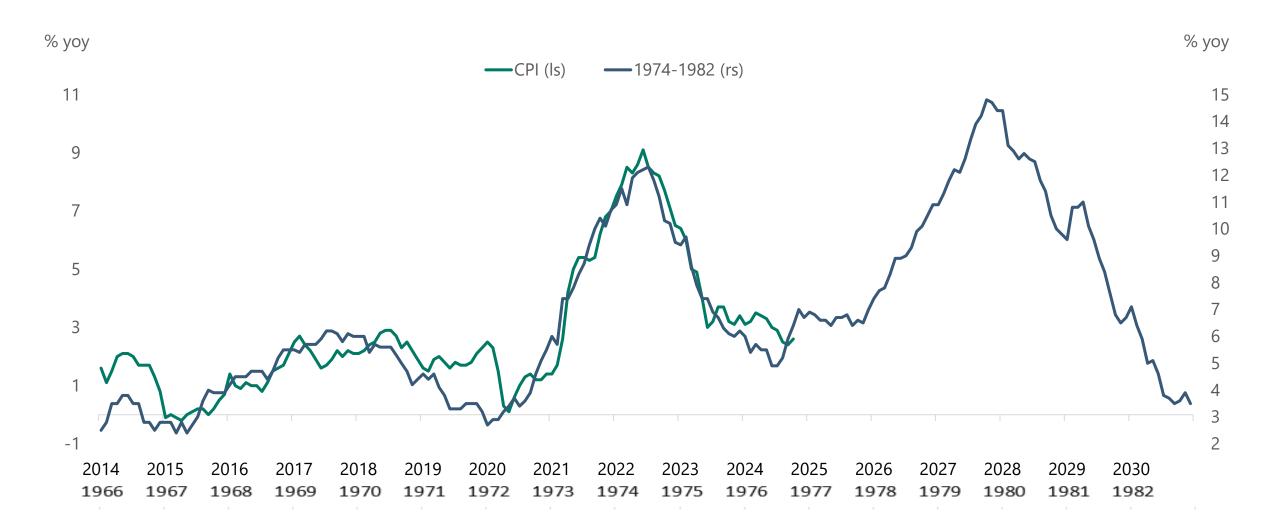


Source: BEA, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

#### Fed hikes have not slowed down the US consumer

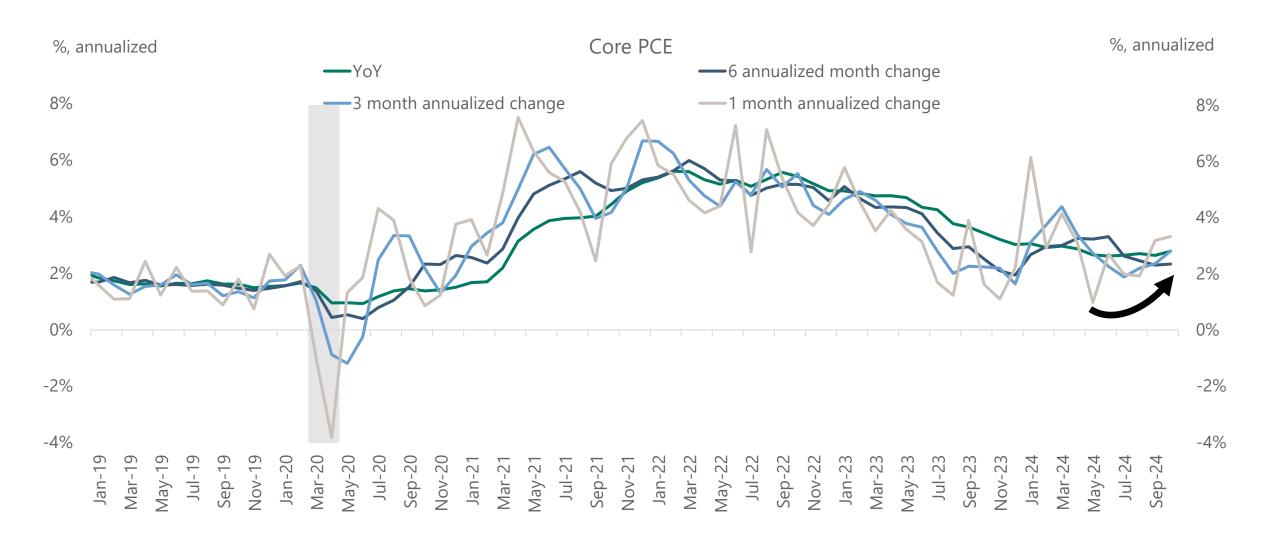


## Is inflation coming back?



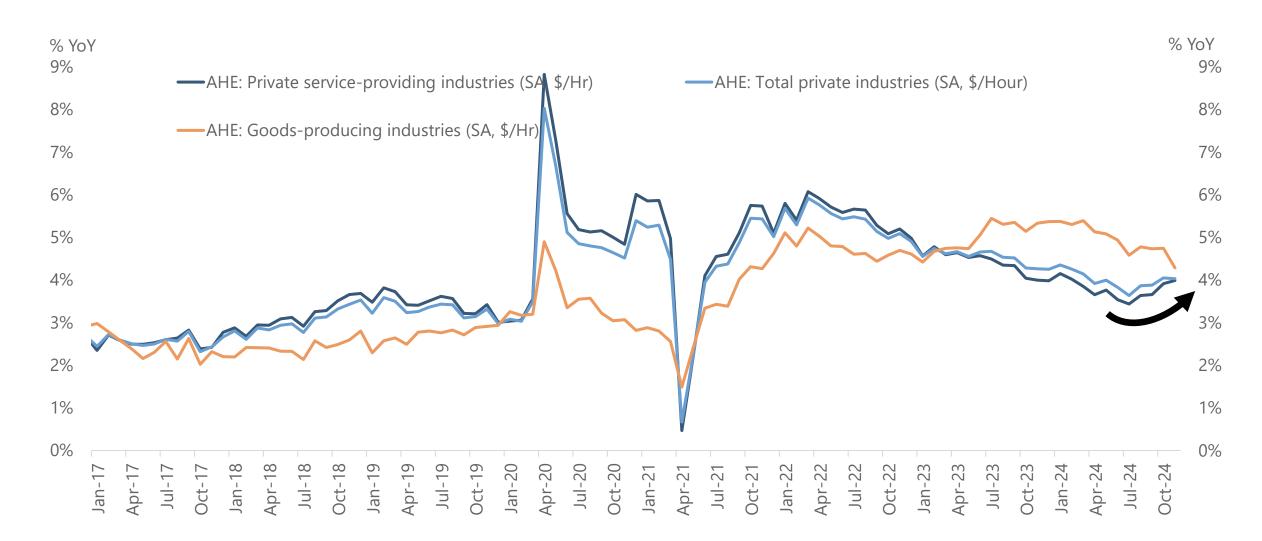
Source: BLS, Apollo Chief Economist.

#### Is core inflation starting to move higher again?



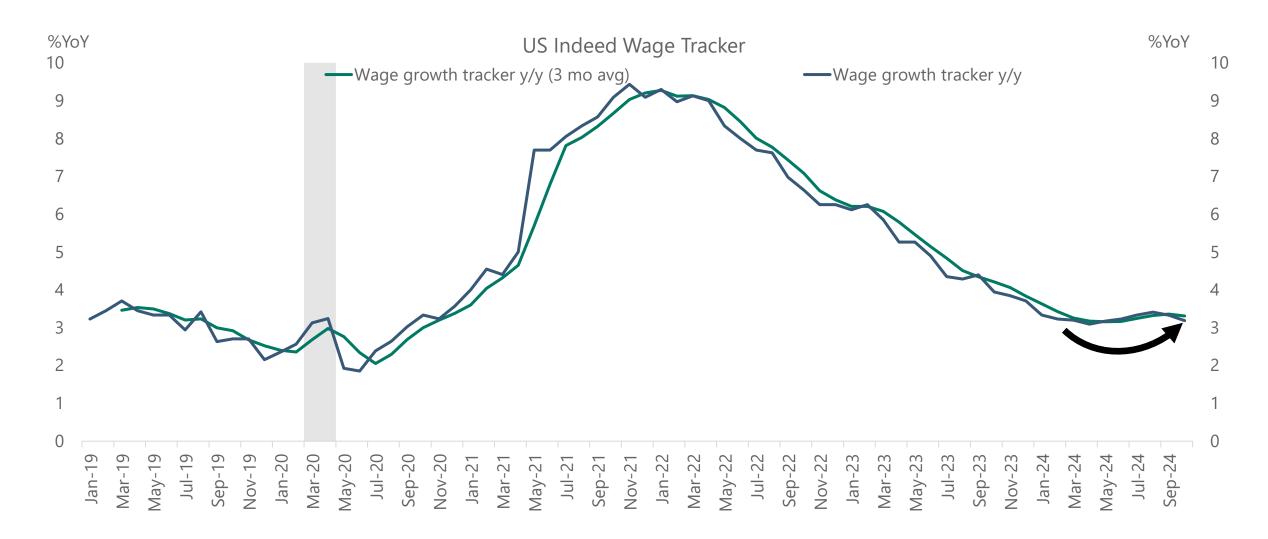
Source: BEA, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

#### Is wage growth rebounding?

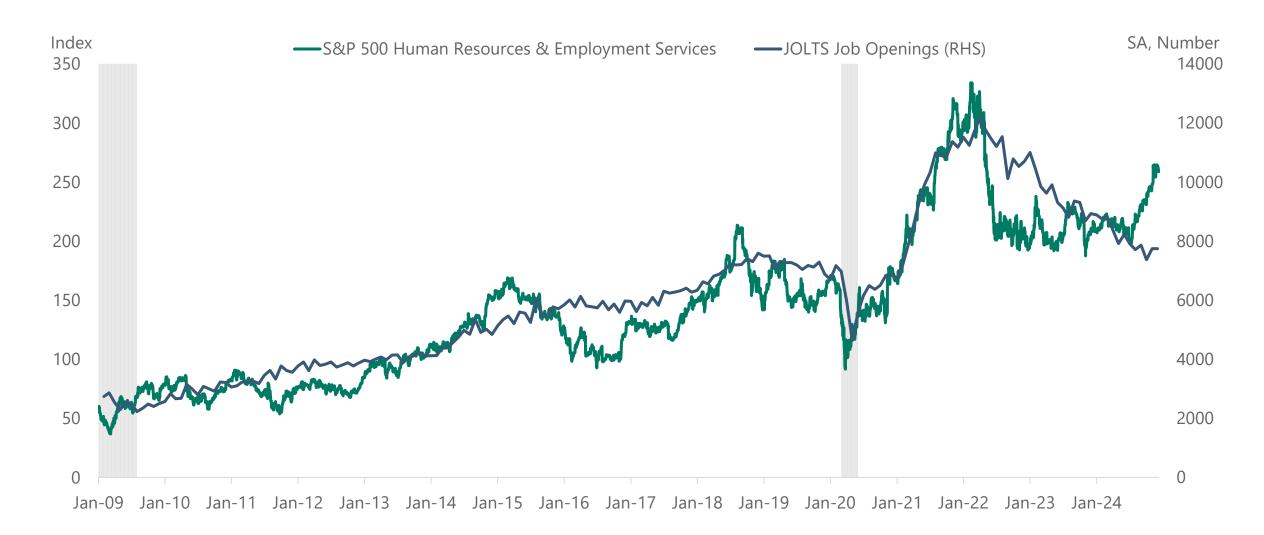


Source: BLS, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

#### Wage growth tracker rebounding?



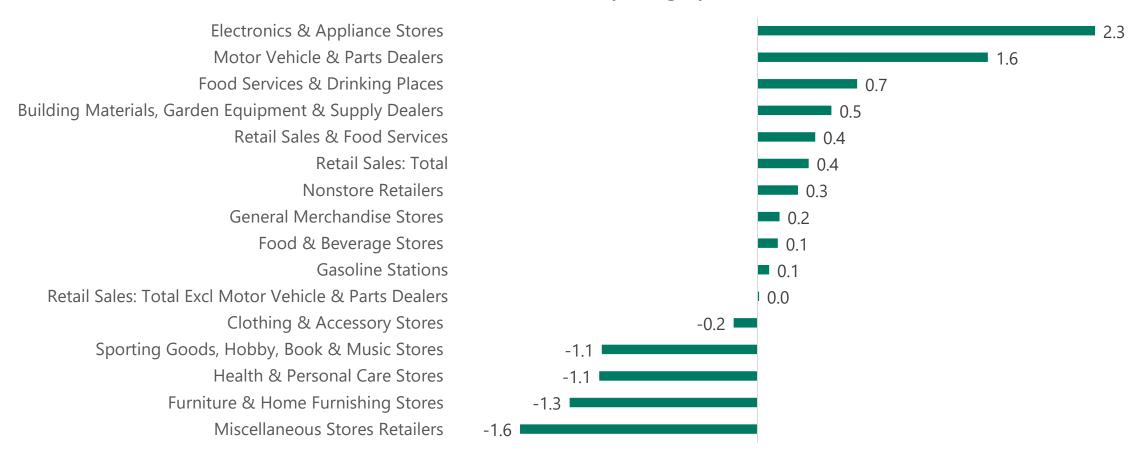
#### The stock price of staffing firms points to a rebound in job openings



11

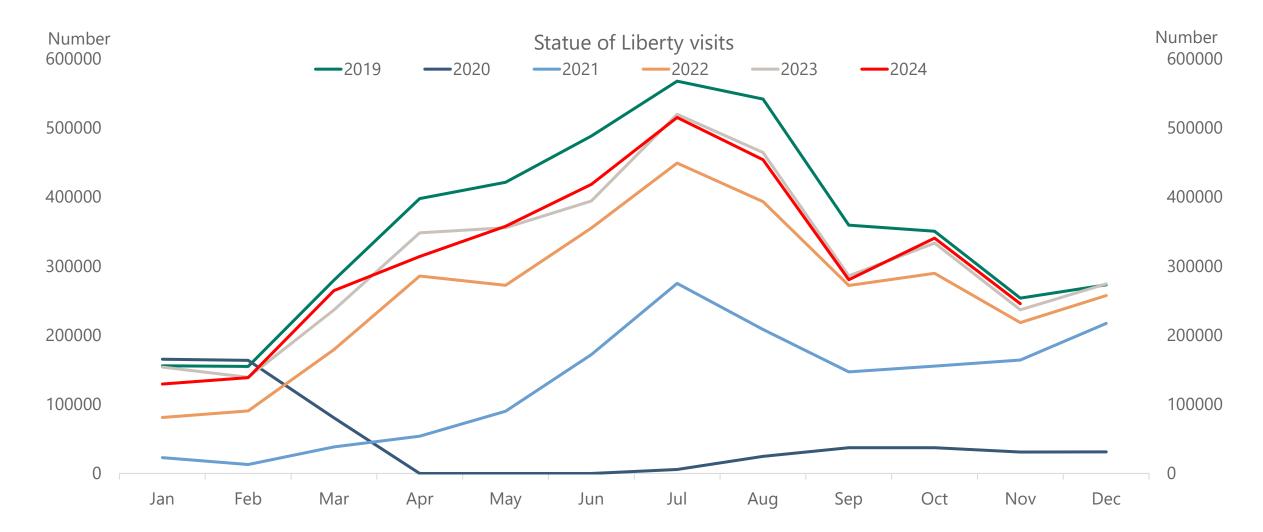
#### Consumer spending remains strong and broad-based

#### October retail sales by category (% MoM)

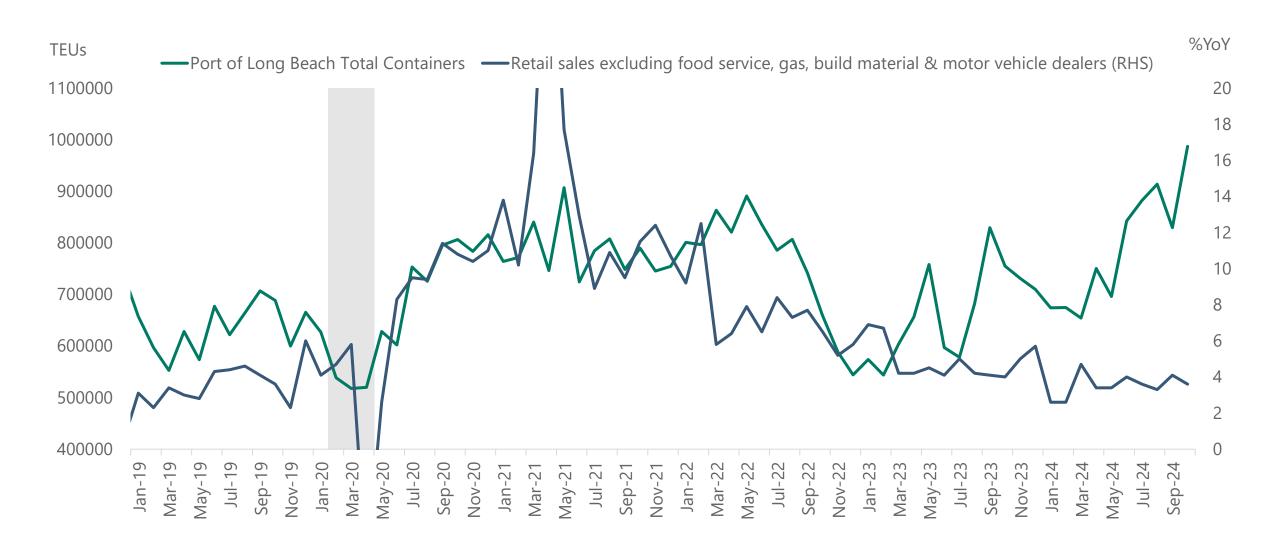


Source: Census Bureau, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

### Visits to the Statue of Liberty continue at 2023 levels, no signs of a slowdown



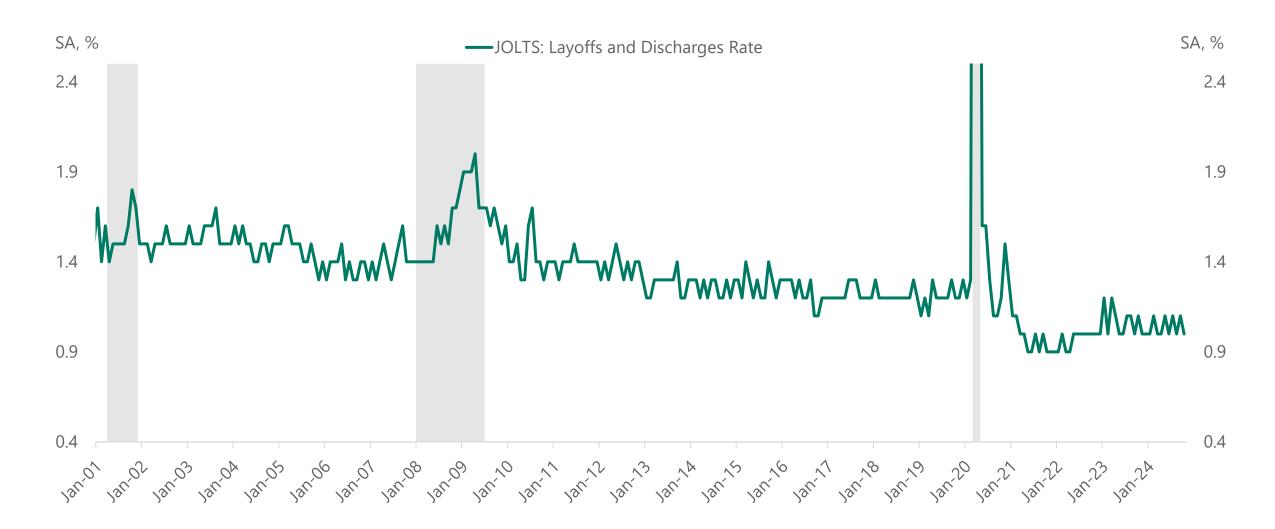
#### Total containers coming through LA high. Bodes well for holiday retail sales



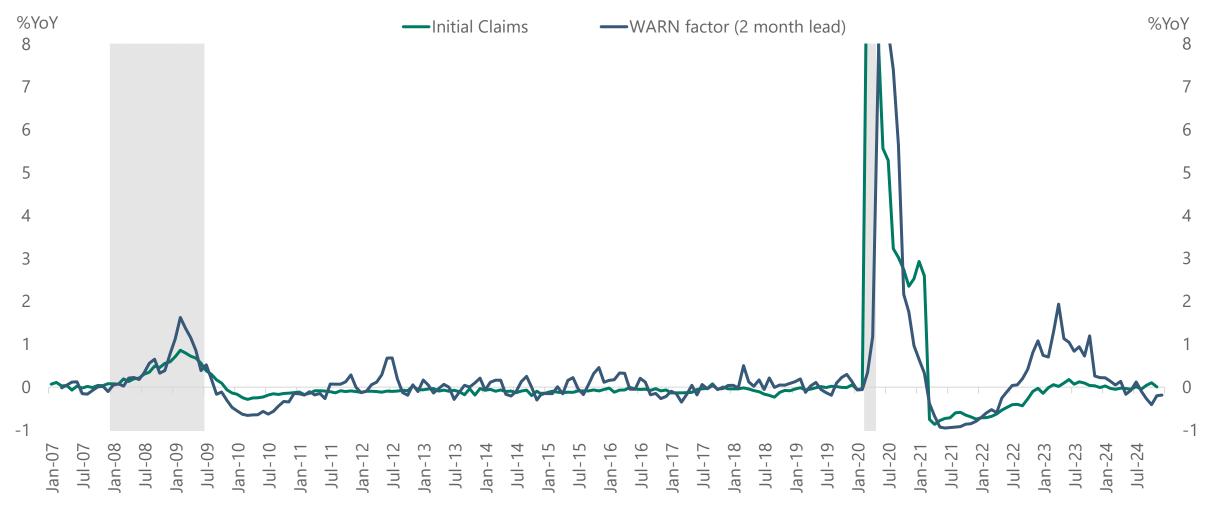
Source: Bloomberg, US Census Bureau, Apollo Chief Economist

14

#### Very low levels of layoffs

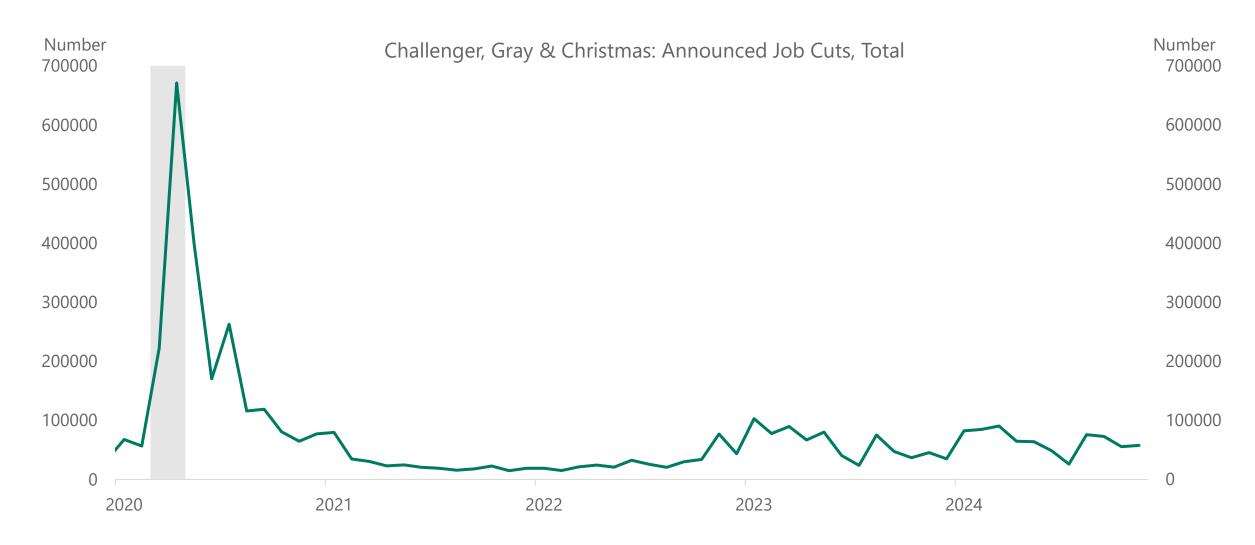


#### WARN data points to lower claims in coming months

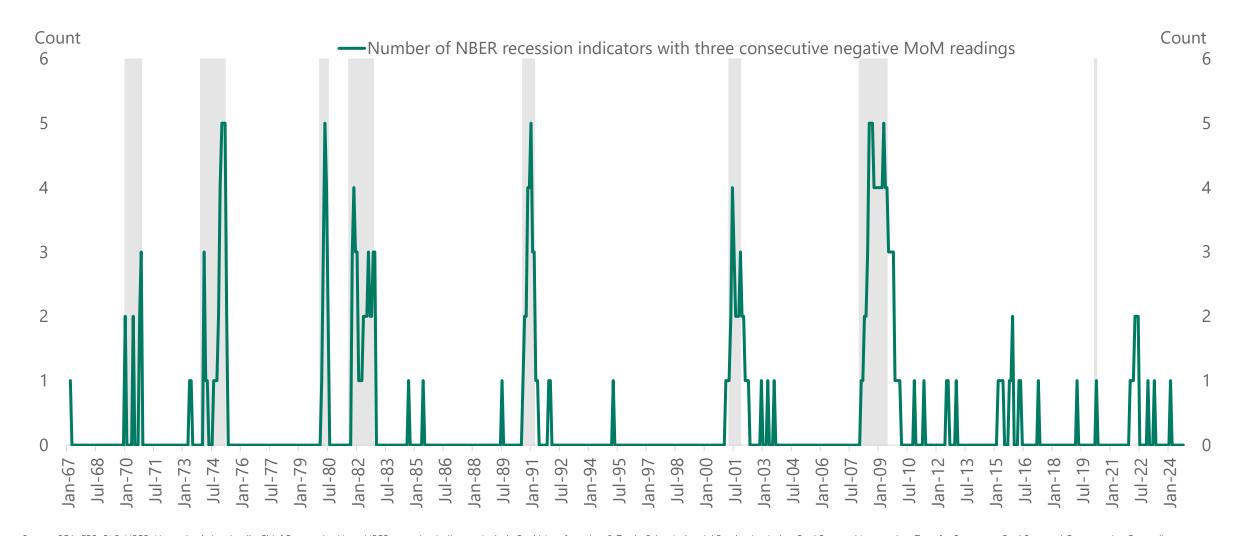


Source: Department of Labor, Haver Analytics, Federal Reserve Bank of Cleveland, Apollo Chief Economist. Note: The Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification (WARN) Act helps ensure 60 to 90 days advance notice in cases of qualified plant closings and mass layoffs. WARN factor is the Cleveland Fed estimate for WARN notices <a href="https://www.clevelandfed.org/publications/working-paper/wp-2003r-advance-layoff-notices-and-aggregate-job-loss">https://www.clevelandfed.org/publications/working-paper/wp-2003r-advance-layoff-notices-and-aggregate-job-loss</a>

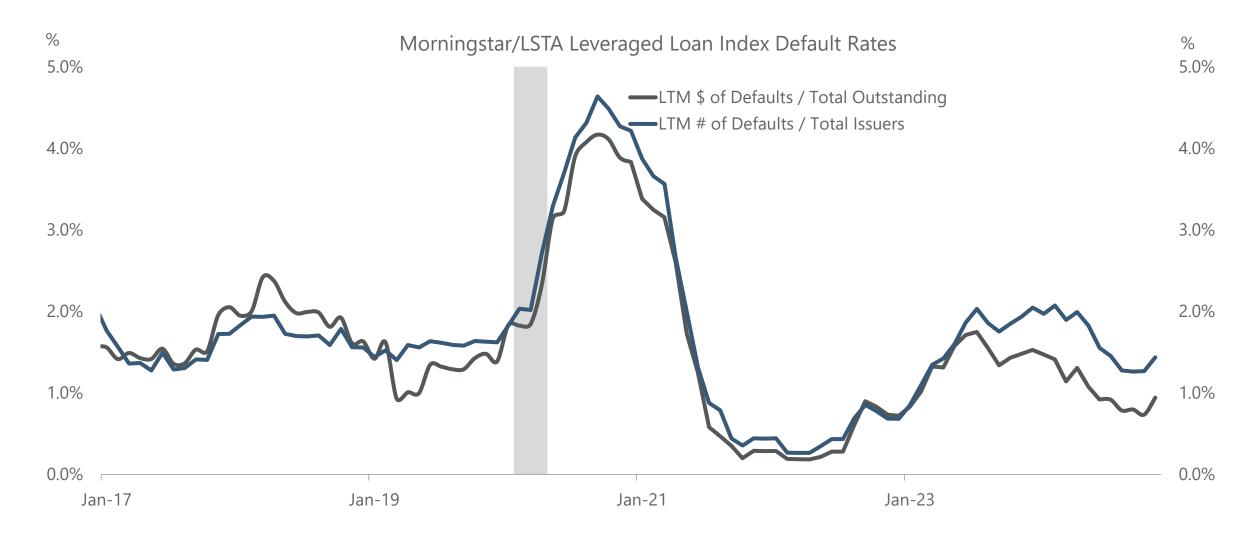
#### Announced job cuts remain low



#### NBER recession indicators show that the US economy is not in a recession

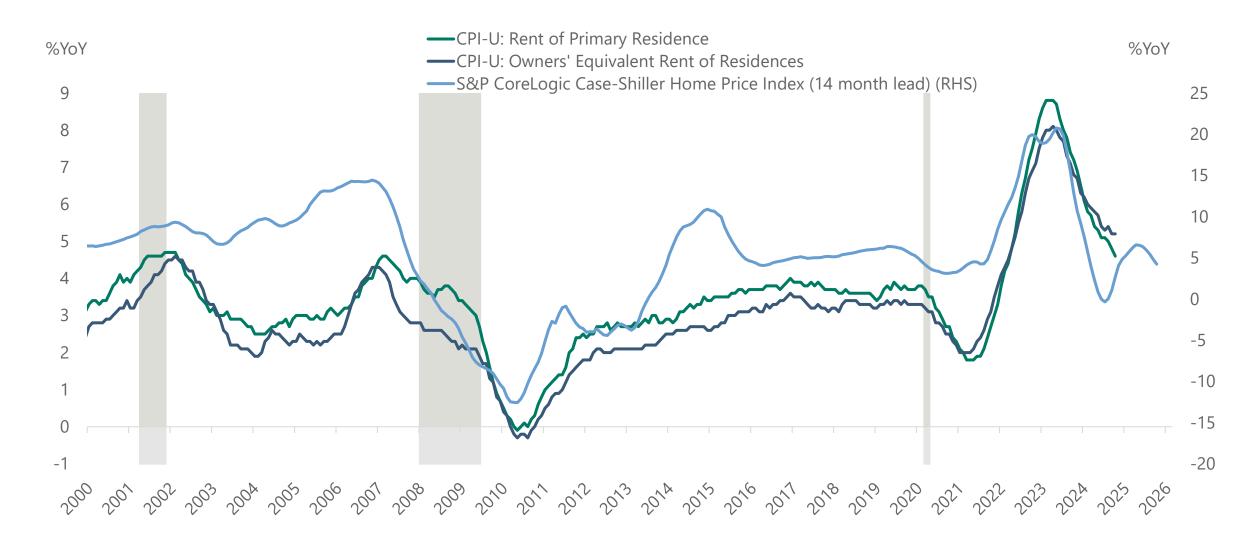


#### Default rates



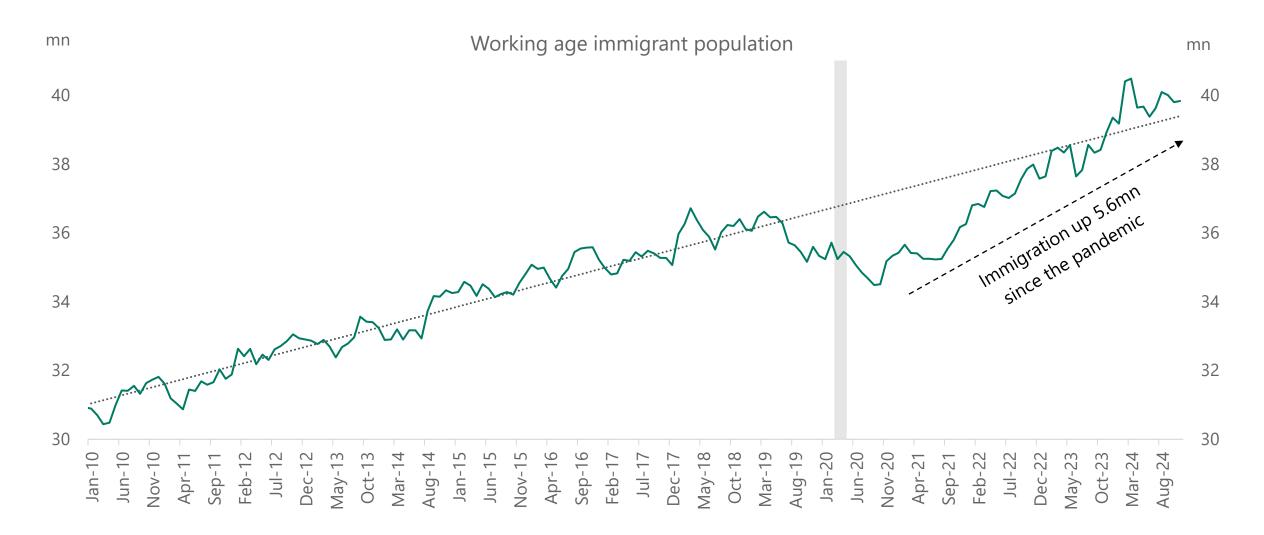
Source: PitchBook LCD, Apollo Chief Economist

#### Rebound coming in housing inflation?



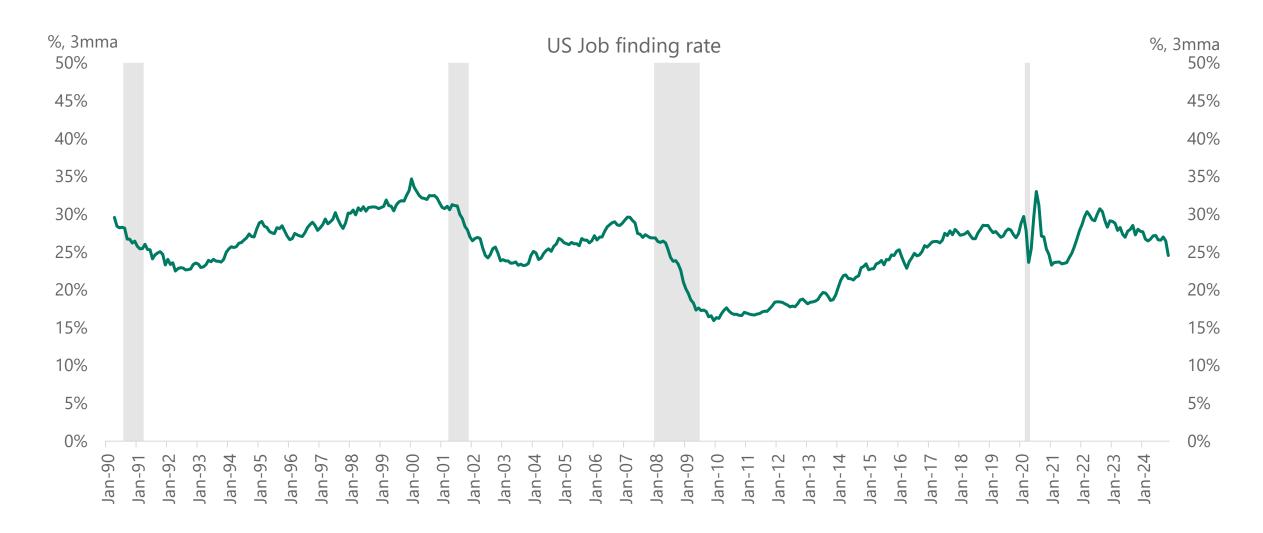
Source: Haver Analytics, BLS, S&P, Apollo Chief Economist

#### Immigration strong

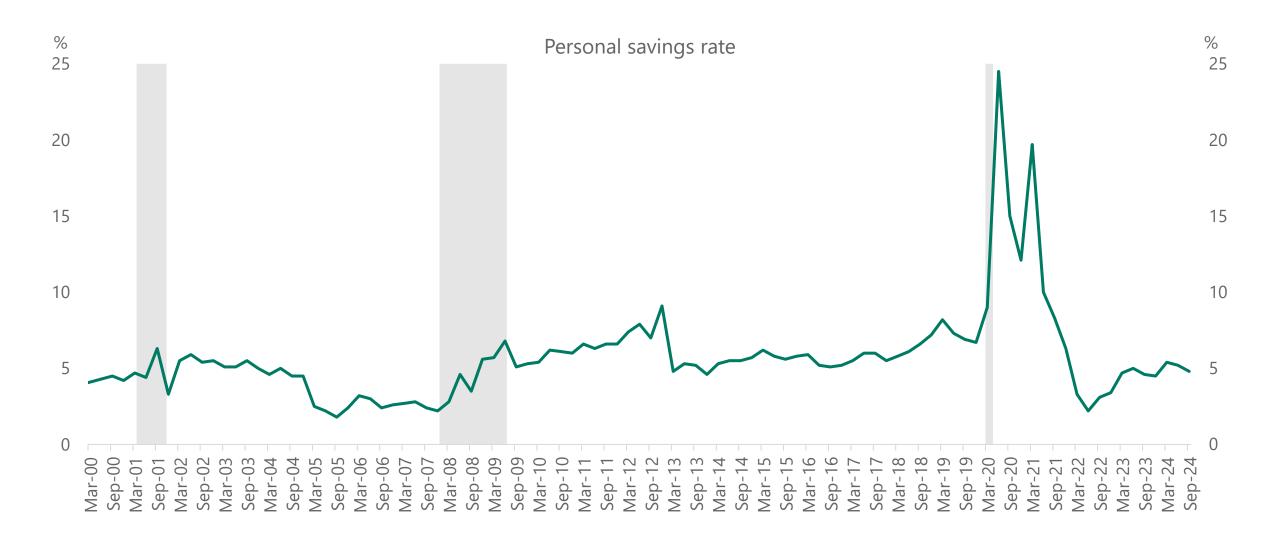


Source: BLS, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

#### Job finding rate still strong

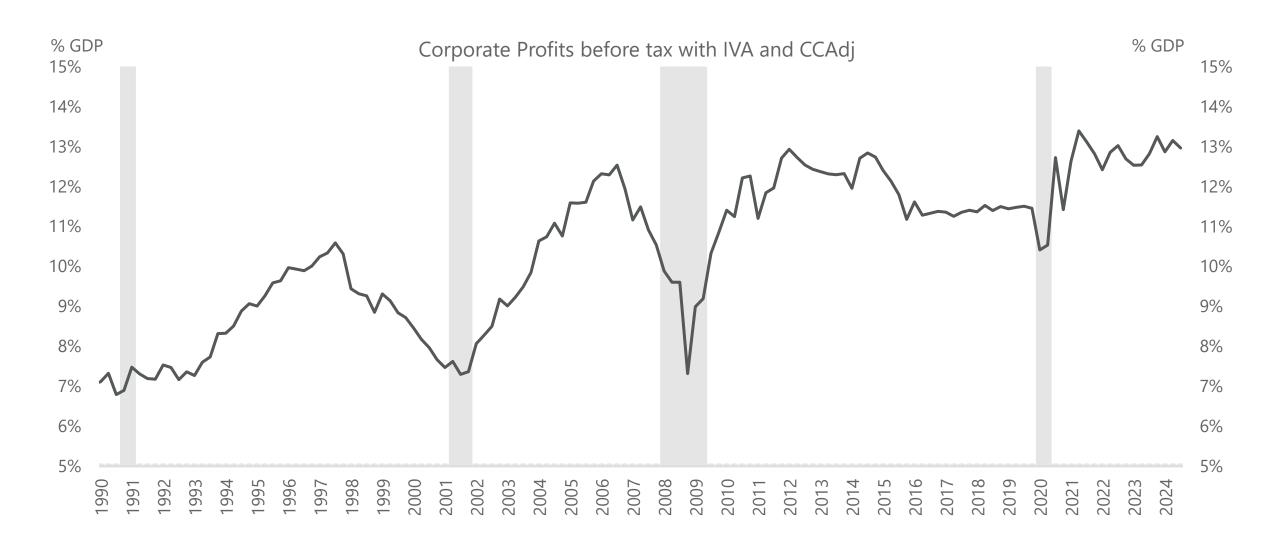


## US consumers in good shape



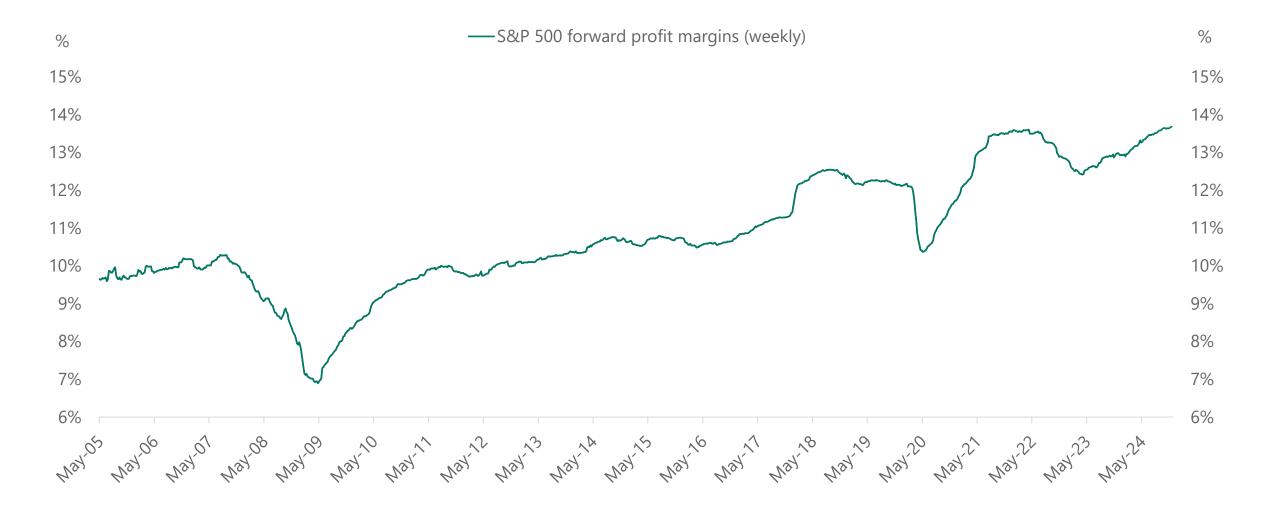
Source: BEA, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

#### Corporate profits near all-time highs as a share of GDP

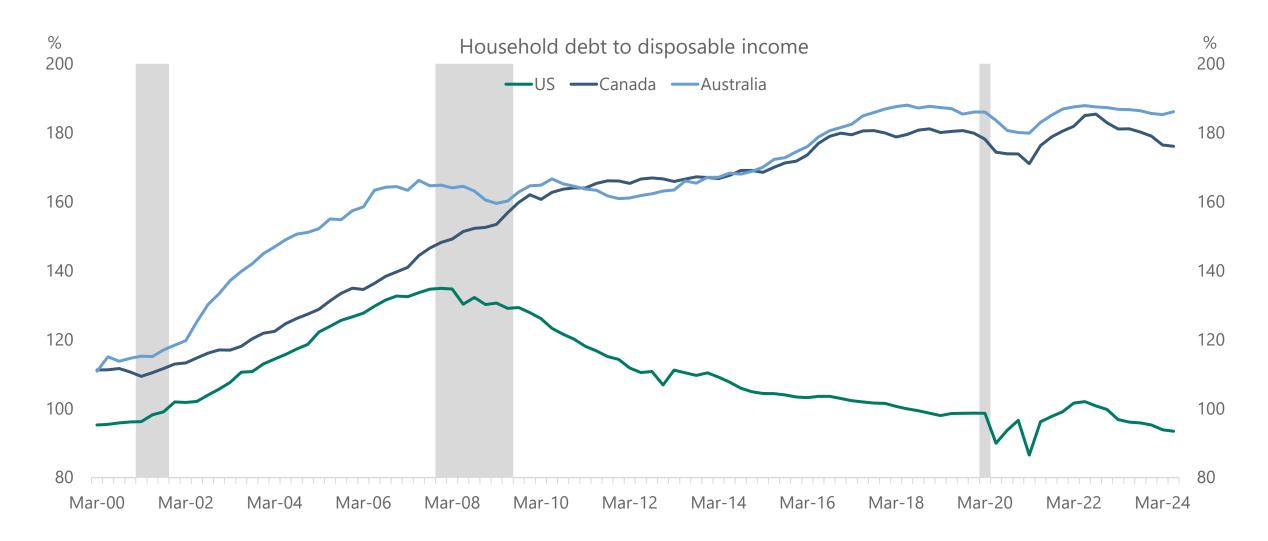


Source: BEA, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

#### S&P 500 weekly forward profit margins at record high levels



### US household balance sheets are in excellent shape



Daily data

### What are daily and weekly indicators telling us about the US economy?

#### **Daily data:**

**Restaurant bookings:** Strong

TSA air travel data: Strong

**Daily debit card data:** Solid

#### Weekly data:

Atlanta Fed GDPNow: 3.3% Credit and debit card data: Solid

Fed's weekly GDP index: 1.8% Gasoline demand: Strong

Retail sales: Strong

Broadway show attendance: Strong

Jobless claims: Solid Box office weekly grosses: Strong

Hotel occupancy rate, daily rate, and RevPAR: Strong

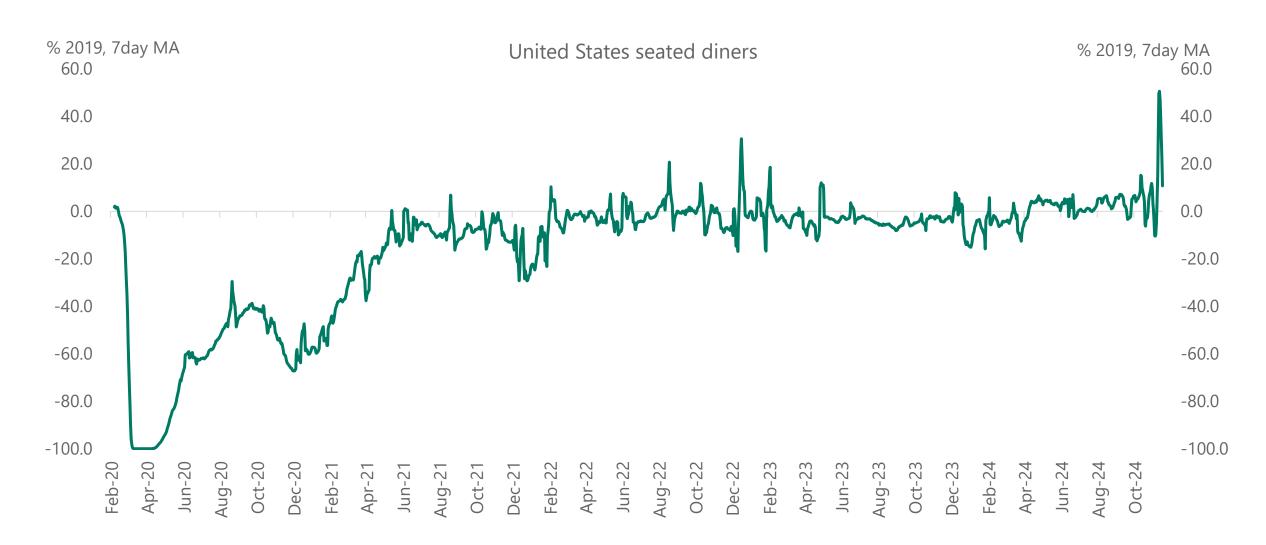
S&P 500 forward profit margins: At record highs

Bank lending to firms and consumers: Sideways

Business formation: Rebounding

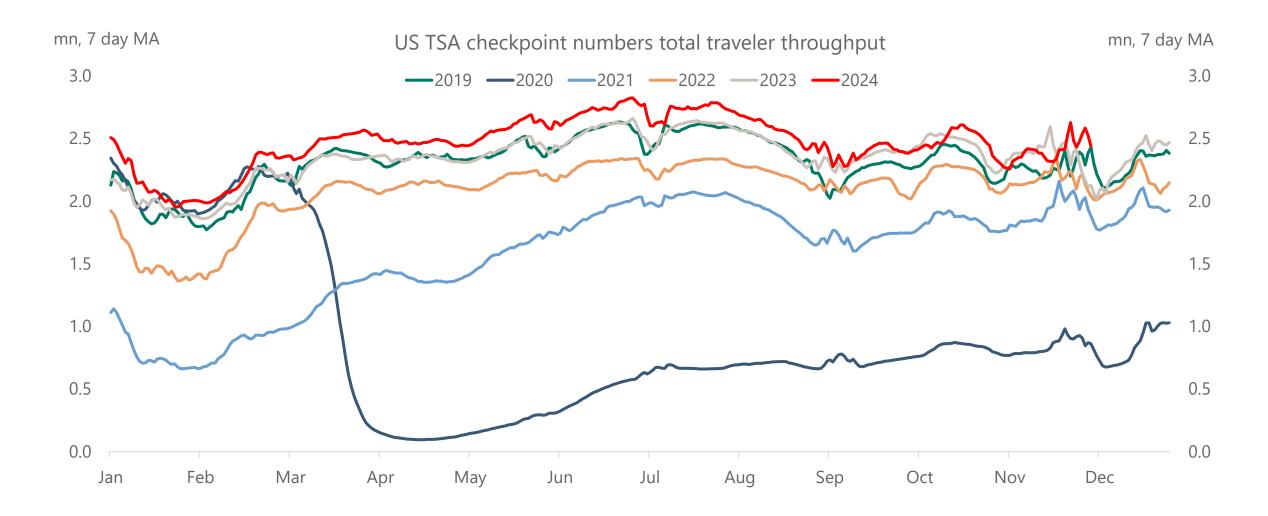
Bankruptcy filings: Trending lower ASA temp worker staffing index: Sideways

#### Daily data for restaurant bookings



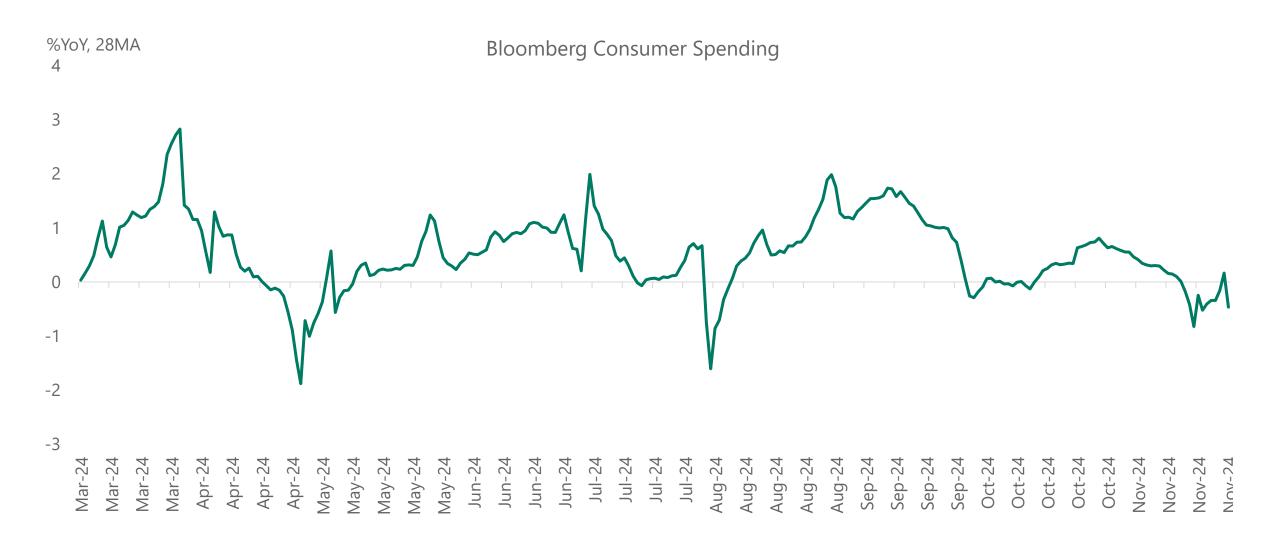
Source: OpenTable, Apollo Chief Economist

#### Daily data for US air travel

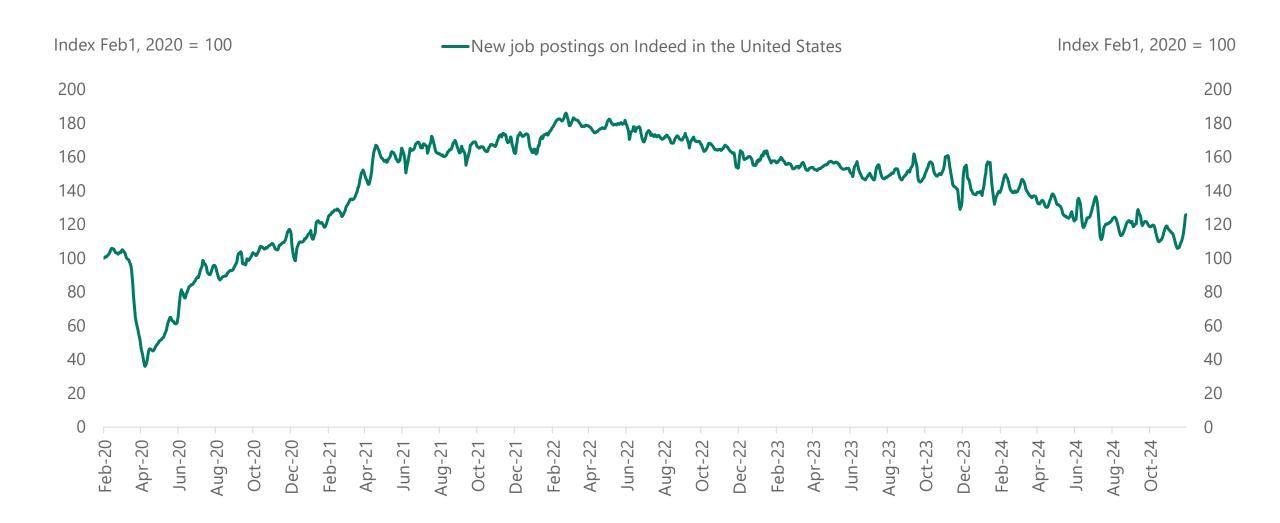


Source: TSA, Bloomberg, Apollo Chief Economist

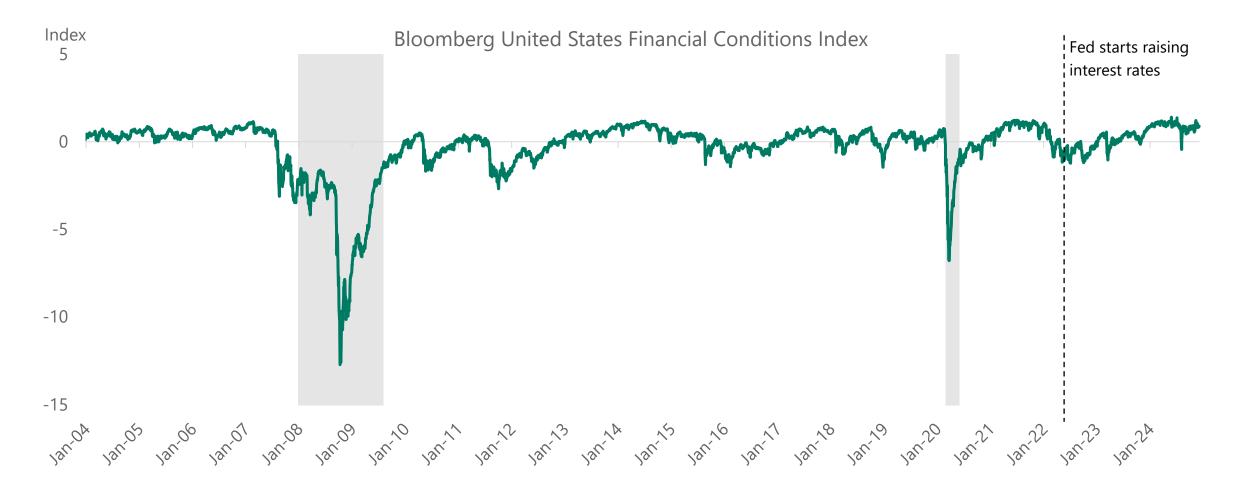
#### Daily data for debit card transactions



#### Daily jobs postings

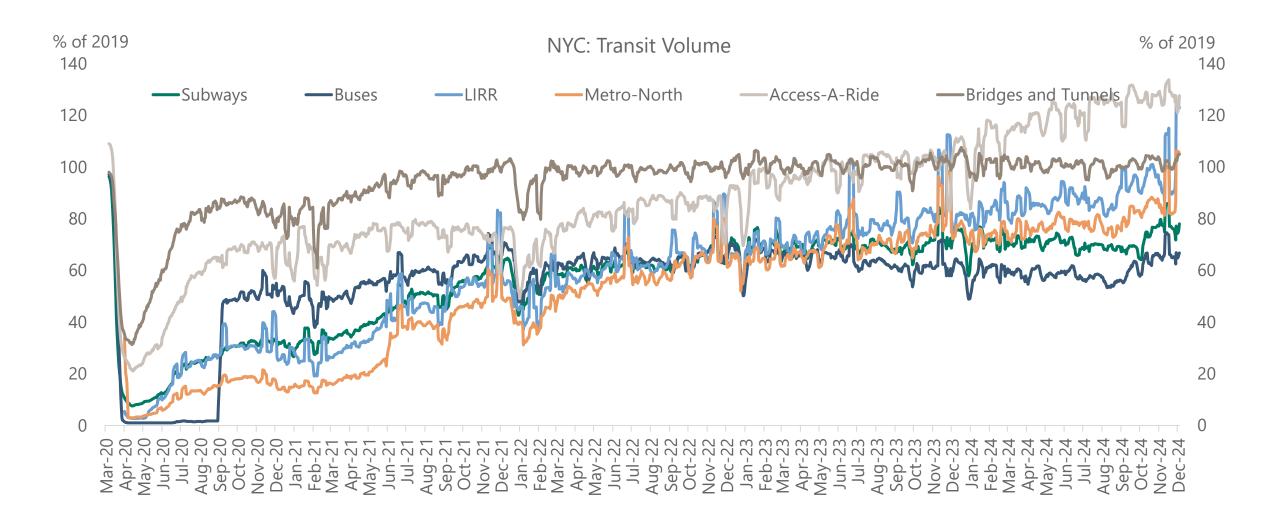


Financial conditions today are easier than when the Fed started raising interest rates



Source: Bloomberg, Apollo Chief Economist. 32

#### Daily NYC mobility indicators

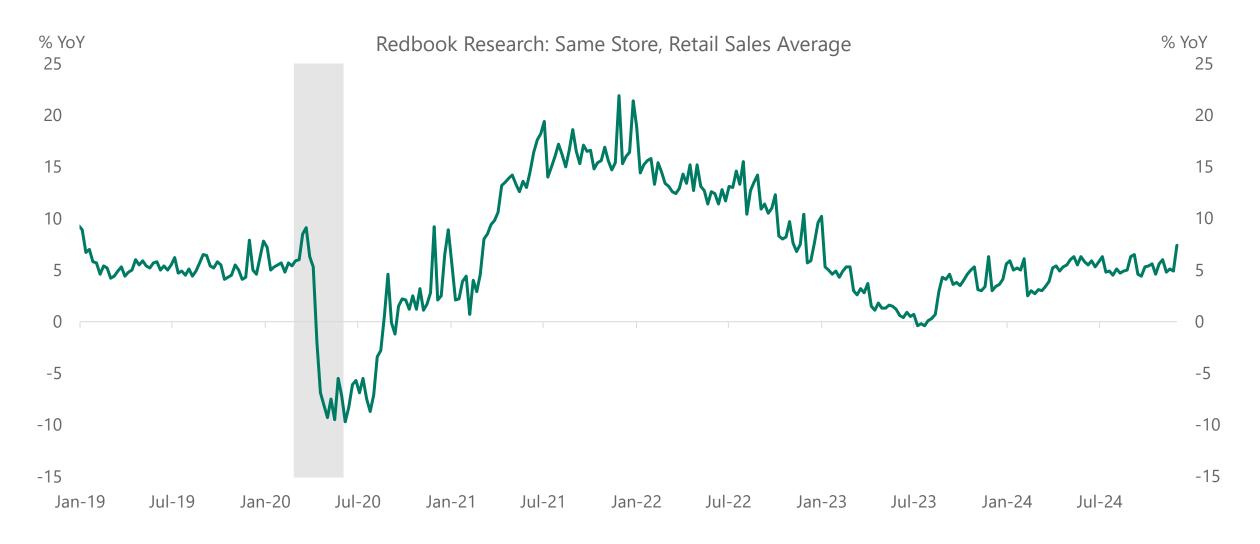


Source: MTA, Apollo Chief Economist

### APOLLO

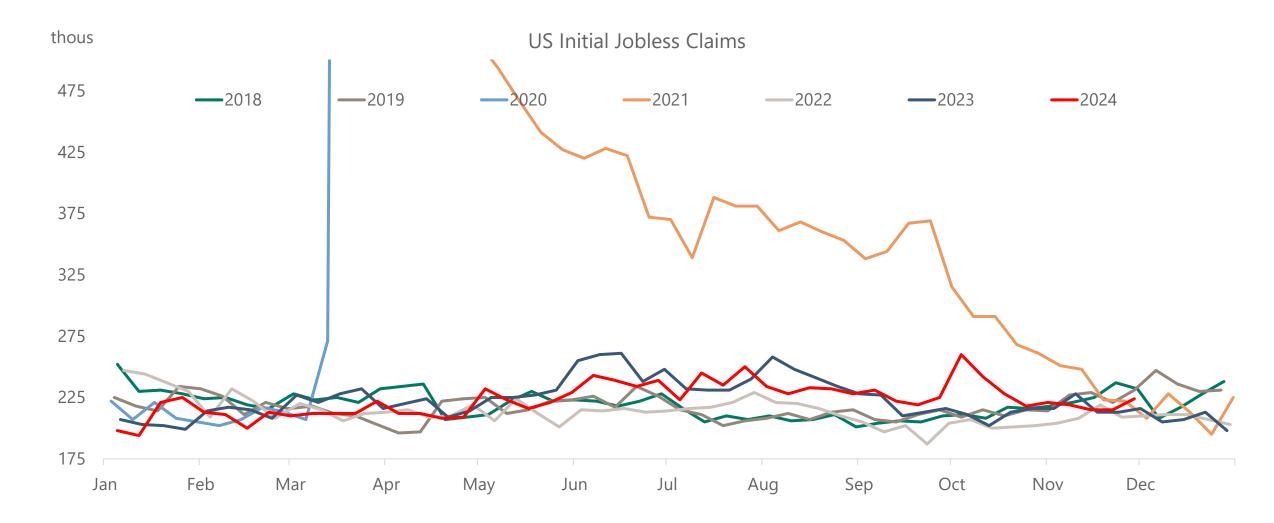
Weekly data

#### Weekly data for same-store retail sales



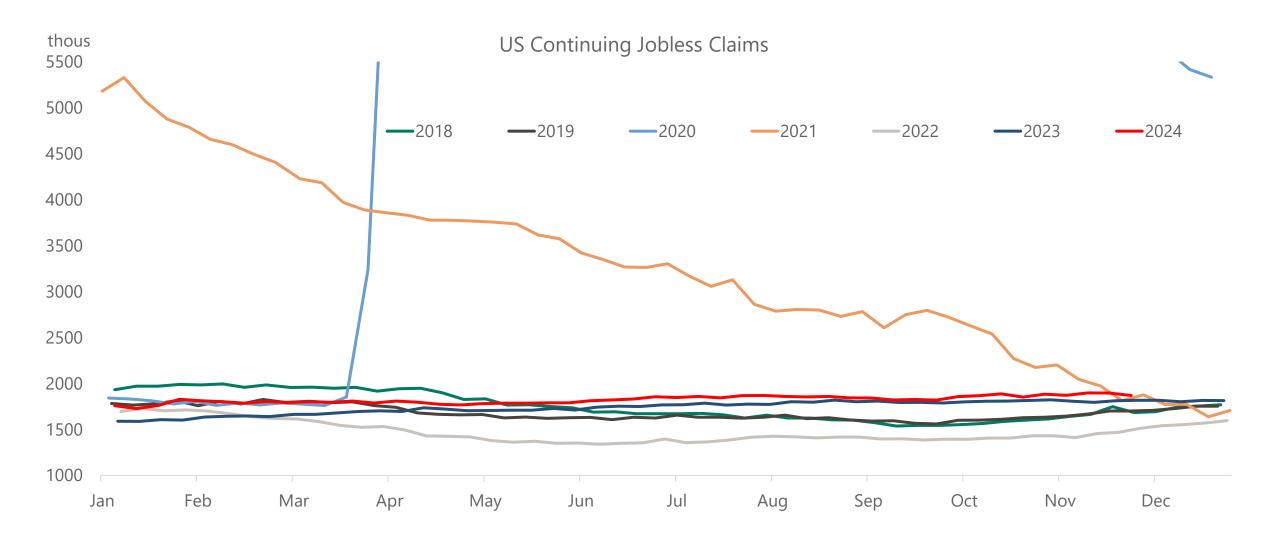
Source: Redbook, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

### Weekly initial jobless claims



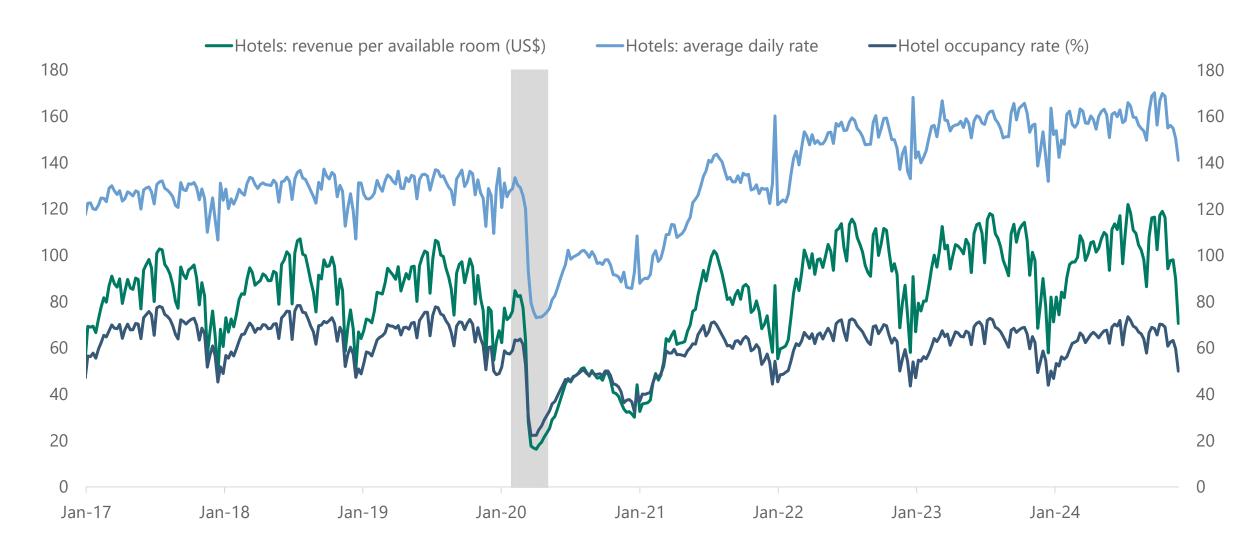
Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Apollo Chief Economist.

## Weekly continuing jobless claims



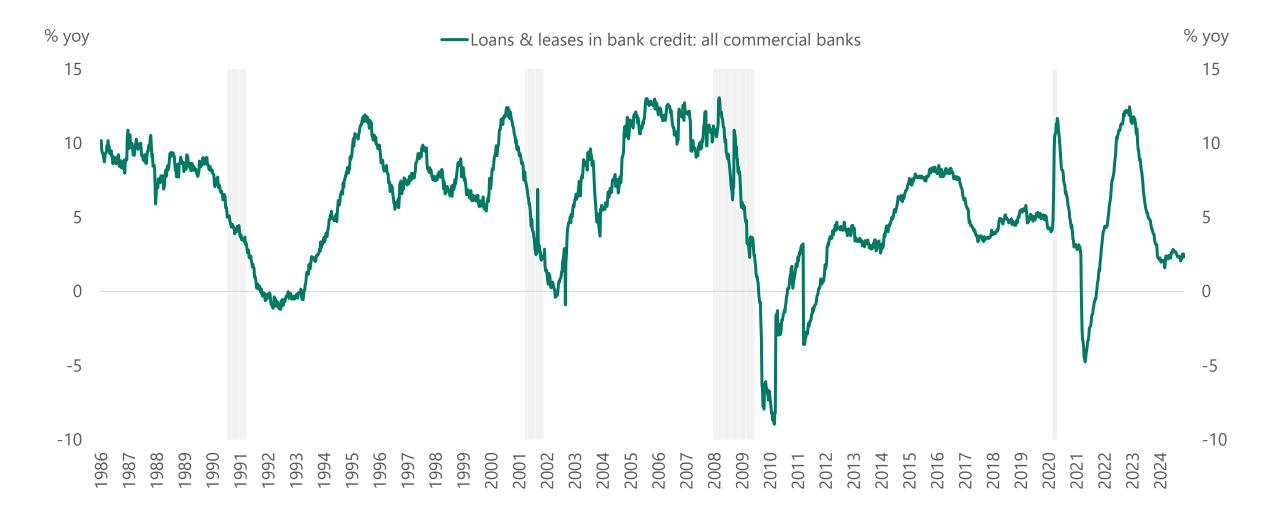
Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Apollo Chief Economist.

## Weekly data for hotel demand



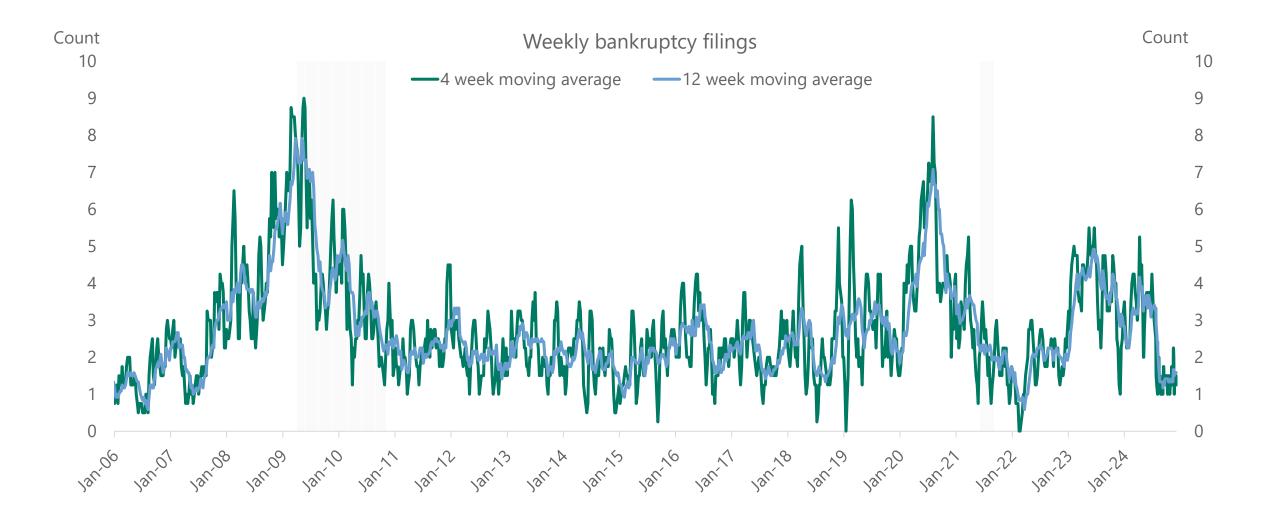
Source: STR, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

## Weekly loan growth for banks

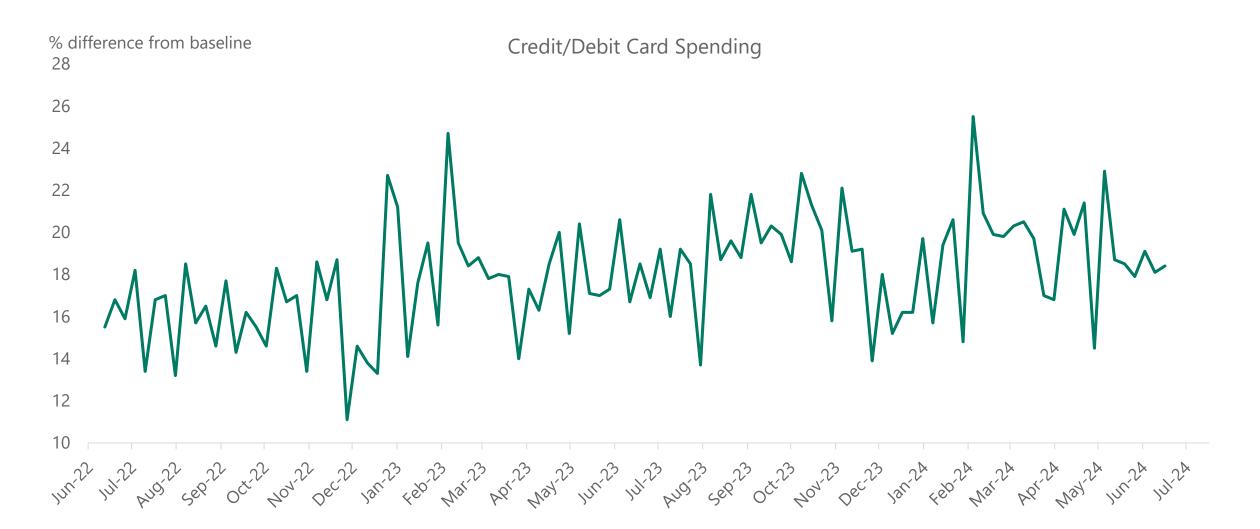


Source: FRB, Haver, Apollo Chief Economist

## Weekly bankruptcy filings

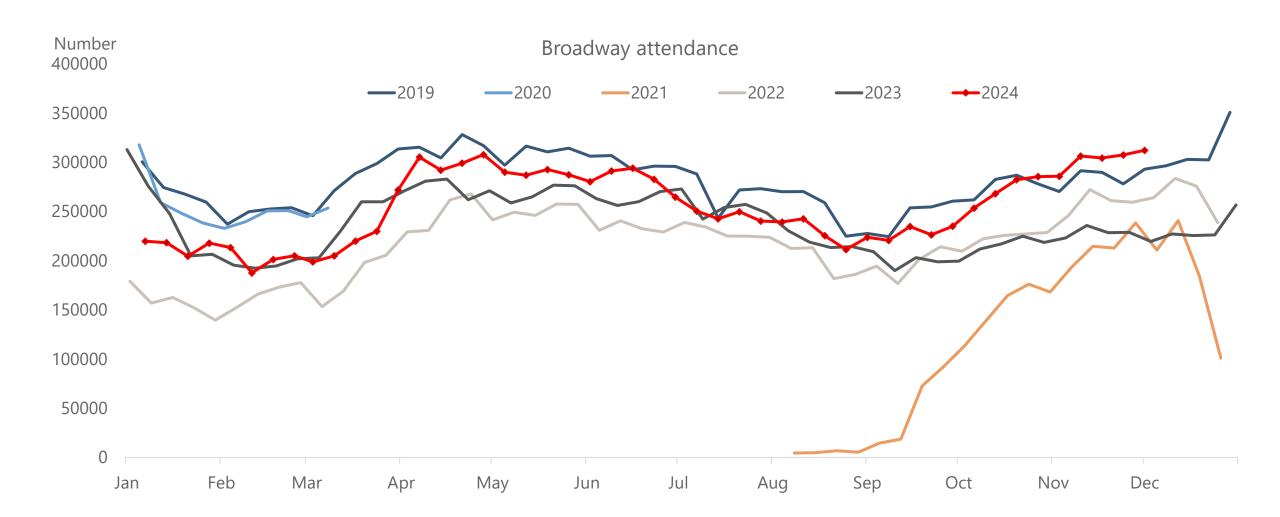


## Weekly credit and debit card spending



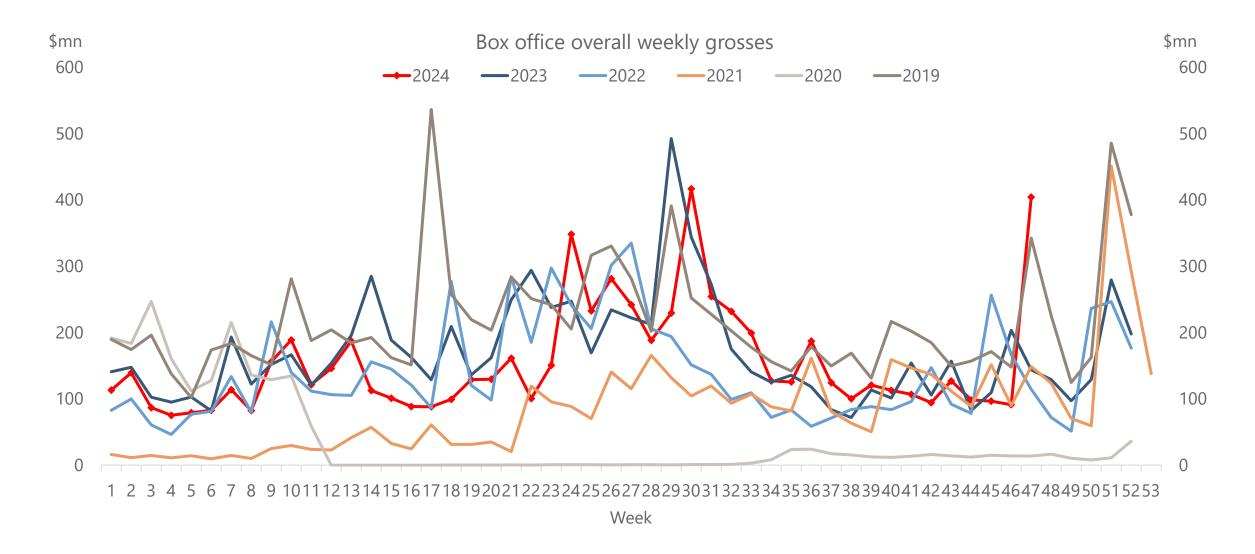
42

## Weekly Broadway show attendance



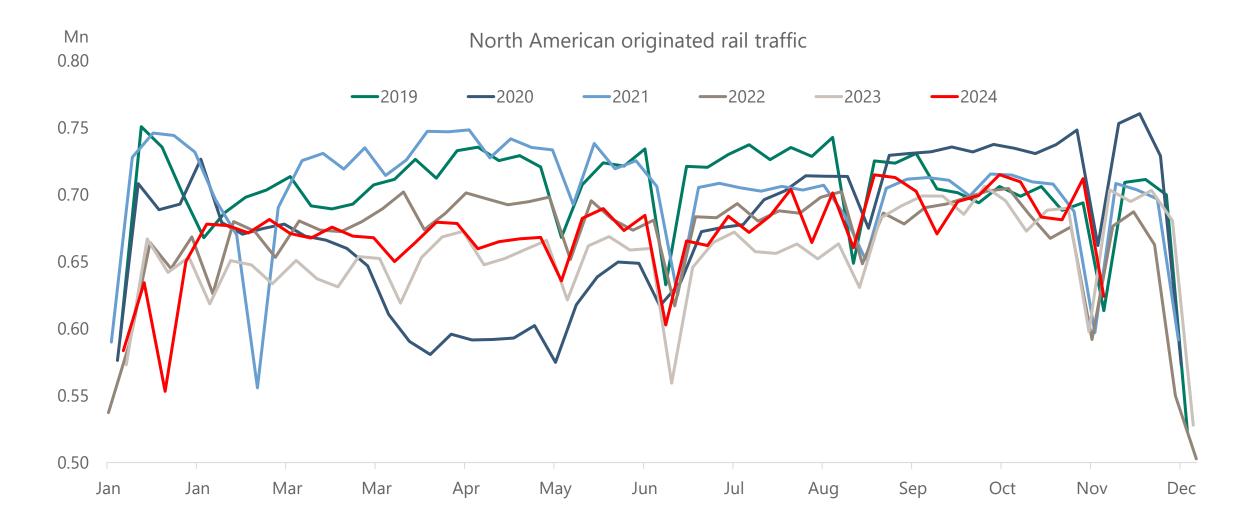
Source: Internet Broadway Database, Apollo Chief Economist

## Weekly movie theatre visits



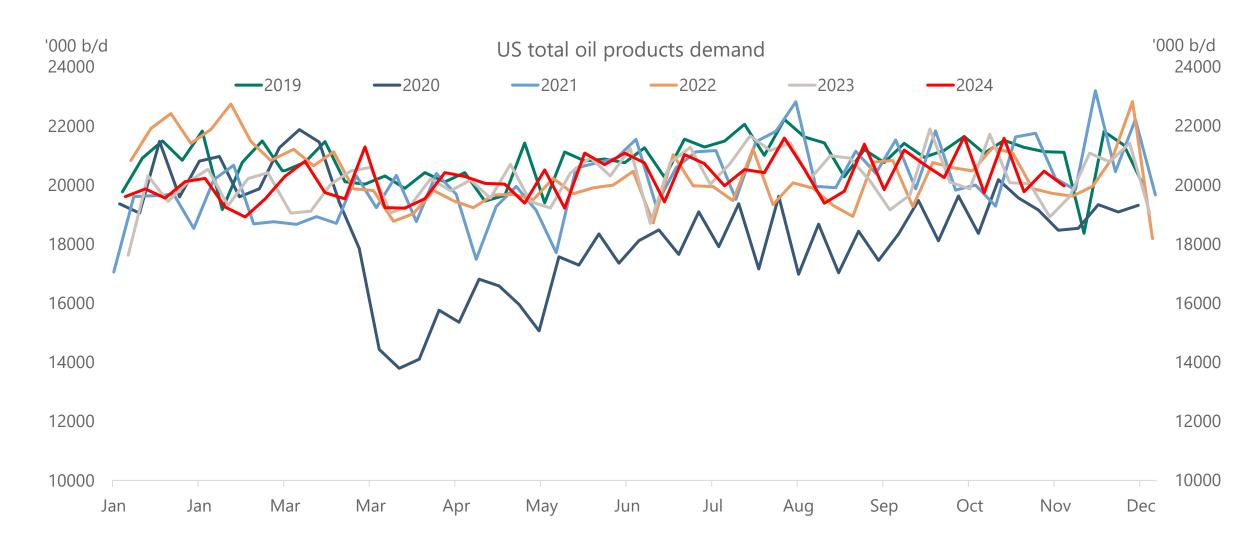
Source: Boxofficemojo.com, Apollo Chief Economist

#### Rail traffic volumes



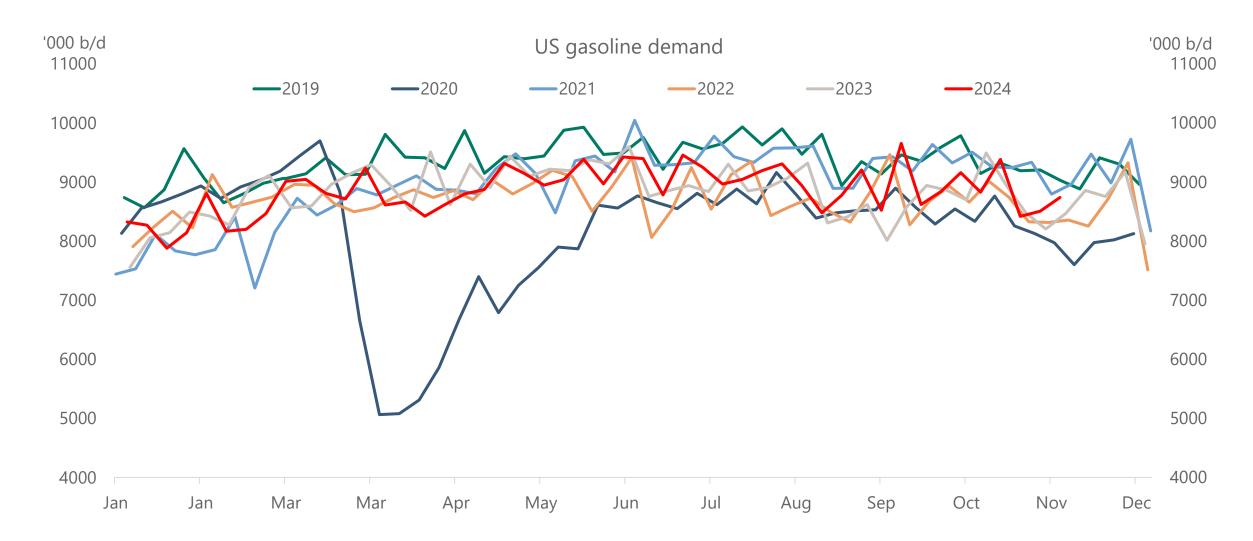
Source: AAR, Bloomberg, Apollo Chief Economist

## Weekly oil demand



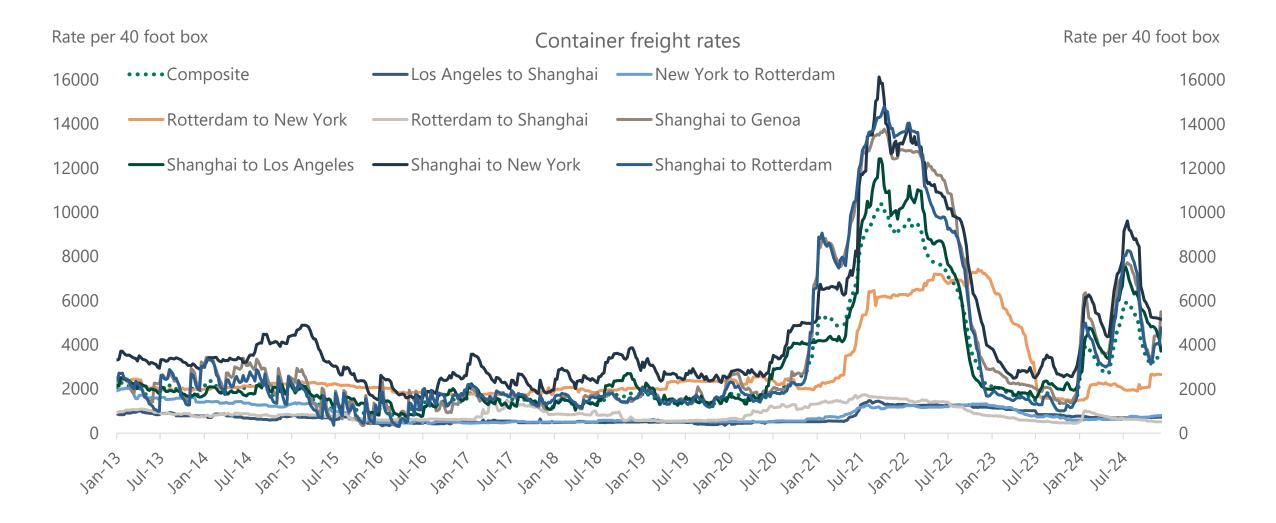
Source: Department of Energy, Bloomberg, Apollo Chief Economist

## Weekly gasoline demand



Source: Department of Energy, Bloomberg, Apollo Chief Economist

## Weekly container freight rates

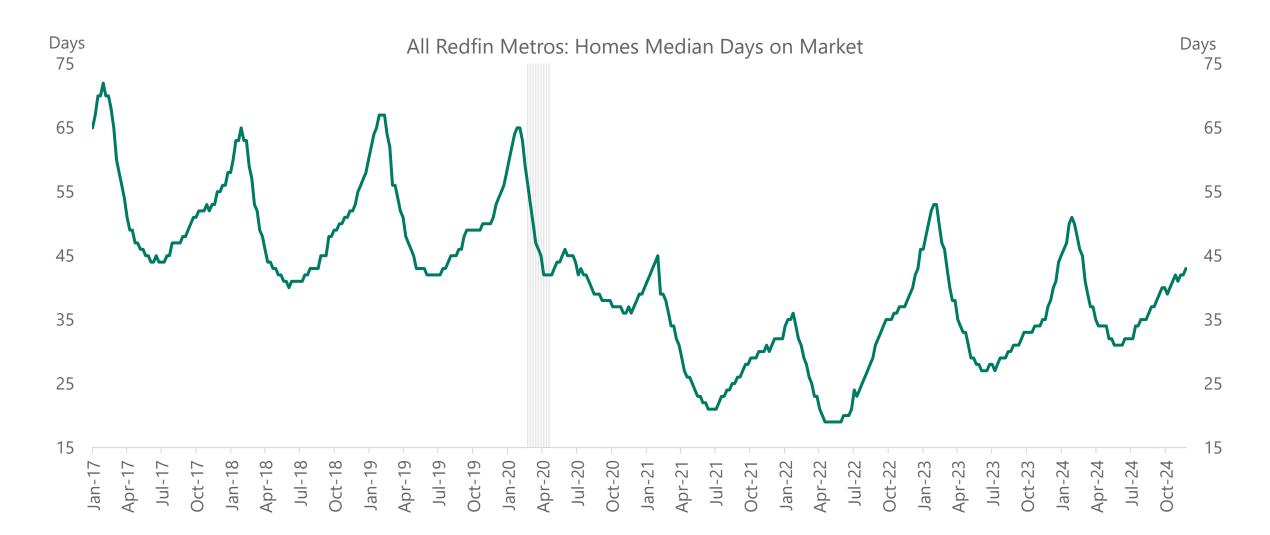


Source: WCI, Bloomberg, Apollo Chief Economist 47

## China: Containerized freight index

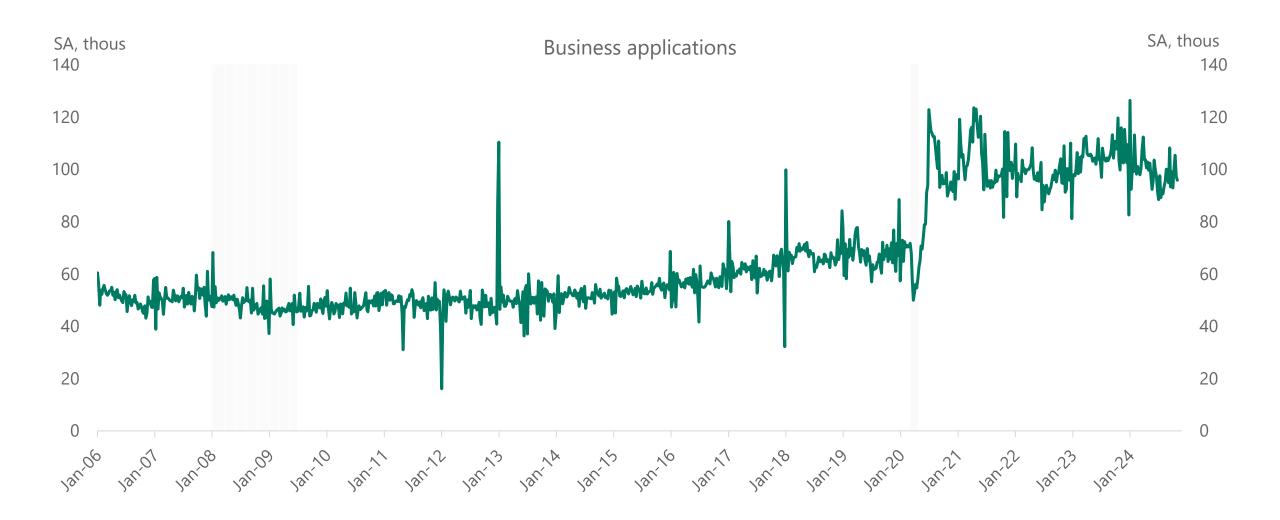


#### Homes for sale: Median days on the market



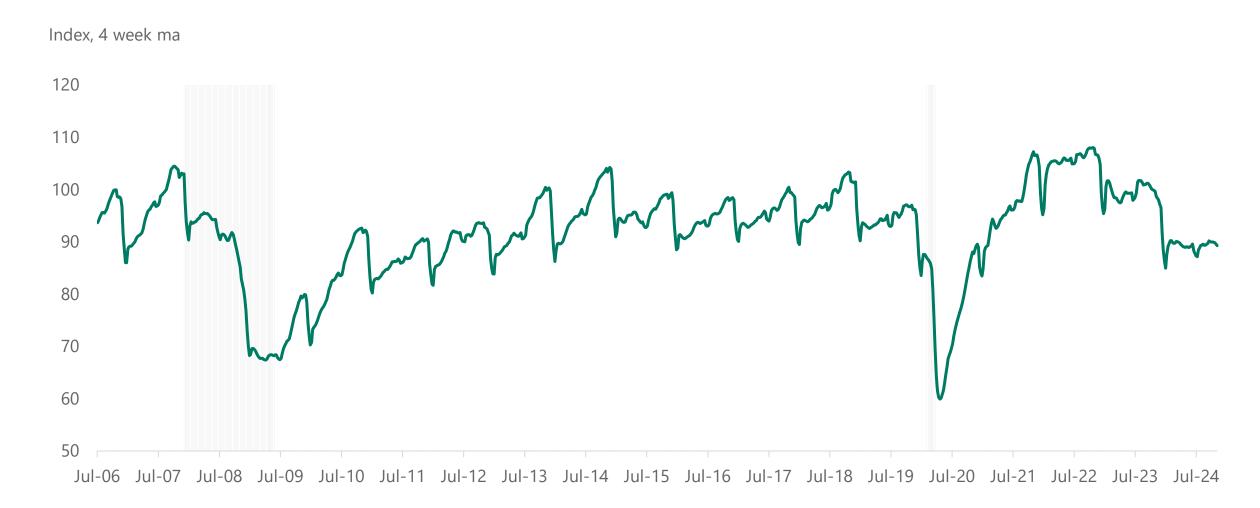
Source: Redfin, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist

## Weekly business formation statistics

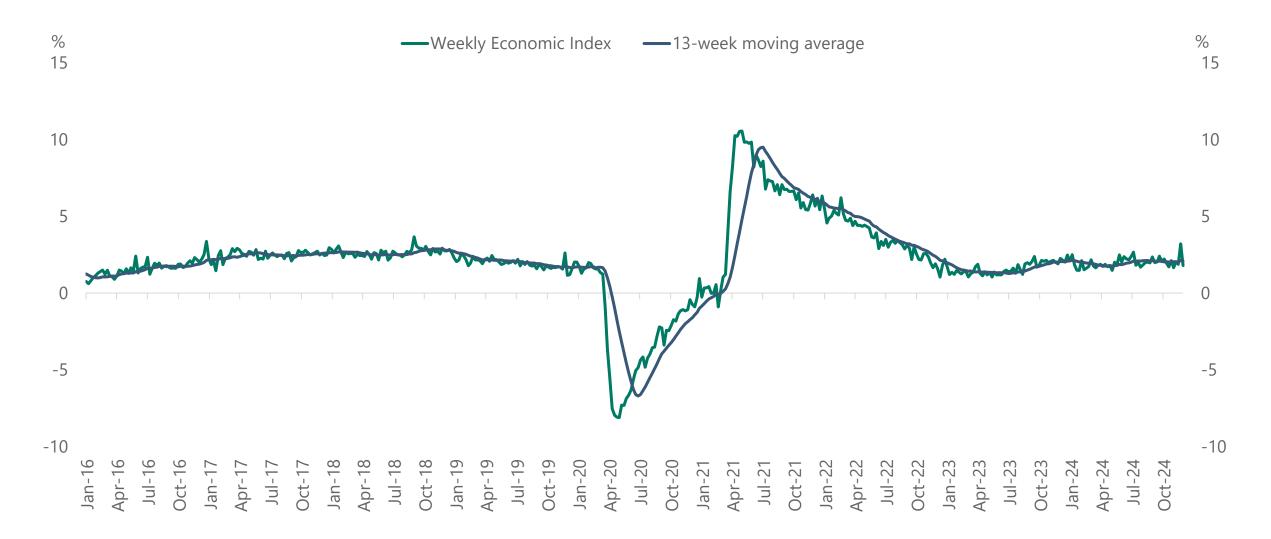


Source: Census, Haver Analytics, Apollo Chief Economist 50

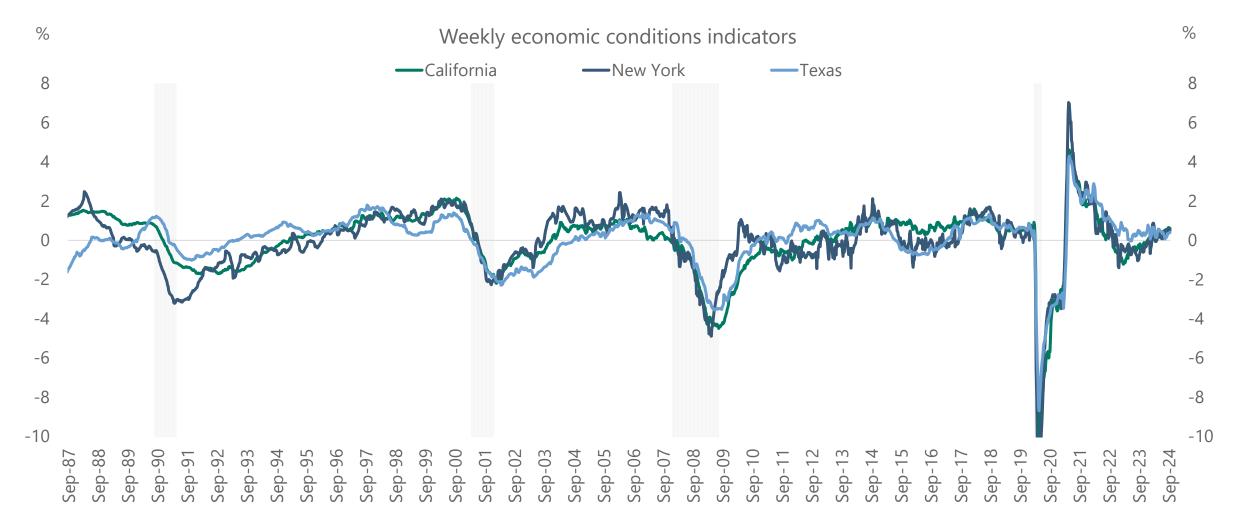
## Weekly ASA temp worker staffing index



## The Fed's Weekly Economic Index, measured in GDP units

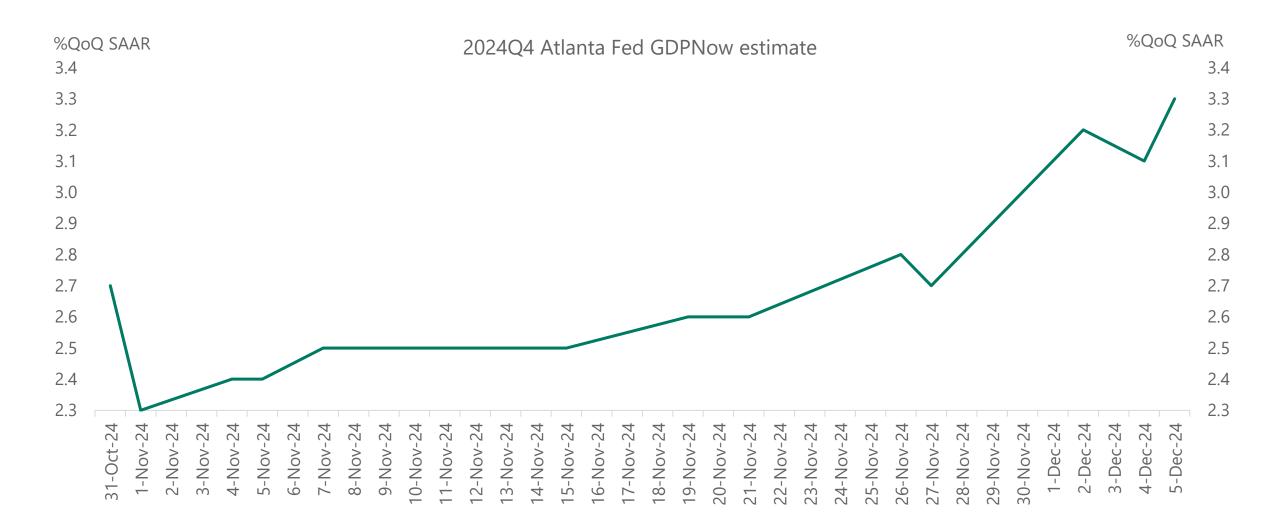


## Weekly economic indicators for New York, California, and Texas trending higher

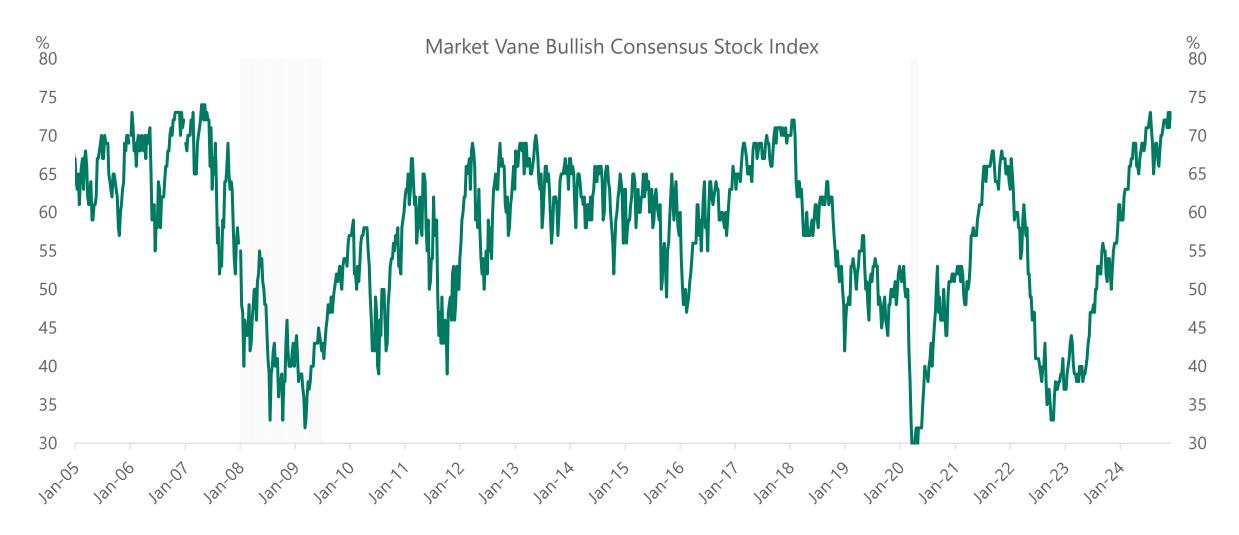


Source:Baumeister, Christiane, Danilo Leiva-Leon, and Eric Sims (2024), "Tracking Weekly State-Level Economic Conditions, "Review of Economics and Statistics, 106(2), 483-504., Apollo Chief Economist. Note: The economic conditions indices are computed with mixed-frequency dynamic factor models with weekly, monthly, and quarterly variables that cover multiple dimensions of state economies. The indices are scaled to 4-quarter growth rates of U.S. real GDP and normalized such that a value of zero indicates national long-run growth.

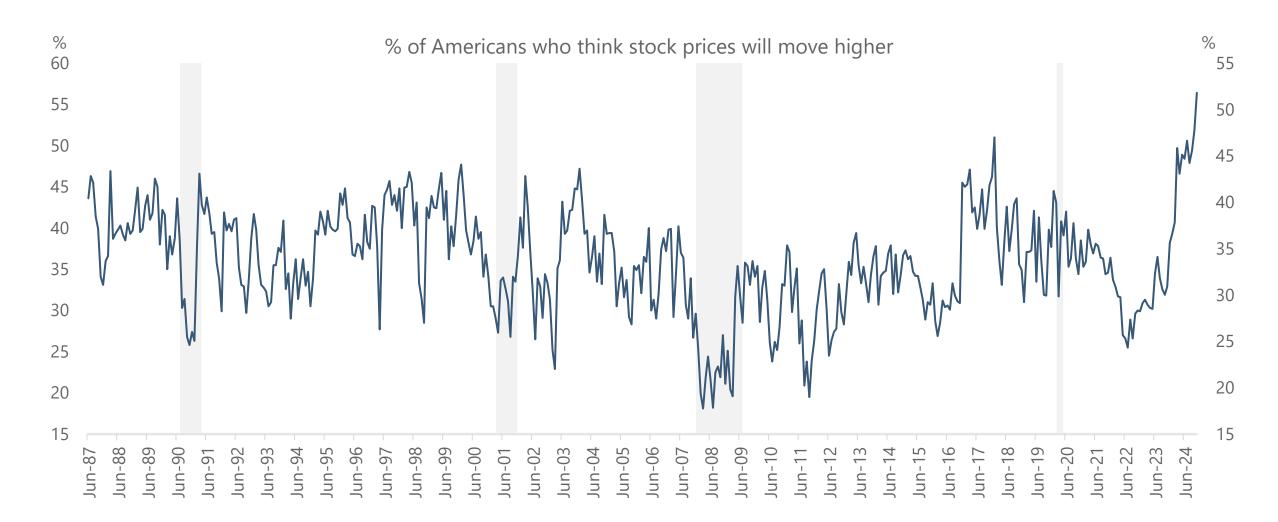
#### 2024 Q4 GDP estimate from Atlanta Fed: 3.3%



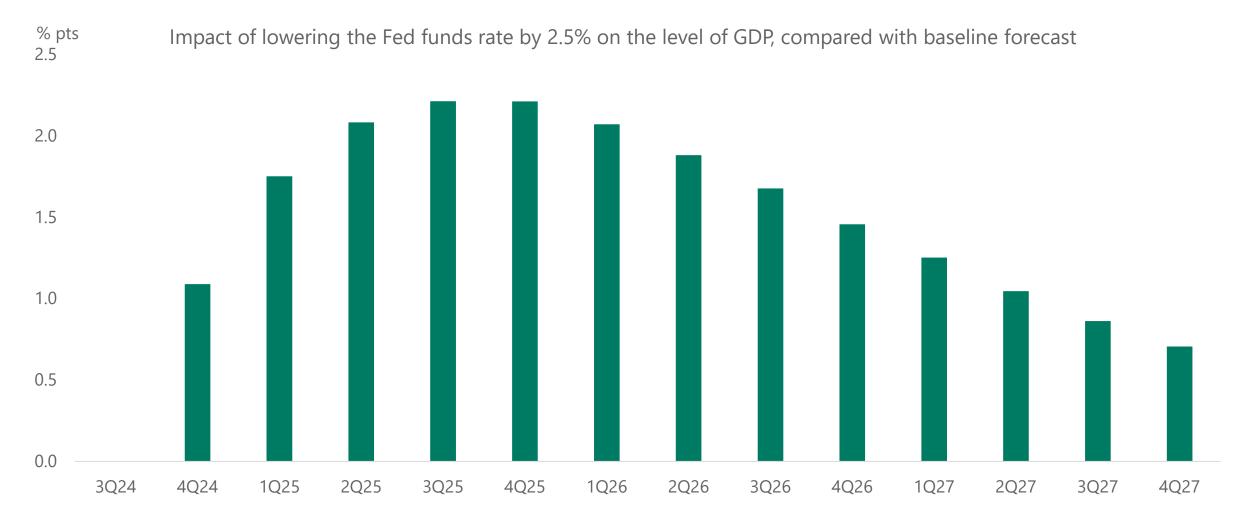
#### Weekly bullish consensus stock index



## A record high 56.4% of Americans think stock prices will move higher

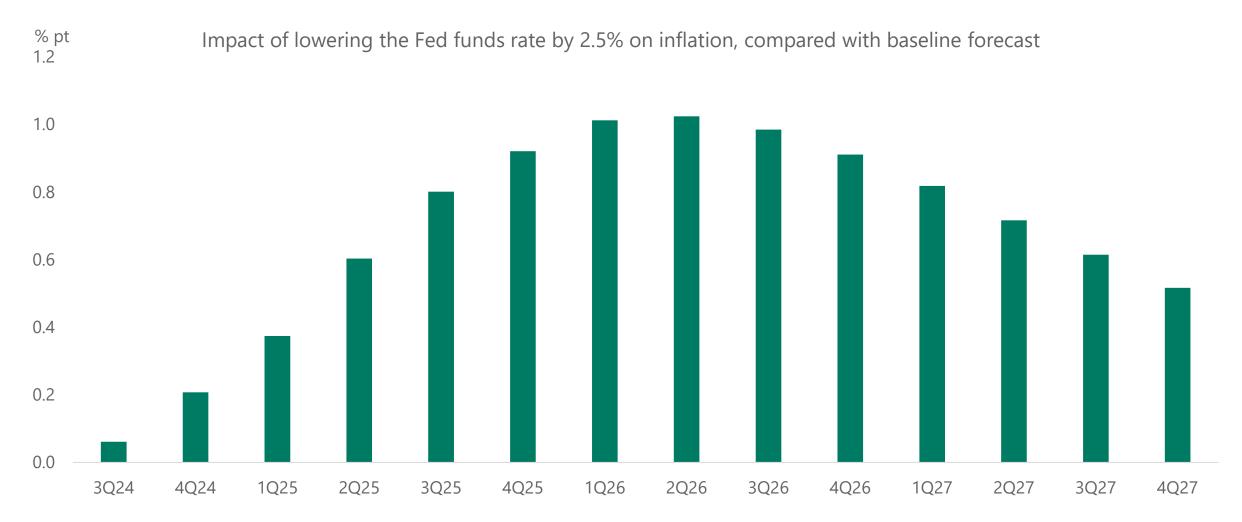


## Fed normalizing interest rates to 3% will boost GDP by 2.2%



Source: Bloomberg SHOK Model, Apollo Chief Economist. Note: Monetary policy shock: 100bps decline in the Fed funds rate and Fed forward guidance signaling that another 150bps of cuts are coming (to ultimately bring the Fed funds rate down to the Fed's estimate of r-star at 3%).

## Fed normalizing interest rates to 3% will boost inflation by 1%



Source: Bloomberg SHOK Model, Apollo Chief Economist. Note: Monetary policy shock: 100bps decline in the Fed funds rate and Fed forward guidance signaling that another 150bps of cuts are coming (to ultimately bring the Fed funds rate down to the Fed's estimate of r-star at 3%).



# Torsten Slok, Ph.D.

Chief Economist

Apollo Global Management
tslok@apollo.com

Torsten Slok joined Apollo in August 2020 as Chief Economist and he leads Apollo's macroeconomic and market analysis across the platform.

Prior to joining, Mr. Slok worked for 15 years as Chief Economist at Deutsche Bank where his team was top ranked in the annual Institutional Investor survey for a decade. Prior to joining Deutsche Bank Mr. Slok worked at the IMF in Washington, DC and at the OECD in Paris.

Mr. Slok has a Ph.D in Economics and has studied at the University of Copenhagen and Princeton University.